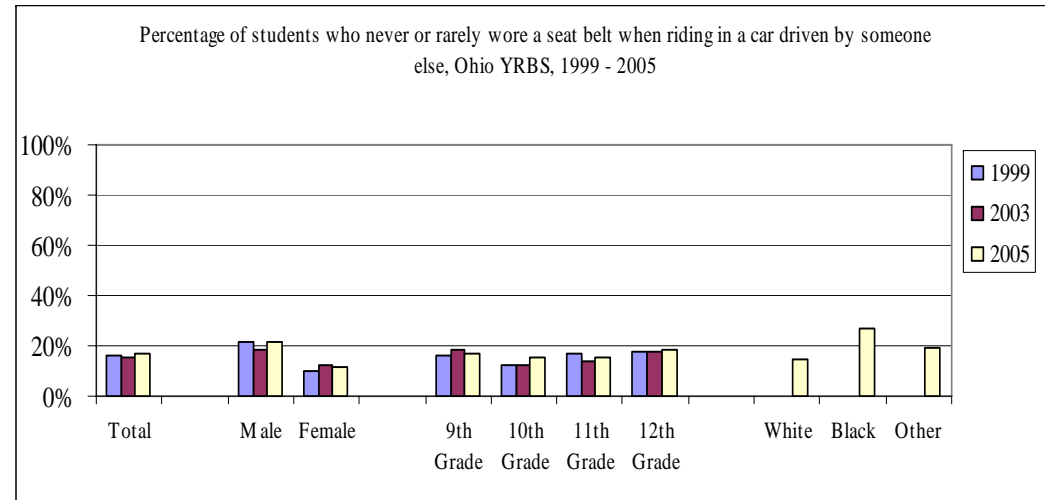


• Injury: Seat Belt Usage--Passenger

Q8 How often do you wear a seat belt when riding in a car driven by someone else?

- **In 2005, most students reported wearing seat belts when riding in a car driven by someone else.**
 - 16.5 percent of students reported never or rarely wearing a seat belt when riding in a car driven by someone else.
 - Males (21.5 percent) were significantly more likely than females (11.4 percent) to never or rarely wear a seat belt when riding in a car driven by someone else.
 - Black students (26.7 percent) were significantly more likely than white students (14.6 percent) to never or rarely wear seat belts when riding in a car driven by someone else.
 - There was no significant difference in seat belt usage by grade level.
- **There was no significant difference in wearing a seat belt between 1999 and 2005.**



• **Injury: Seat Belt Usage--Driver**

Q9 How often do you wear a seat belt when driving a car?

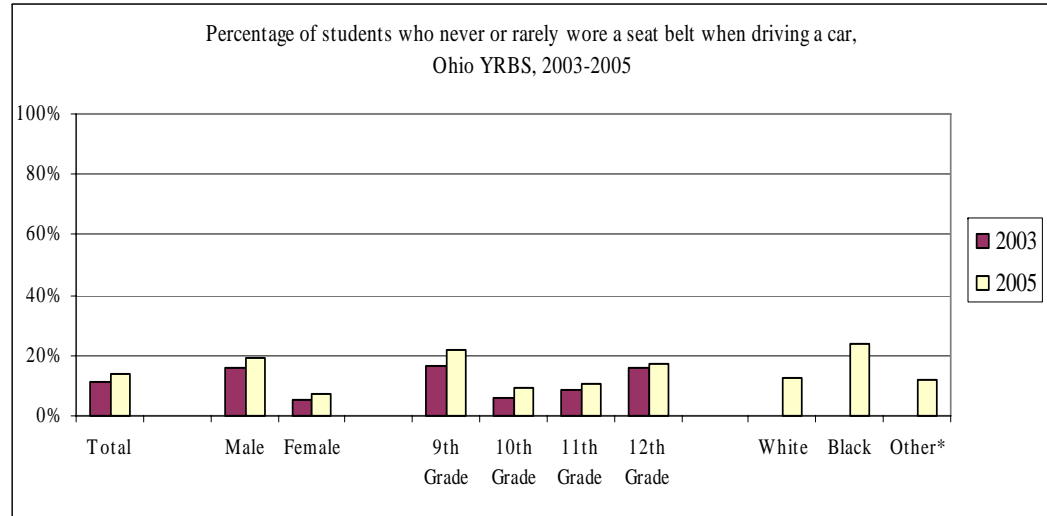
• **In 2005, most students reported wearing seat belts when driving a car.**

- 13.6 percent of students reported never or rarely wearing a seat belt when driving a car.
- Significantly more males (19.3 percent) than females (7.2 percent) reported never or rarely wearing a seat belt when driving a car.
- There were no significant differences in seat belt usage when driving a car by grade level or race

• **There was no significant difference between 2003 and 2005.**

• **This question was not asked in 1999.**

• This calculation excludes those students who do not drive.

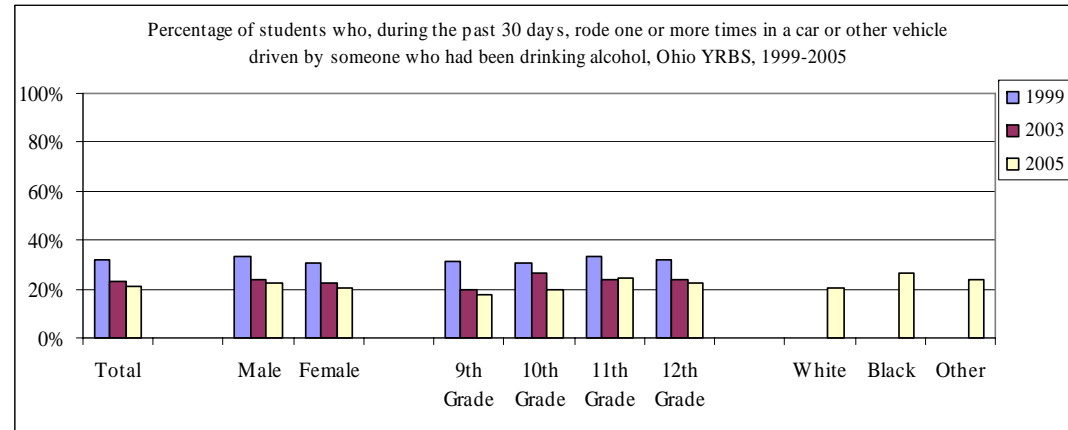


* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

• Injury: Drinking & Driving--Passenger

Q10 During the past 30 days, how many times did you ride in a car or other vehicle driven by someone who had been drinking alcohol?

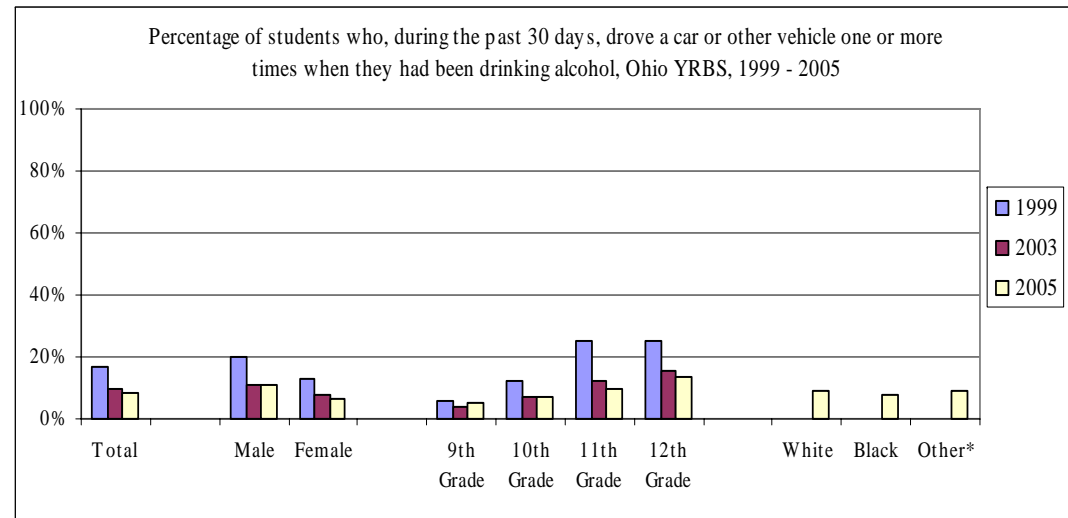
- **In 2005, most students reported that they do not ride with drivers who have been drinking.**
 - 21.3 percent of students reported that in the last 30 days they rode with a driver who had been drinking alcohol.
 - There were no significant differences in riding with a driver who had been drinking alcohol by gender, grade level or race.
- **Significantly fewer students reported riding with a driver who had been drinking alcohol in 2005 (21.3 percent) than in 1999 (32 percent).**
 - When compared to 1999, significant decreases were observed in 2005 for both males and females, as well as students in the ninth and 10th grades
 - There was no significant difference between 2003 and 2005



• Injury: Drinking & Driving--Driver

Q11 During the past 30 days, how many times did you drive a car or other vehicle when you had been drinking alcohol?

- **In 2005, most students reported that they do not drive after drinking alcohol.**
 - 8.6 percent of students reported driving a car in the past 30 days one or more times when they had been drinking alcohol.
 - There were no significant differences in driving after drinking alcohol by gender, grade level or race
- **Significantly fewer students reported driving after drinking in 2005 (8.6 percent) than 1999 (17 percent).**
 - Significant differences were also observed for males and females, as well as students in the 11th and 12th grades.
 - There was no significant difference between 2003 and 2005.



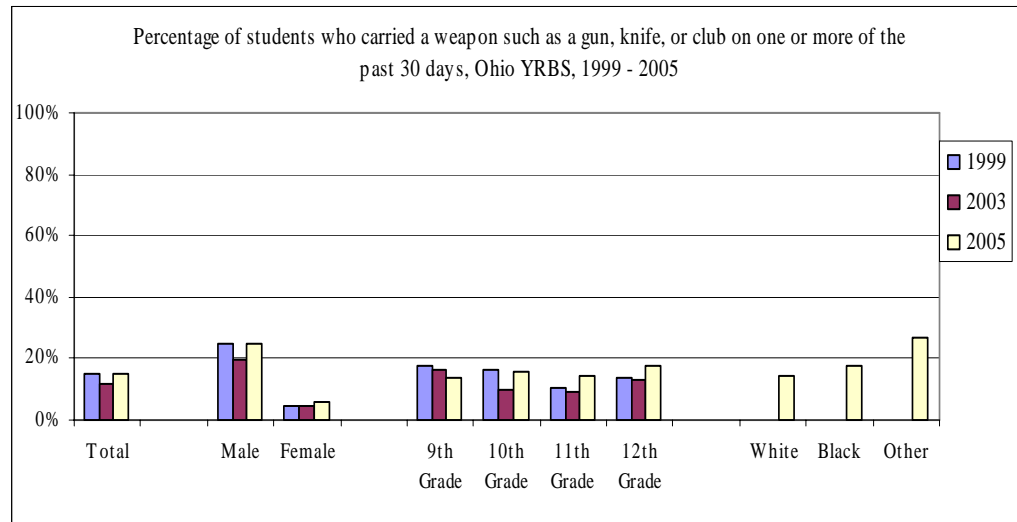
* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

• **Violence: Weapon Carrying**

Q12 During the past 30 days, on how many days did you carry a weapon such as a gun, knife or club?

- **In 2005, most students reported that they do not carry weapons.**
 - 15.2 percent of students reported carrying a weapon such as a gun, knife or club on one or more of the past 30 days.
 - Significantly more males (24.6 percent) than females (5.6 percent) reported carrying a weapon.
 - There were no significant differences in carrying a weapon by grade level or race.

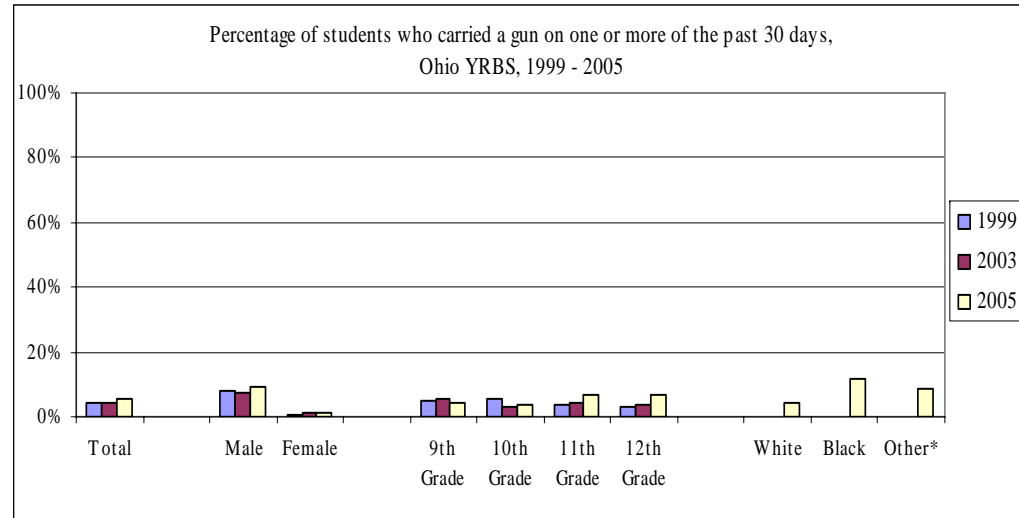
- **There was no significant difference in weapon carrying between 1999 and 2005.**



● **Violence: Weapon Carrying--Guns**

Q13 During the past 30 days, on how many days did you carry a gun?

- **In 2005, most students reported that they did not carry a gun.**
 - 5.3 percent of students reported carrying a gun on one or more of the past 30 days.
 - Significantly more males (9.4 percent) than females (1.0 percent) reported carrying a gun.
 - There were no significant differences in carrying a gun by grade level or race.
- **There were no significant differences in carrying a gun between 1999 and 2005.**

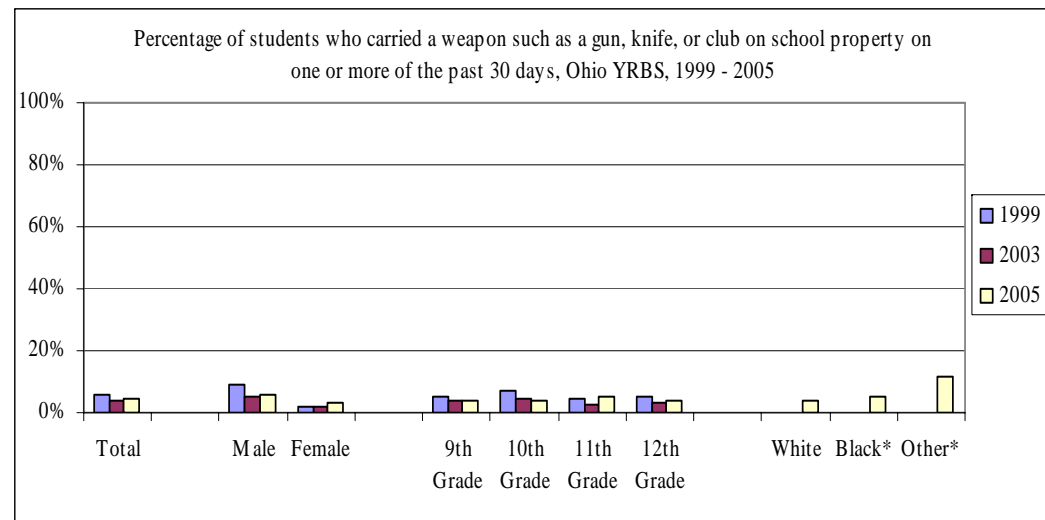


* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

• Violence: Weapon Carrying--School Property

Q14 During the past 30 days, on how many days did you carry a weapon such as a gun, knife or club on school property?

- **In 2005, most students reported that they did not carry a weapon on school property.**
 - 4.4 percent of students reported carrying a weapon on school property on one or more of the past 30 days.
 - There were no significant differences in weapon carrying on school property by gender or grade level.
- **There were no significant differences in weapon carrying on school property between 1999 and 2005.**

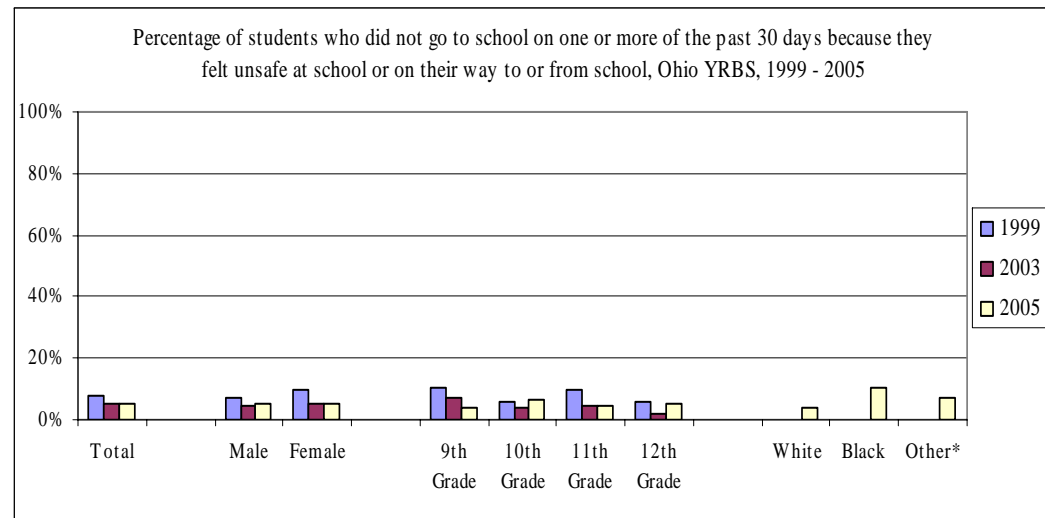


* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

• Violence: Feeling Safe on School Property

Q15 During the past 30 days, on how many days did you not go to school because you felt you would be unsafe at school or on your way to or from school?

- **In 2005, most students reported that they feel safe at school and on their way to and from school.**
 - 5.1 percent of students reported not going to school on one or more of the past 30 days because they felt unsafe at school or on their way to or from school.
 - There were no significant differences in feeling safe by gender or grade level.
 - Significantly more black students (10.1 percent) than white students (4.1 percent) did not go to school because they felt unsafe at school or on their way to or from school.
- **There were no significant differences in feeling safe between 1999 and 2005.**



* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

• Violence: Harassment or Bullying on School Property

Q21 During the past 12 months, how many times have you been harassed or bullied by other students?

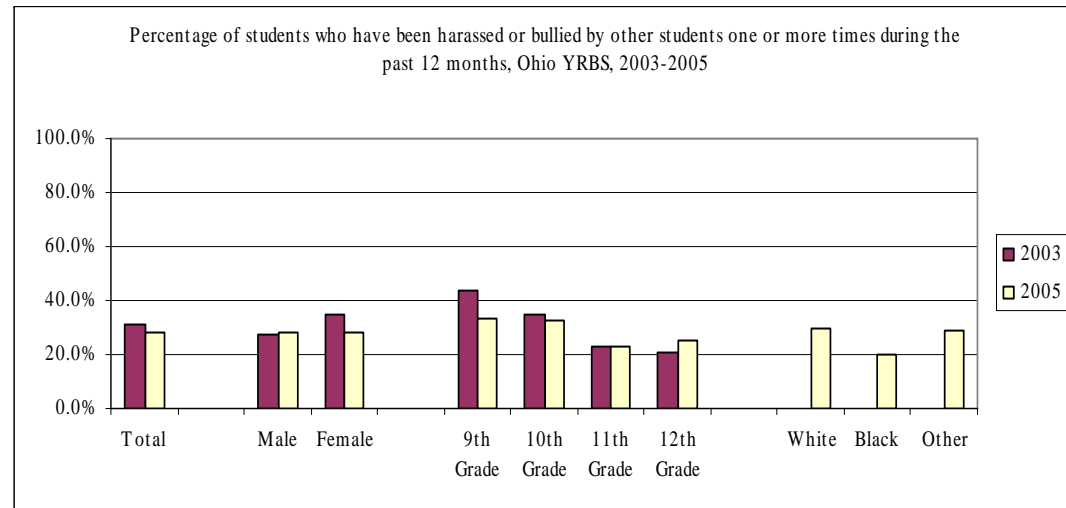
- **In 2005, almost one-third of students reported that they were harassed or bullied by other students.**

- 28.4 percent of students reported being harassed or bullied by other students one or more times during the past 12 months.
- Students in the ninth grade (33.1 percent) were significantly more likely to report having been harassed or bullied by other students than students in the 11th grade (22.9 percent).
- There was no significant difference in the percent of students who reported having been harassed or bullied by gender or race.

- **There was no significant difference in the overall percent of students who were harassed or bullied between 2003 and 2005.**

- A significant decrease from 2003 to 2005 was observed in students in the ninth grade (43.7 percent to 33.1 percent) who reported having been bullied by other students.

- **This question was not asked in 1999.**

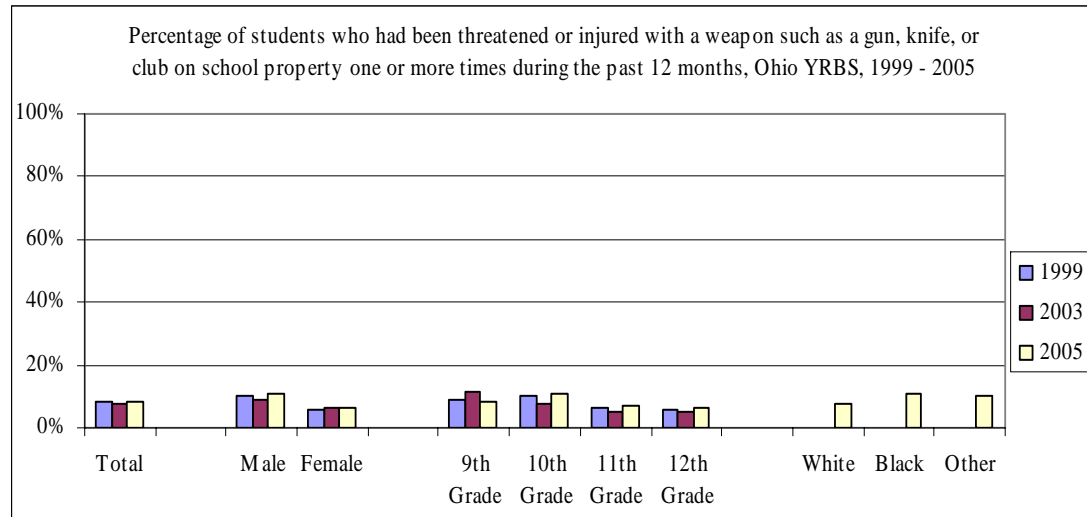


● **Violence: Threatened by a Weapon on School Property**

Q16 During the past 12 months, how many times has someone threatened or injured you with a weapon such as a gun, knife or club on school property?

- **In 2005, most students reported that they were not threatened or injured with a weapon on school property.**
 - 8.2 percent of students reported being threatened or injured with a weapon on school property one or more times during the past 12 months.
 - There were no significant differences in having been threatened or injured with a weapon by gender, grade level or race.

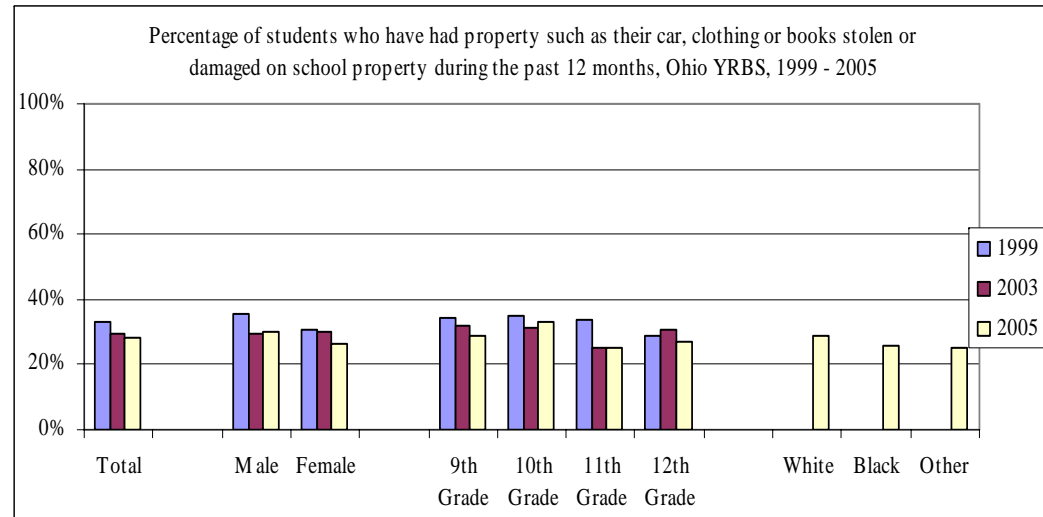
- **There were no significant differences in being threatened or injured with a weapon between 1999 and 2005.**



● **Violence: Property Stolen/Damaged on School Property**

Q17 During the past 12 months, how many times has someone stolen or deliberately damaged your property such as your car, clothing or books on school property?

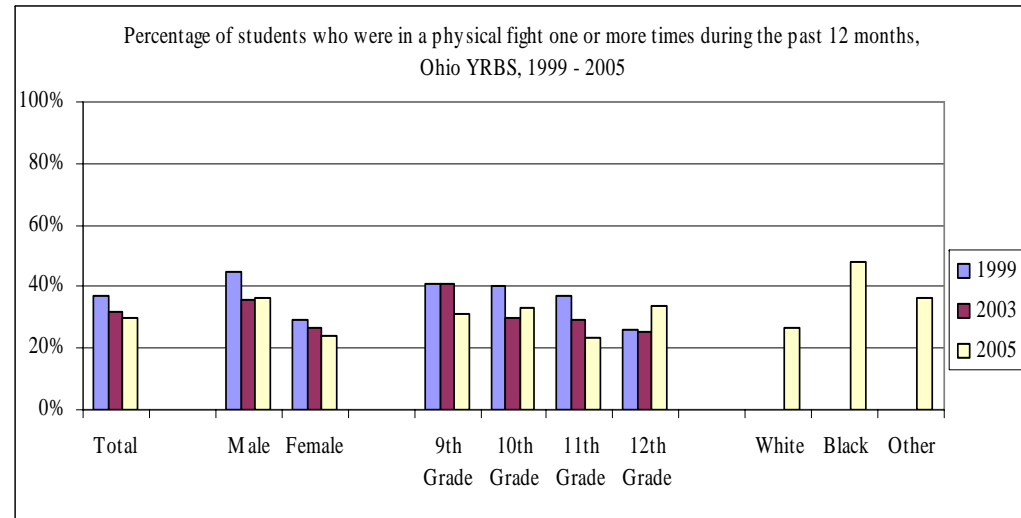
- **In 2005, almost one-third of students reported having property stolen or deliberately damaged on school property.**
 - 28.3 percent of students reported having had property stolen or damaged on school property one or more times during the past 12 months.
 - There were no significant differences in the percentage of students who had property stolen or deliberately damaged by gender, grade level or race.
- **A significant decrease was observed between 1999 (33.1 percent) and 2005 (28.3 percent) in the percentage of students who had property stolen or deliberately damaged on school property.**



• Violence: Physical Fighting

Q18 During the past 12 months, how many times were you in a physical fight?

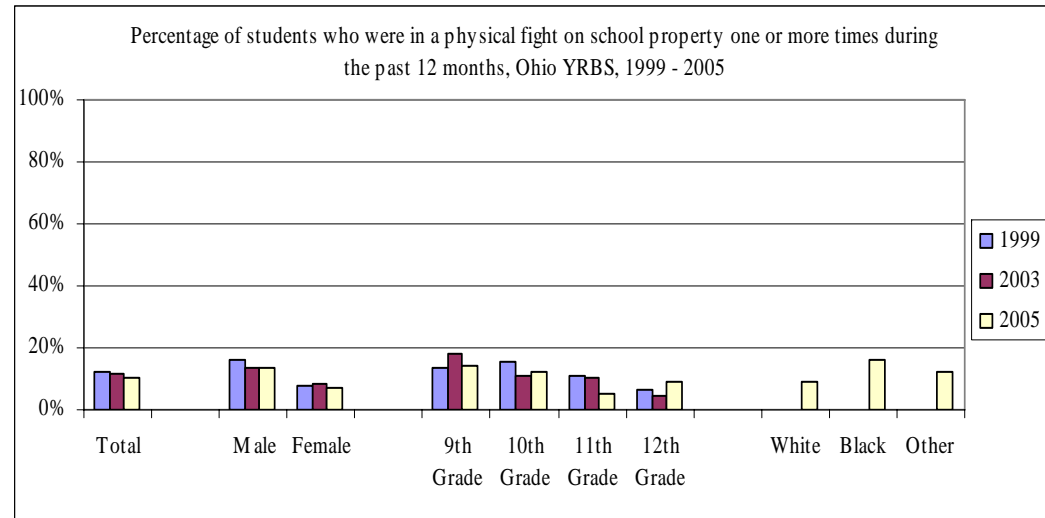
- **In 2005, almost one-third of students reported being involved in physical fighting.**
 - 30.2 percent of students reported having been in a physical fight one or more times during the past 12 months.
 - Males (36.4 percent) were significantly more likely to be in a physical fight than females (23.7 percent).
 - Black students (48.3 percent) were significantly more likely to be involved in fights than white students (26.8 percent).
 - There was no significant difference between grade levels.
- **There were no significant differences overall in physical fighting between 1999 and 2005.**
 - The percentage of males involved in a physical fight significantly decreased from 1999 (45.0 percent) to 2005 (36.4 percent).
 - The percentage of students in the 11th grade involved in a physical fight significantly decreased from 1999 (37.3 percent) to 2005 (23.1 percent).



• Violence: Physical Fighting on School Property

Q19 During the past 12 months, how many times were you in a physical fight on school property?

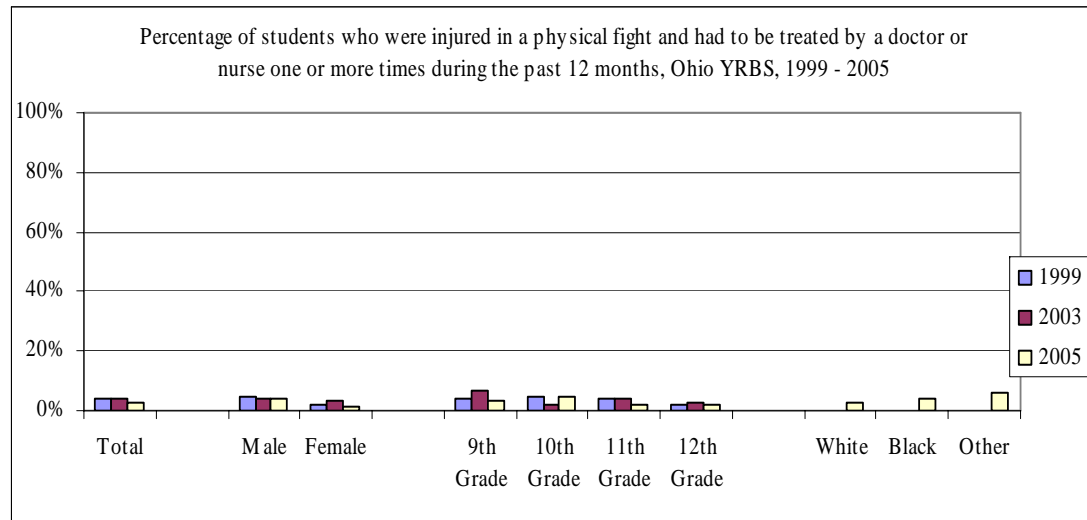
- **In 2005, most students reported they did not fight on school property.**
 - 10.2 percent of students reported having been in a physical fight on school property one or more times during the past 12 months.
 - Males (13.5 percent) were significantly more likely than females (6.9 percent) to be involved in fights on school property.
 - Students in the 9th (13.9 percent) and 10th (12.5 percent) grades were significantly more likely than those in 11th grade (5.0 percent) to be involved in fights on school property.
 - There was no significant difference in the percentage of students involved in a fight on school property by race.
- **There were no significant differences in physical fighting on school property between 1999 and 2005.**



● **Violence: Physical Fighting--Injury**

Q20 During the past 12 months, how many times were you in a physical fight in which you were injured and had to be treated by a doctor or nurse?

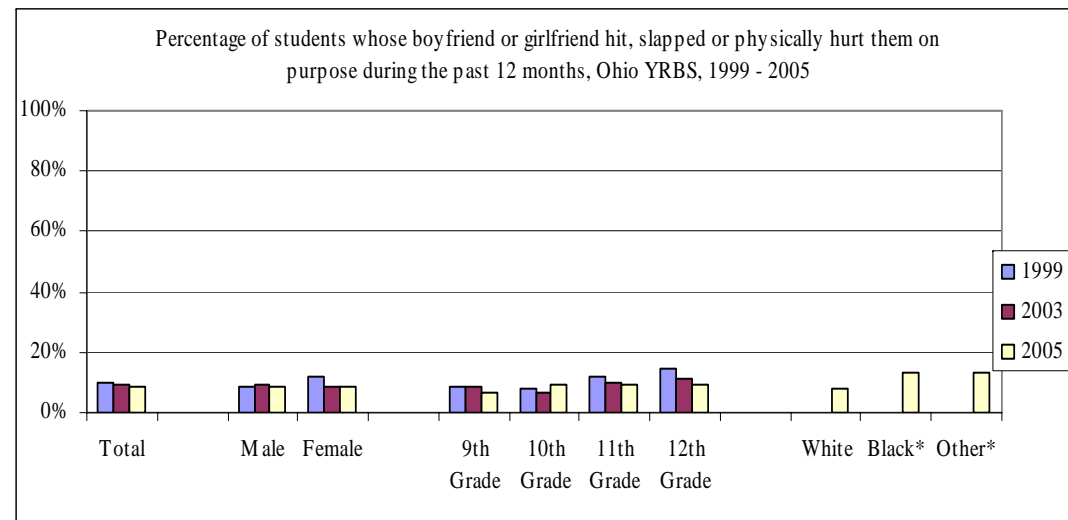
- **In 2005, few students reported having been treated by a doctor or nurse for an injury resulting from a physical fight.**
 - 2.9 percent of students reported having to be treated by a doctor or nurse due to an injury from a physical fight one or more times during the past 12 months.
 - There were no significant differences in treatment of injuries due to a physical fight between gender or grade level.
- **There were no significant differences in being treated by a doctor or nurse due to an injury obtained in a physical fight between 1999 and 2005.**



• Violence: Physical Fighting--Boyfriend or Girlfriend

Q22 During the past 12 months, did your boyfriend or girlfriend ever hit, slap or physically hurt you on purpose?

- **In 2005, few students reported having been slapped, hit or physically hurt by a boyfriend or girlfriend.**
 - 8.6 percent of students reported that their boyfriend or girlfriend hit, slapped or physically hurt them on purpose during the past 12 months.
 - There were no significant differences in being physically hurt on purpose by a boyfriend or girlfriend by gender, grade level or race.
- **There were no significant differences in being hit, slapped or physically hurt on purpose by a boyfriend or girlfriend between 1999 and 2005.**



● **Violence: Forced to Have Sexual Intercourse**

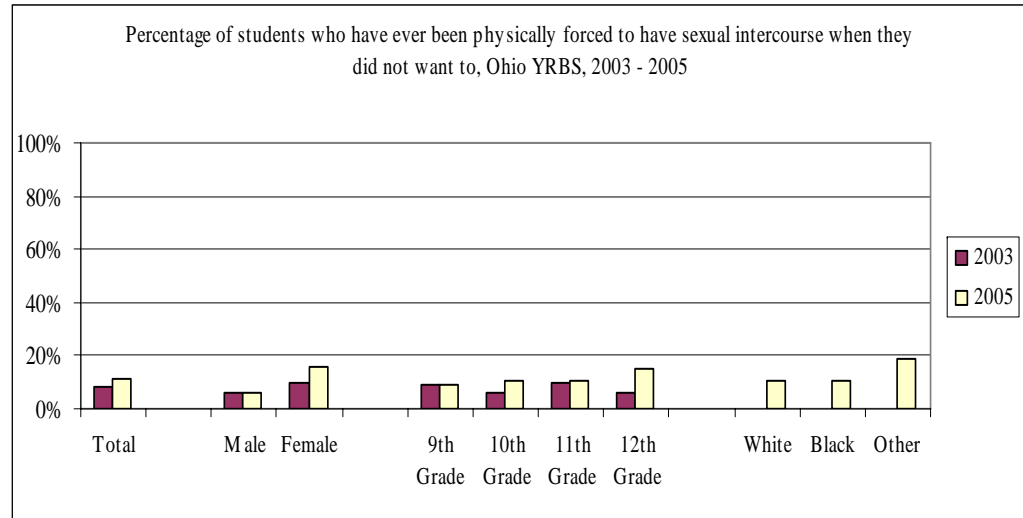
Q23 Have you ever been physically forced to have sexual intercourse when you did not want to?

- **In 2005, few students reported having been physically forced to have sexual intercourse.**

- 11.0 percent of students reported having been physically forced to have sexual intercourse when they did not want to.
- Females (15.9 percent) were significantly more likely than males (6.0 percent) to have been forced to have sexual intercourse when they did not want to.
- There were no significant differences in being physically forced to have sexual intercourse by grade level or race.

- **There was no significant difference overall between 2003 and 2005 in the percent of students forced to have sexual intercourse when they did not want to.**

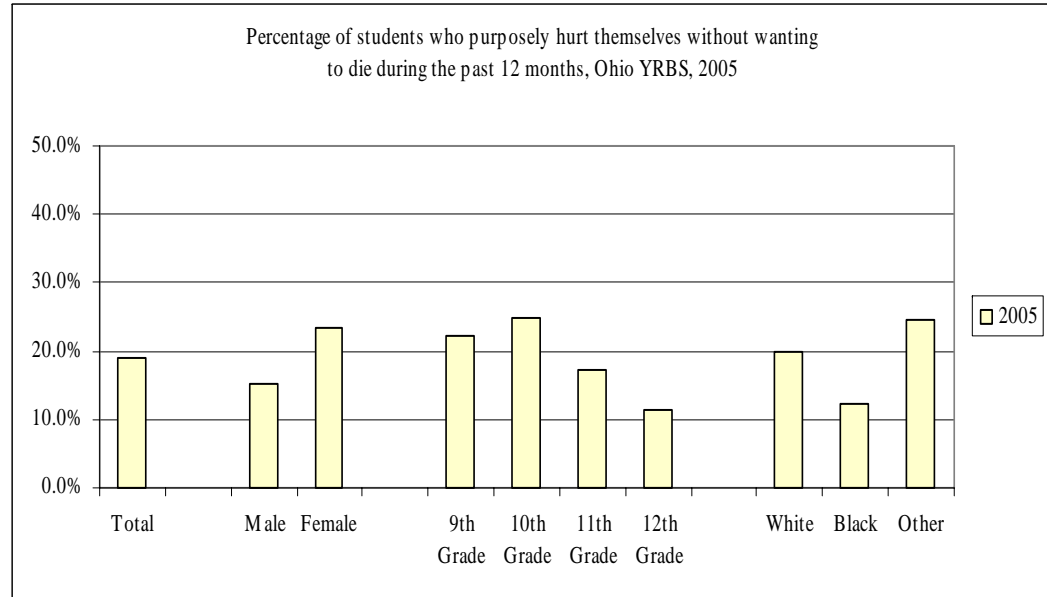
- There was a significant increase from 2003 (6.2 percent) to 2005 (14.7 percent) in the percent of 12th grade students forced to have sexual intercourse when they did not want to.



• **Violence: Self-Injury**

Q24 During the past 12 months, how many times did you do something to purposely hurt yourself without wanting to die, such as cutting or burning yourself on purpose?

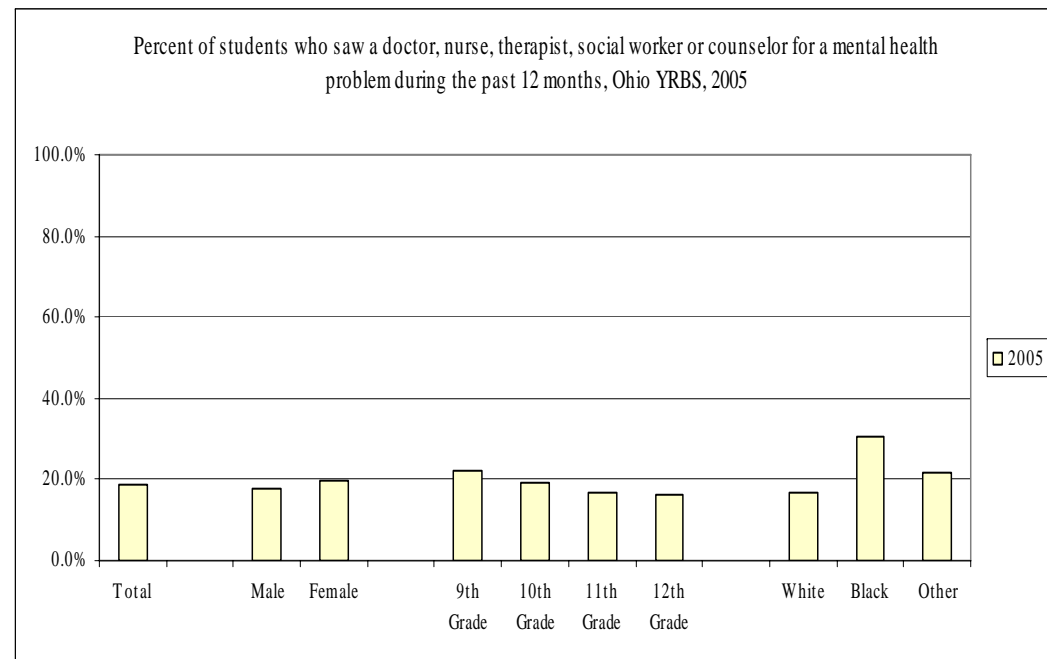
- **In 2005, most students reported that they did not intentionally hurt themselves**
 - 19.1 percent of students reported purposely hurting themselves without wanting to die
 - Females (23.4 percent) were significantly more likely than males (15.1 percent) to purposely hurt themselves without wanting to die.
 - Students in the ninth (22.3 percent) and 10th (24.9 percent) grades were significantly more likely than students in the 12th grade (11.5 percent) to purposely hurt themselves without wanting to die.
 - There was no significant difference by race.
- **This question was not asked in 1999 or 2003.**



• Mental Health: Counseling

Q99 When was the last time you saw a doctor, nurse, therapist, social worker or counselor for a mental health problem?

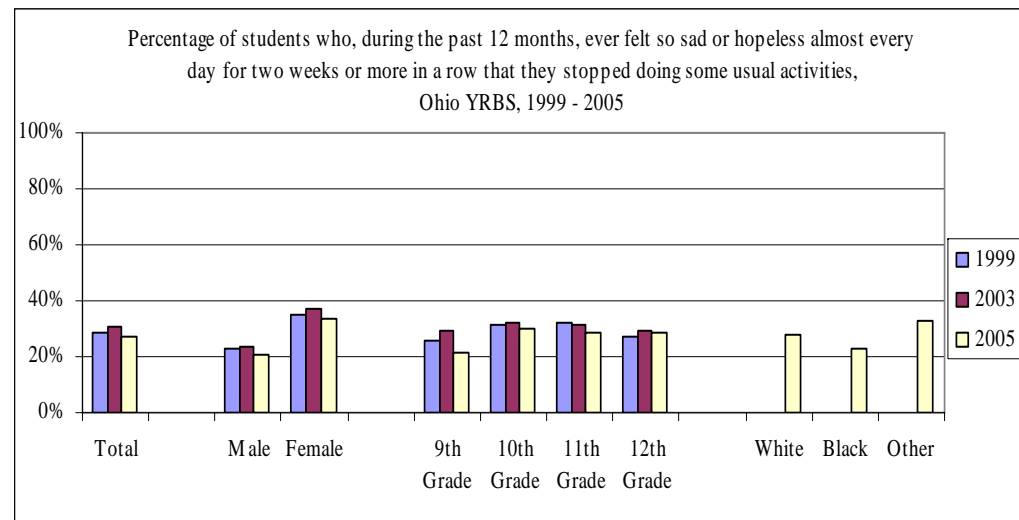
- **In 2005, approximately one-fifth of students reported seeing a health professional or counselor for personal problems in the past 12 months.**
 - 18.6 percent of students reported seeing a doctor, nurse, therapist, social worker or counselor during the last 12 months for a personal problem.
 - There were no significant differences in seeing a doctor, nurse, therapist, social worker or counselor during the past 12 months for a personal problem by gender, grade level or race.
- **This question was not asked in 1999 or 2003.**



• Mental Health: Depression

Q25 During the past 12 months, did you ever feel so sad or hopeless almost every day for two weeks or more in a row that you stopped doing some usual activities?

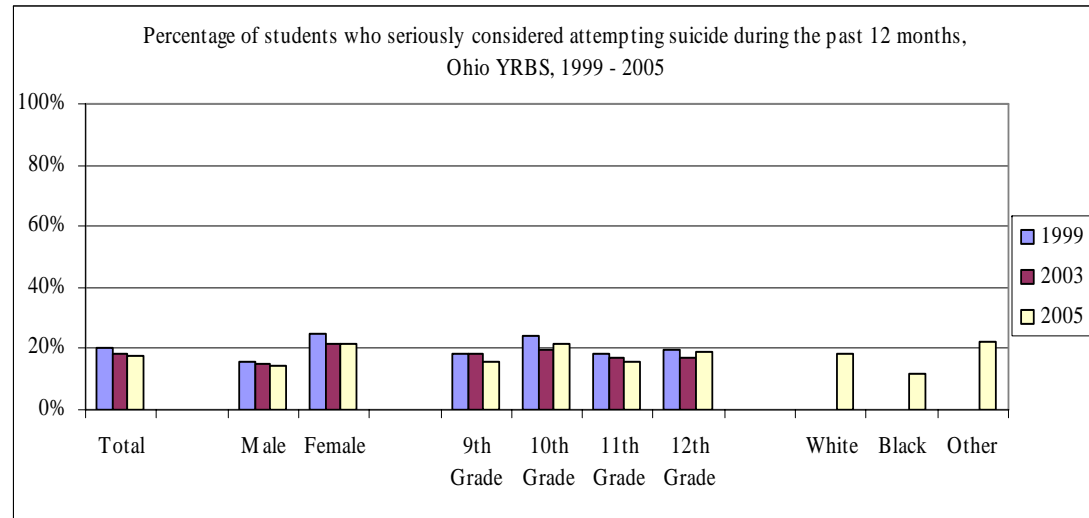
- **In 2005, approximately one-third of students reported feeling so sad or hopeless in the past 12 months that they stopped doing usual activities.**
 - 27 percent of students reported feeling so sad or hopeless almost every day for two weeks or more in a row in the past 12 months that they stopped doing some usual activities.
 - Significantly more females (33.9 percent) than males (20.5 percent) reported feeling so sad or hopeless that they stopped doing usual activities.
 - There were no significant differences in feeling so sad or hopeless that students stopped doing usual activities by grade level or race.
- **There were no significant differences in feeling so sad or hopeless that students stopped doing some usual activities between 1999 and 2005.**



• Mental Health: Suicide Consideration

Q26 During the past 12 months, did you ever seriously consider attempting suicide?

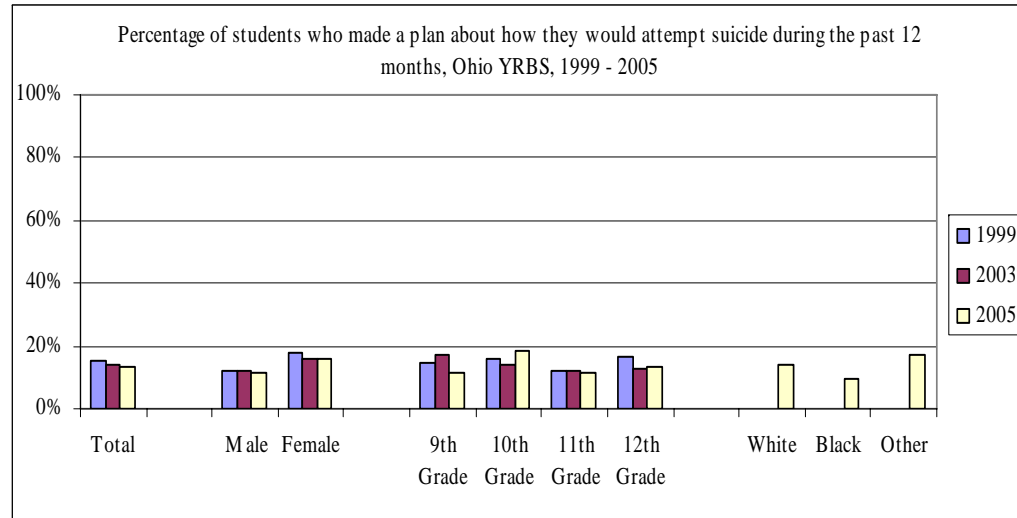
- **In 2005, most students reported that they did not seriously consider attempting suicide.**
 - 17.9 percent of students reported that they seriously considered attempting suicide in the past 12 months.
 - There were no significant differences in seriously considering attempting suicide by gender, grade level or race.
- **There were no significant differences in seriously considering attempting suicide between 1999 and 2005.**



● **Mental Health: Suicide Planned**

Q27 During the past 12 months, did you make a plan about how you would attempt suicide?

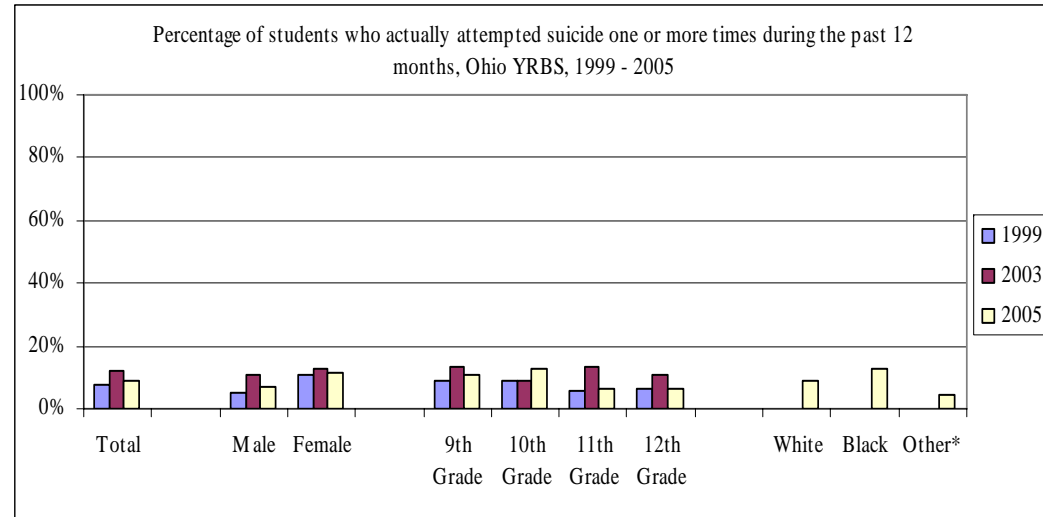
- **In 2005, most students reported that they did not make a plan about how they would attempt suicide.**
 - 13.6 percent of students reported having made a plan about how to attempt suicide in the past 12 months.
 - There were no significant differences in the percentage of students who made a plan about how to attempt suicide by gender, grade level or race.
- **There were no significant differences in the percentage of students who made a plan about how to attempt suicide between 1999 and 2005.**



● **Mental Health: Suicide Attempted**

Q28 During the past 12 months, how many times did you actually attempt suicide?

- **In 2005, few students reported having attempted suicide.**
 - 9.1 percent of students reported actually attempting suicide in the past 12 months.
 - There were no significant differences in the percentage of students who actually attempted suicide by gender, grade level or race.
- **There was no significant difference in the percentage of students who actually attempted suicide between 1999 and 2005.**

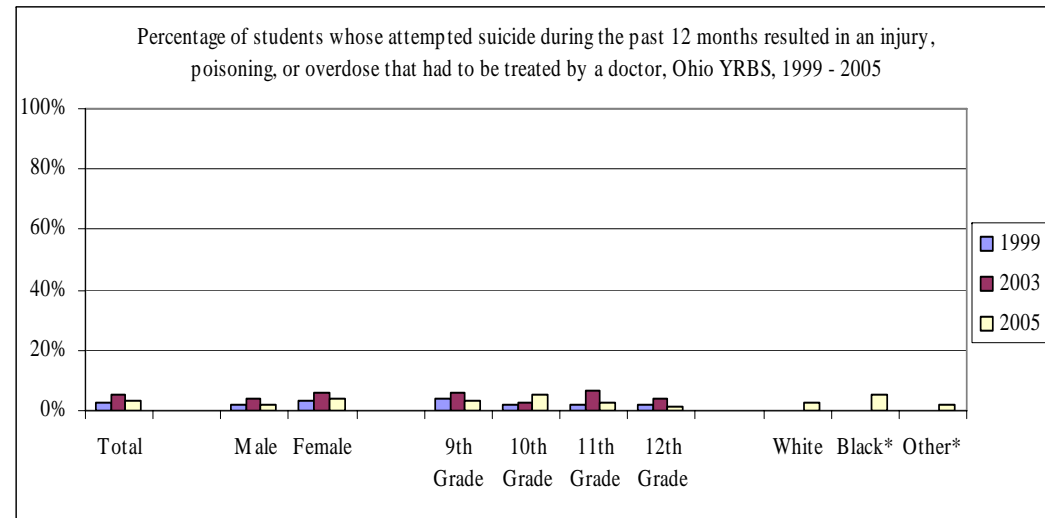


* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

• Mental Health: Injury Due to Suicide Attempt

Q29 If you attempted suicide during the past 12 months, did any attempt result in an injury, poisoning or overdose that had to be treated by a doctor or nurse?

- **In 2005, few students reported requiring treatment by a doctor or nurse after attempting suicide**
 - 3.1 percent of students reported that they have been treated by a doctor or nurse for an injury, poisoning or overdose as a result of a suicide attempt in the past 12 months.
 - There were no significant differences in having been treated by a doctor or nurse as a result of a suicide attempt by gender or grade level.
- **There was no significant difference between 1999 and 2005 for the percent of students having been treated by a doctor or nurse as a result of a suicide attempt.**

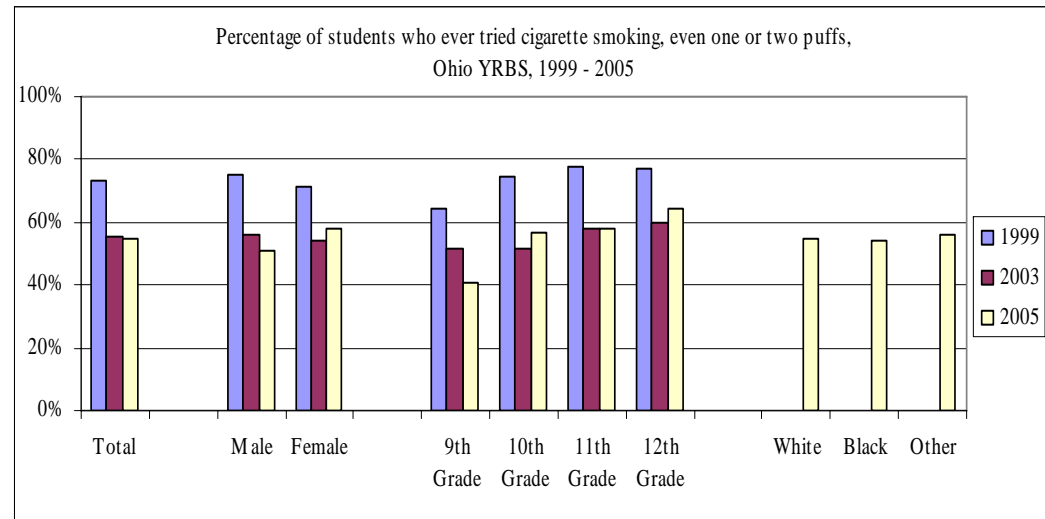


* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

• Tobacco: Cigarette Smoking

Q34 Have you ever tried cigarette smoking, even one or two puffs?

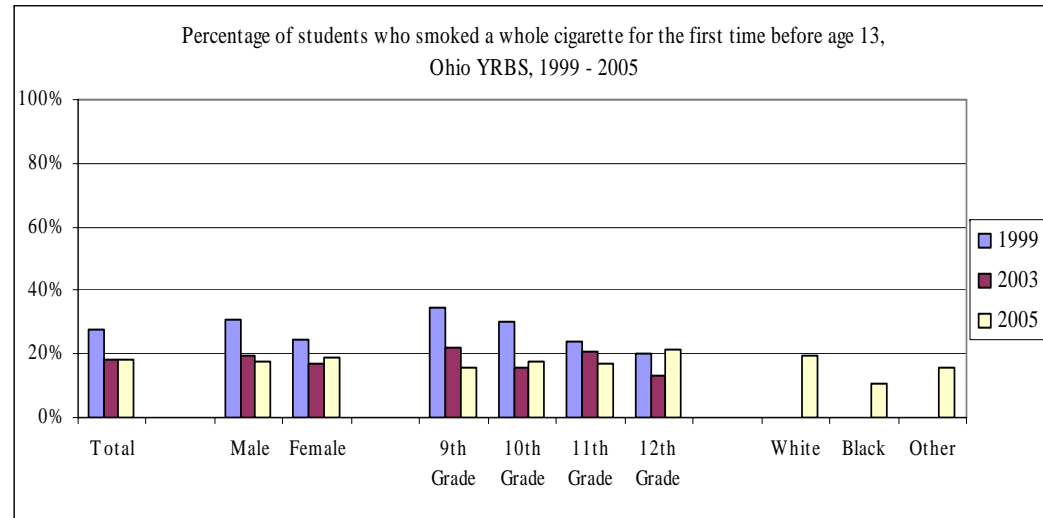
- **In 2005, approximately one-half of students reported trying cigarettes.**
 - 54.5 percent of students reported having ever tried cigarette smoking, even one or two puffs.
 - Students in ninth grade (40.5 percent) were significantly less likely than students in the 10th (56.6 percent), 11th (57.8 percent) and 12th (64.1 percent) grades to have ever tried cigarette smoking.
 - There were no significant differences in students who ever tried cigarette smoking by gender or race.
- **A significant decrease was observed from 1999 (73 percent) to 2005 (54.5 percent) in the percentage of students who reported trying cigarettes**
 - This difference was significant for males, females and students in the ninth, 10th, 11th and 12th grades.
 - There were no significant differences between 2003 and 2005.



● **Tobacco: Cigarette Smoking--Age When Started**

Q35 How old were you when you smoked a whole cigarette for the first time?

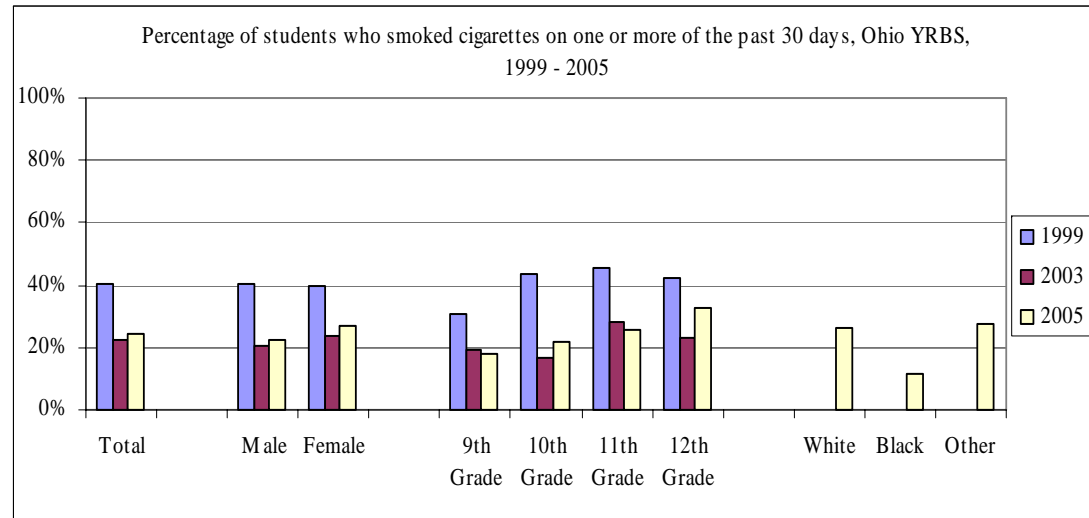
- **In 2005, most students reported that they did not smoke a whole cigarette for the first time before age 13.**
 - 18 percent of students reported they smoked a whole cigarette for the first time before the age of 13.
 - There were no significant differences in smoking before age 13 by gender, grade level or race.
- **A significant decrease was observed from 1999 (28 percent) to 2005 (18.0 percent) in the percentage of students who reported smoking before age 13.**
 - This difference was also significant for males (30.7 percent to 17.4 percent) and students in the 9th grade (34.6 percent to 16 percent).



● **Tobacco: Cigarette Smoking--One or More Times in Past Month**

Q36 During the past 30 days, on how many days did you smoke cigarettes? (one or more days)

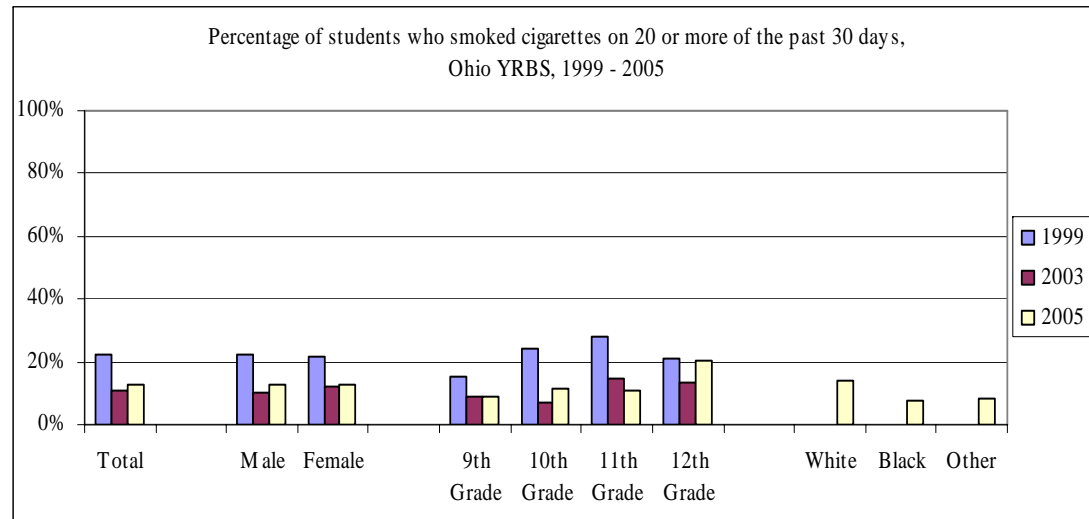
- **In 2005, most students reported that they did not smoke in the past 30 days.**
 - 24.4 percent of students reported smoking cigarettes on one or more of the past 30 days.
 - There were no significant differences in smoking in the past 30 days by gender or grade level.
- **Significantly fewer students reported smoking in the past 30 days in 2005 (24.4 percent) than in 1999 (40 percent).**
 - This difference was significant for males, females, and students in the ninth, 10th and 11th grades.



● **Tobacco: Cigarette Smoking--Current Smoker**

Q36 During the past 30 days, on how many days did you smoke cigarettes? (20 or more days)

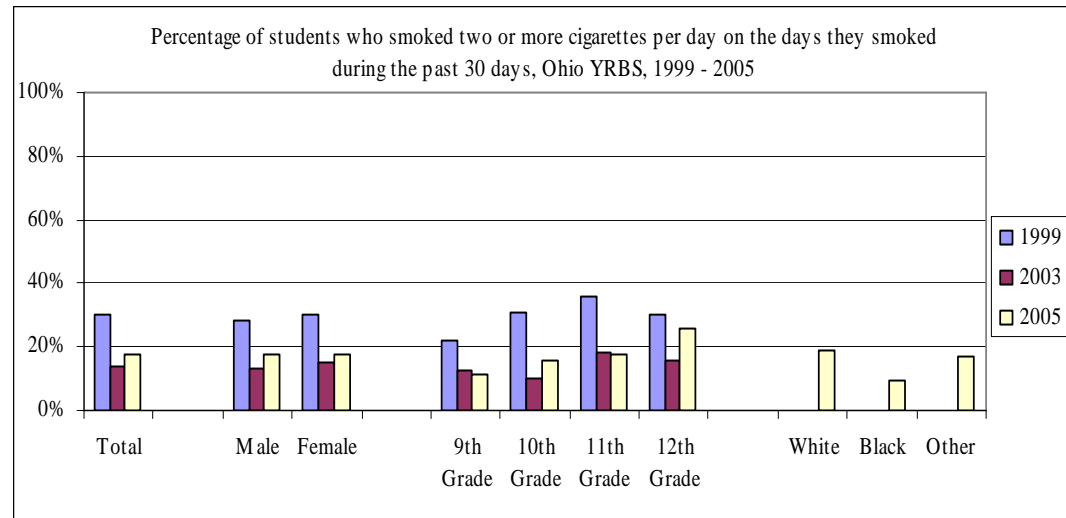
- **In 2005, most students reported that they did not smoke on 20 or more of the past 30 days.**
 - 12.8 percent of students reported smoking cigarettes on 20 or more of the past 30 days.
 - There were no significant differences in smoking on 20 or more of the past 30 days by gender, grade level or race.
- **Significantly fewer students reported smoking on 20 or more of the past 30 days in 2005 (12.8 percent) than in 1999 (22 percent).**
 - This difference was significant for males, females and students in the 10th and 11th grades.



● **Tobacco: Cigarette Smoking--Two or More Cigarettes Per Day**

Q37 During the past 30 days, on the days you smoked, how many cigarettes did you smoke per day? (2 or more)

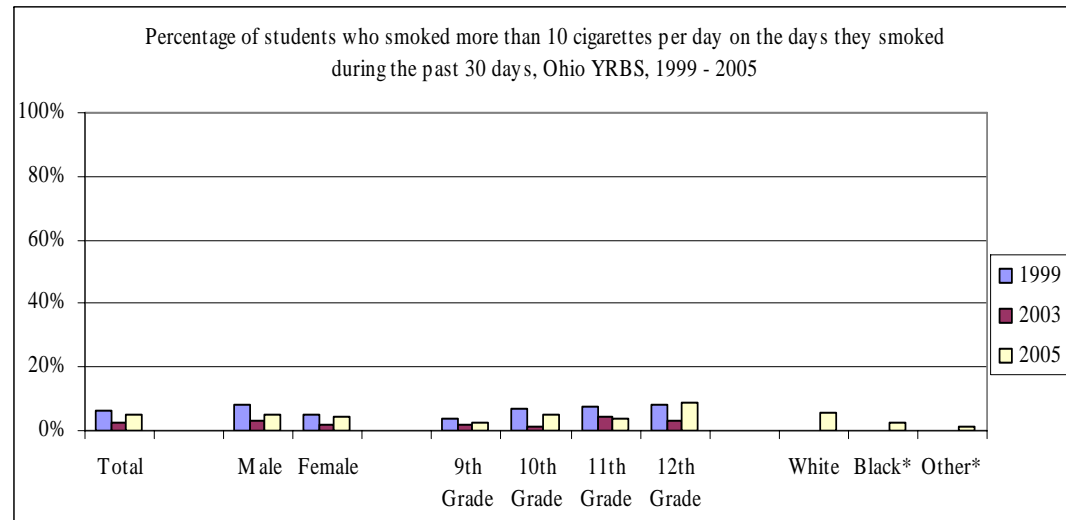
- **In 2005, most students reported that they did not smoke two or more cigarettes each day.**
 - 17.3 percent of students reported smoking two or more cigarettes per day on the days they smoked in the past 30 days.
 - There were no significant differences in smoking two or more cigarettes per day on the days they smoked by gender, grade level or race
- **Significantly fewer students reported smoking two or more cigarettes per day on the days they smoked in the past 30 days in 2005 (17.3 percent) than in 1999 (30 percent).**
 - This difference was significant for males, females and students in the ninth, 10th and 11th grades.
 - There was no significant difference between 2003 and 2005.



● **Tobacco: Cigarette Smoking--More Than 10 Cigarettes Per Day**

Q37 During the past 30 days, on the days you smoked, how many cigarettes did you smoke per day? (More than 10.)

- **In 2005, most students reported that they were not smoking more than 10 cigarettes on the days they smoked.**
 - 4.8 percent of students reported smoking more than 10 cigarettes per day on the days they smoked in the past 30 days.
 - There were no significant differences in smoking more than 10 cigarettes per day on the days they smoked by gender, grade level or race.
- **There was no significant difference between 1999 and 2005 in the percent of students who smoked more than 10 cigarettes per day.**



* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

● Tobacco: Cigarette Purchase at a Store or Gas Station

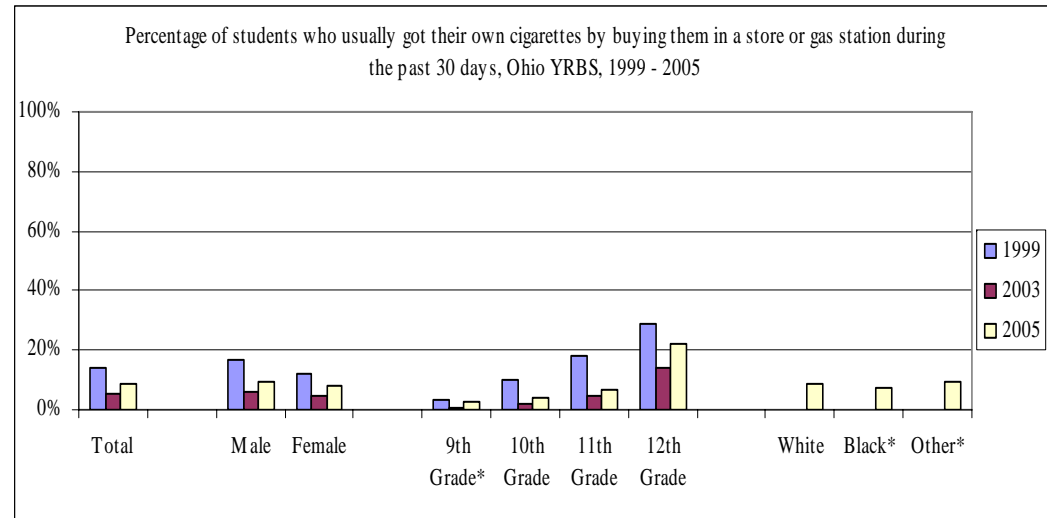
Q38 During the past 30 days, how did you usually get your own cigarettes?

- **In 2005, most students reported that they were not buying their cigarettes in a store or gas station.**

- 8.8 percent of students reported that during the past 30 days, they usually got their own cigarettes by buying them in a store or gas station.
- There were no significant differences in buying cigarettes by gender
- Students in the 12th grade (22.4 percent) were significantly more likely to report buying cigarettes at a store or gas station than students in the 10th (3.9 percent) and 11th (6.5 percent) grades.

- **There was no significant difference between 1999 and 2005 in the overall percentage of students who reported buying cigarettes at a store or gas station.**

- A significant decrease was observed in the percentage of 10th (9.9 percent to 4.0 percent) and 11th (18.4 percent to 6.5 percent) grade students who bought their cigarettes at stores or gas stations.



* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

• Tobacco: Cigarette Purchase by Current Underage Smokers

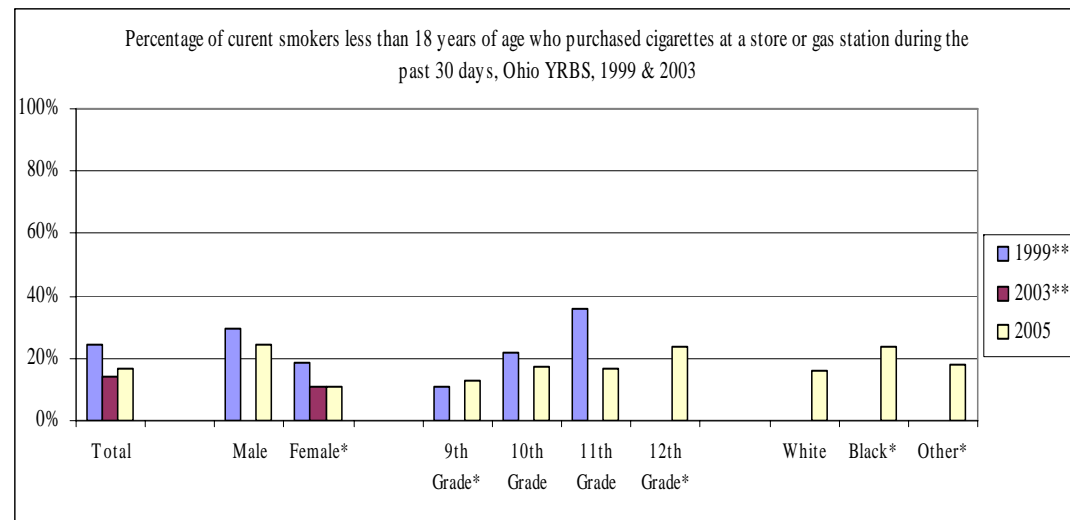
Q38 During the past 30 days, how did you usually get your own cigarettes? (Students who were less than 18 years old and current smokers.)

- **In 2005, less than one-fifth of underage smokers reported purchasing their own cigarettes.**

- 16.7 percent of students who were current smokers less than 18 years of age reported that they purchased cigarettes at a store or gas station during the past 30 days.
- Due to high sampling variability, comparisons cannot be made for gender or race.
- There was no significant difference in the percentage of students under the age of 18 who purchased cigarettes at a store or gas station between students in the 10th and 11th grades.

- **There were no significant differences in the overall percentage of underage students purchasing cigarettes at a store or gas station between 1999 and 2005.**

- A significant decrease was observed in the percentage of students who purchased their own cigarettes in the 11th grade between 1999 (35.7 percent) and 2005 (16.5 percent).

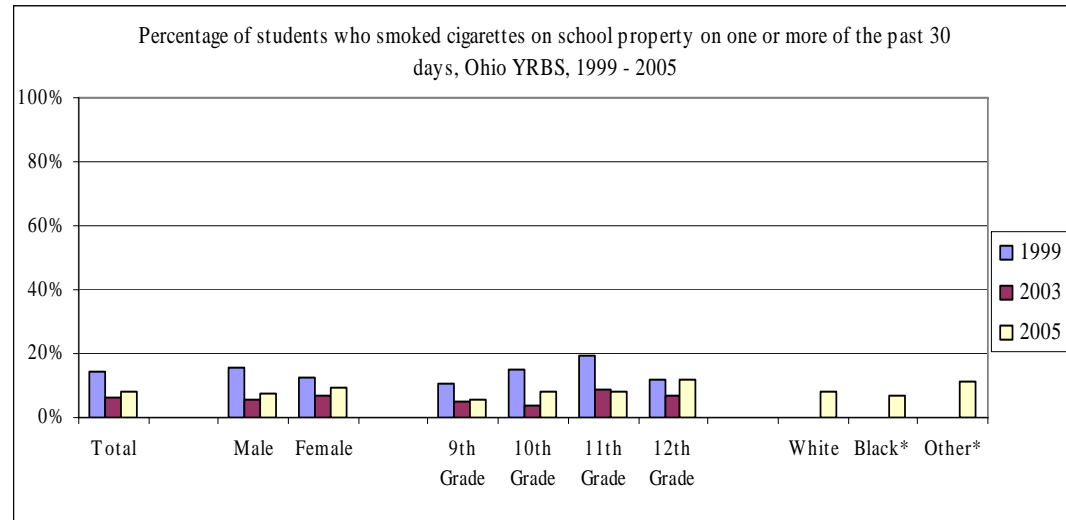


* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.
 ** Missing data not reported due to small sample size.

● **Tobacco: Cigarette Smoking on School Property**

Q39 During the past 30 days, on how many days did you smoke cigarettes on school property?

- **In 2005, few students reported smoking cigarettes on school property.**
 - 8.3 percent of students reported smoking cigarettes on school property on one or more of the past 30 days.
 - There were no significant differences by gender or grade level.
- **Significantly fewer students reported smoking on school property in 2005 (8.3 percent) than in 1999 (14.2 percent).**
 - A significant decrease was observed between 1999 and 2005 in the percent of males (16 percent to 7.5 percent), and students in the 11th grade (19.3 percent to 7.9 percent) who smoked on school property.
- **There was no significant difference between 2003 and 2005.**

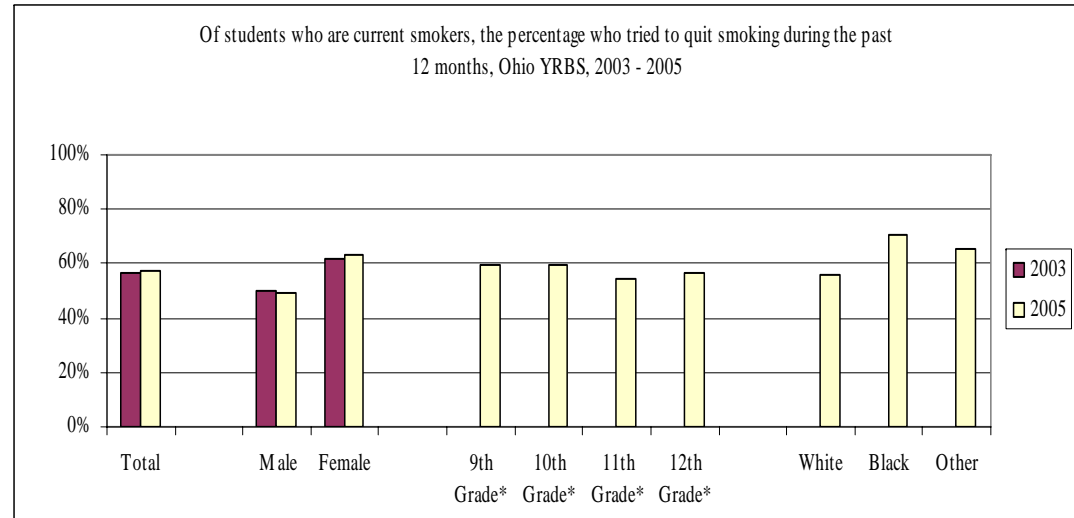


*The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

● **Tobacco: Cigarette Smoking--Cessation**

Q40 During the past 12 months, did you ever try to quit smoking cigarettes?

- **In 2005, approximately one-half of current smokers reported that they tried to quit smoking.**
 - 57.2 percent of students who were current smokers reported trying to quit smoking during the past 12 months.
 - There were no significant differences in trying to quit smoking by gender, grade level or race
- **There was no significant difference in trying to quit smoking between 2003 and 2005.**
- **This question was not asked in 1999.**

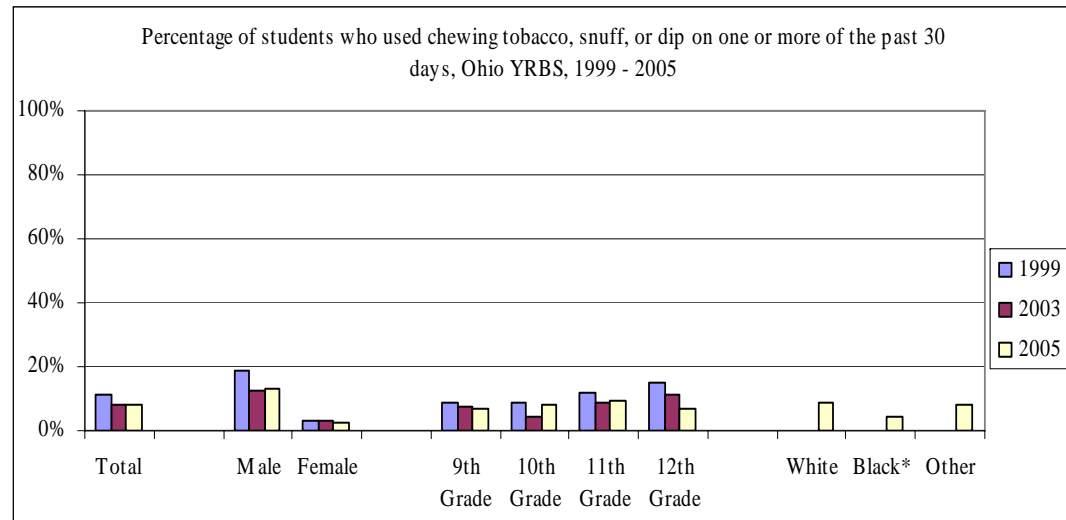


*2003 data not reported due to small sample size.

● **Tobacco: Smokeless Tobacco Use**

Q41 During the past 30 days, on how many days did you use chewing tobacco, snuff or dip, such as Redman, Levi Garrett, Beechnut, Skoal, Skoal Bandits or Copenhagen?

- **In 2005, few students reported using smokeless tobacco.**
 - 7.9 percent of students reported using chewing tobacco, snuff or dip on one or more of the past 30 days.
 - Significantly more males (13.4 percent) than females (2.3 percent) reported that they used smokeless tobacco.
 - There were no significant differences by grade level or race.
- **There were no significant differences in using smokeless tobacco between 1999 and 2005.**

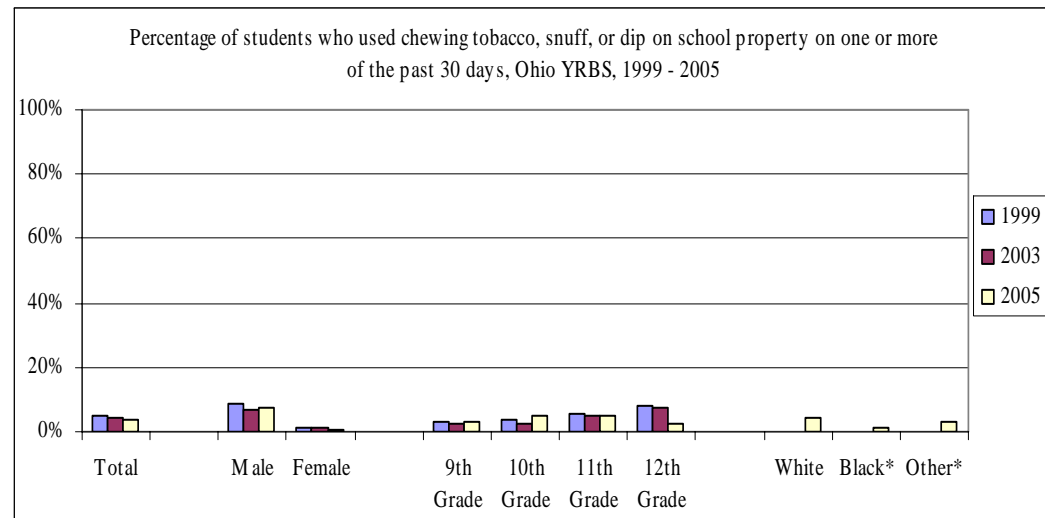


*The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

• Tobacco: Smokeless Tobacco Use on School Property

Q42 During the past 30 days, on how many days did you use chewing tobacco, snuff or dip such as Redman, Levi Garrett, Beechnut, Skoal, Skoal Bandits or Copenhagen on school property?

- **In 2005, most students reported that they did not use smokeless tobacco on school property.**
 - 3.8 percent of students reported using chewing tobacco, snuff or dip on school property one or more of the past 30 days.
 - Significantly more males (7.2 percent) than females (0.3 percent) reported using smokeless tobacco on school property.
 - There were no significant differences by grade level or race.
- **There were no significant differences in using smokeless tobacco on school property between 1999 and 2005.**



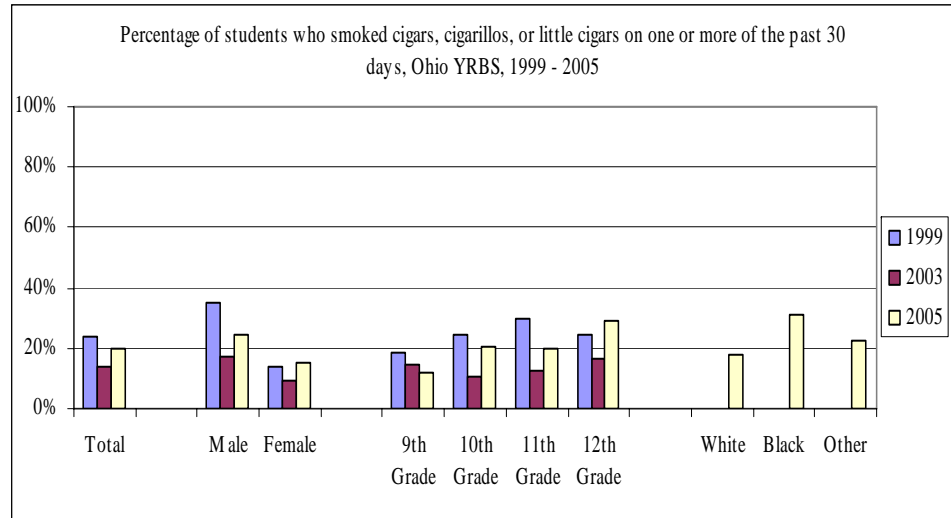
* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

● **Tobacco: Cigar Smoking**

Q43 During the past 30 days, on how many days did you smoke cigars, cigarillos or little cigars such as Black & Mild or Swisher Sweets?

- **In 2005, most students reported that they did not smoke cigars, cigarillos or little cigars.**
 - 19.9 percent of students reported smoking cigars, cigarillos or little cigars on one or more of the past 30 days.
 - Significantly more males (24.7 percent) than females (15.0 percent) reported smoking cigars.
 - Students in 12th grade (29.3 percent) were significantly more likely than students in ninth grade (11.8 percent) to have smoked cigars in the past 30 days.
 - Black students (31.2 percent) were significantly more likely than white students (18.2 percent) to have smoked cigars in the past 30 days.

- **There was no significant difference in the percentage of students who reported that they smoked cigars, cigarillos or little cigars in 2005 (19.9 percent) than in 1999 (24 percent). However, significantly more students smoked cigars in 2005 than in 2003 (13.6 percent).**
 - Significantly fewer males smoked cigars in 2005 (24.7 percent) than in 1999 (34.8 percent).
 - A significant increase was observed in the percentage of students in the 10th and 12th grades who smoke cigars between 2003 and 2005.



• Tobacco: Use of Any Tobacco Products

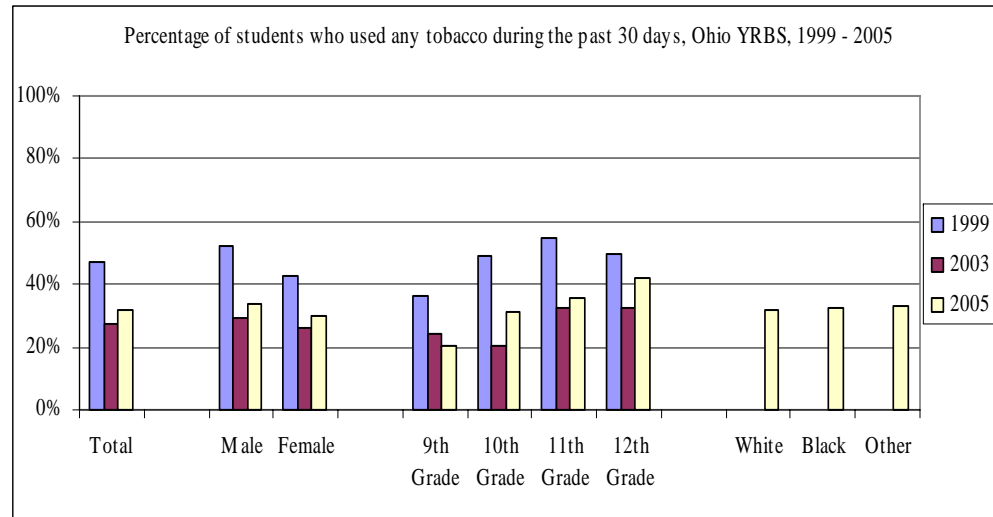
Summary of students who used any of the tobacco products during the past 30 days.*

- **In 2005, less than one-third of students used tobacco products.**

- 32.1 percent of students reported using any tobacco products in the past 30 days.
- Students in the 11th (35.9 percent) and the 12th (42.1 percent) grades were significantly more likely than students in the ninth grade (20.2 percent) to have used tobacco products in the past 30 days.
- There were no significant differences in tobacco use by gender or race.

- **Significantly fewer students reported using any tobacco in the past 30 days in 2005 (32.1 percent) than in 1999 (47 percent).**

- This difference was also significant for males, females, and students in the ninth, 10th and 11th grades.
- There was no significant difference

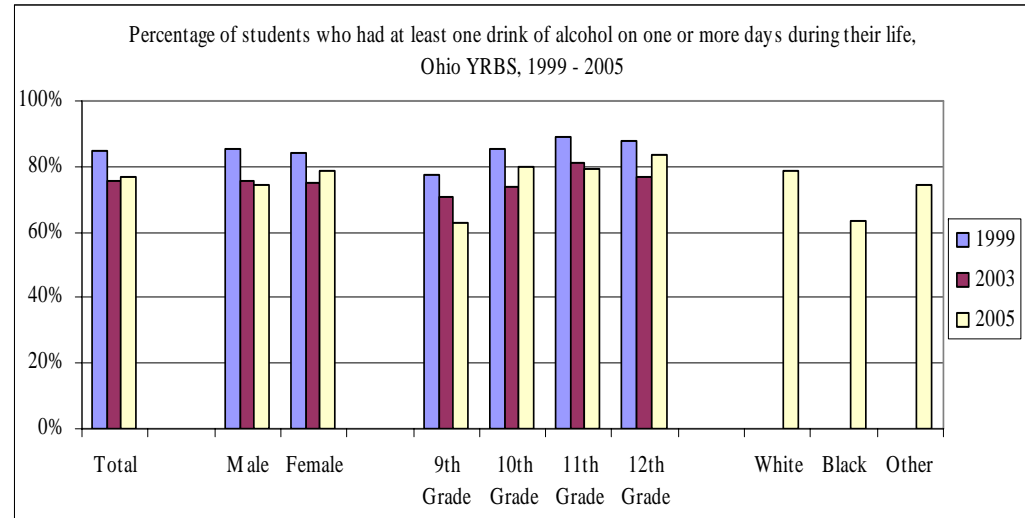


*Calculated variable that combines the following questions: Q36 During the past 30 days, on how many days did you smoke cigarettes?; Q42 During the past 30 days, on how many days did you use chewing tobacco, snuff or dip such as Redman, Levi Garrett, Beechnut, Skoal, Skoal Bandits or Copenhagen?; and Q44 During the past 30 days, on how many days did you smoke cigars, cigarillos or little cigars?

• **Alcohol**

Q44 During your life, on how many days have you had at least one drink of alcohol?

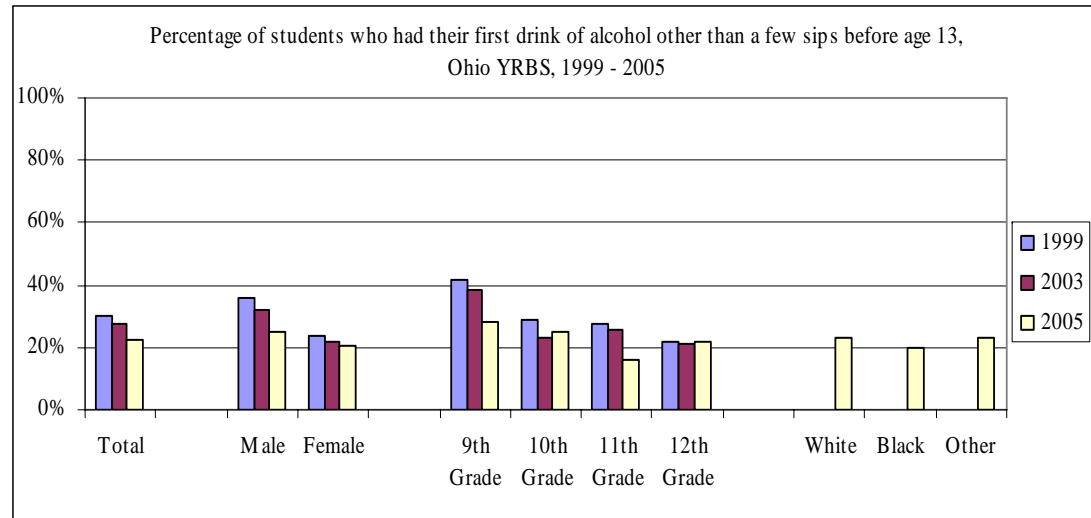
- **In 2005, most students reported that they have had at least one drink of alcohol in their life.**
 - 76.5 percent of students reported having had at least one drink of alcohol on one or more days during their life.
 - Students in ninth grade (62.6 percent) were significantly less likely than students in 10th (80.1 percent) 11th (79.5 percent) or 12th (83.7 percent) grades to have had at least one drink of alcohol on one or more days during their life.
 - White students (78.8 percent) were significantly more likely than black students (63.4 percent) to have had at least one drink of alcohol on one or more days during their life
 - There was no significant difference by gender.
- **Significantly fewer students reported having had at least one drink of alcohol in their life in 2005 (76.5 percent) than in 1999 (85 percent).**
 - A significant decrease was observed for males, females and students in the ninth and 11th grades.
 - There was no significant difference between 2003 and 2005.



● Alcohol: Age at First Use

Q45 How old were you when you had your first drink of alcohol other than a few sips?

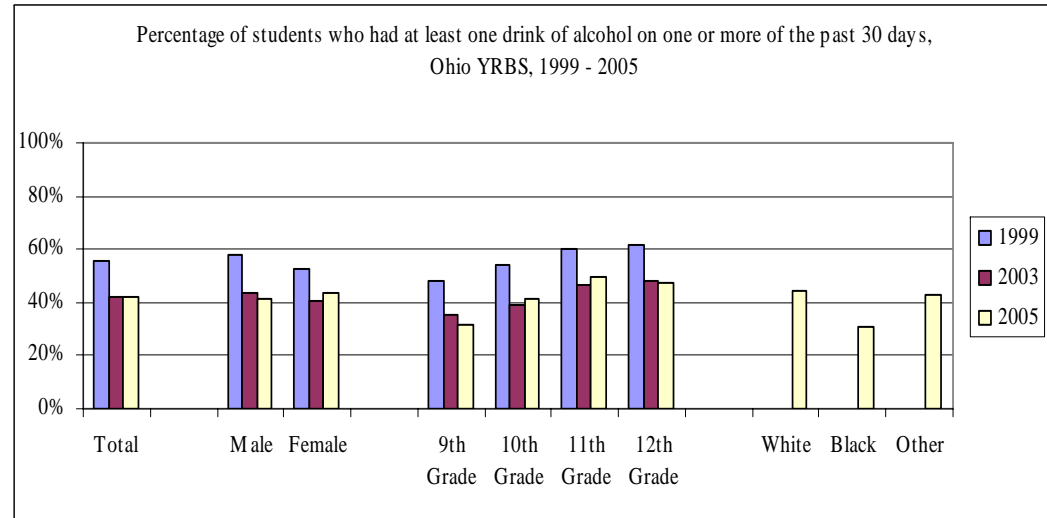
- **In 2005, approximately one-fourth of students reported that they had their first drink of alcohol before age 13.**
 - 22.7 percent of students reported having had their first drink of alcohol before age 13.
 - There were no significant differences in having had a first drink of alcohol before age 13 by gender, grade level or race.
- **A significant decrease was observed from 1999 (30 percent) to 2005 (22.7 percent) in the percentage of students who had their first drink of alcohol before age 13.**
 - Significant decreases were observed for males and students in the ninth and 11th grades.
 - There were no significant differences between 2003 and 2005.



● **Alcohol: Use in Past Month**

Q46 During the past 30 days, on how many days did you have at least one drink of alcohol?

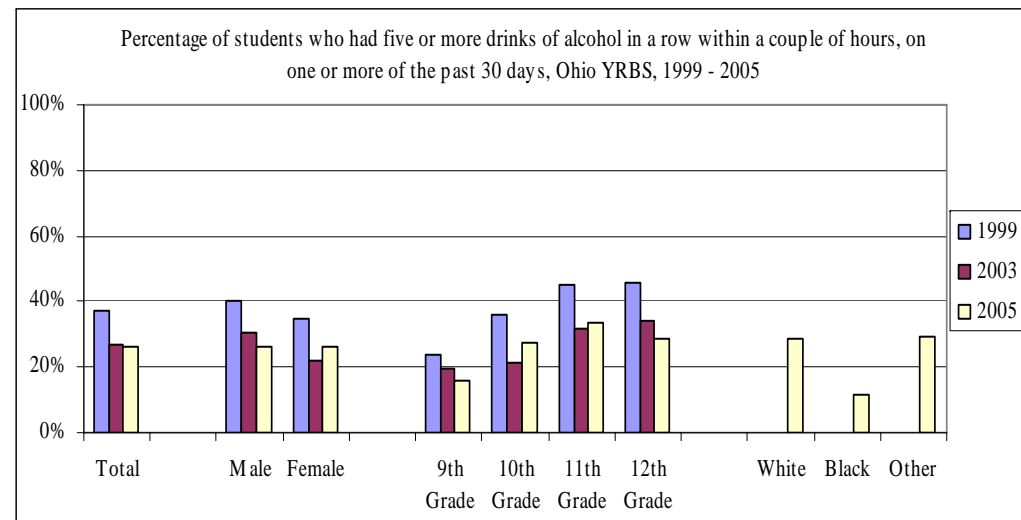
- **In 2005, almost one-half of students reported that they had a drink of alcohol in the past 30 days.**
 - 42.4 percent of students reported having had at least one drink of alcohol on one or more of the past 30 days.
 - Students in the 11th grade (49.7 percent) were significantly more likely than students in the ninth grade (31.8 percent) to have had at least one drink of alcohol in the past 30 days.
 - There were no significant differences in having had at least one drink of alcohol on one or more of the past 30 days by gender or race
- **Significantly fewer students reported having had at least one drink of alcohol on one or more of the past 30 days in 2005 (42.4 percent) than in 1999 (56 percent).**
 - A significant decrease was also observed for males, females and students in the ninth and 10th grades.
 - There was no significant difference between 2003 and 2005.



• Alcohol: Binge Drinking

Q47 During the past 30 days, on how many days did you have five or more drinks of alcohol in a row, that is, within a couple of hours?

- **In 2005, approximately one-fourth of students reported having five or more drinks of alcohol in a row.**
 - 26.1 percent of students reported having had five or more drinks of alcohol in a row within a couple of hours, on one or more of the past 30 days.
 - Students in the 10th (27.5 percent) and 11th (33.3 percent) grades were significantly more likely than students in the ninth grade (15.7 percent) to have consumed five or more drinks of alcohol in a row within a couple of hours, on one or more of the past 30 days.
 - White students (28.4 percent) and students of other races (29.2 percent) were significantly more likely than black students (11.3 percent) to have consumed had five or more drinks of alcohol in a row.
 - There were no significant differences in having had five or more drinks of alcohol in a row by gender.
- **Significantly fewer students reported having had five or more drinks of alcohol in a row in 2005 (26.1 percent) than in 1999 (37 percent).**
 - This difference was significant for males, females and students in the 12th grade.



● **Alcohol: Use on School Property**

Q48 During the past 30 days, on how many days did you have at least one drink of alcohol on school property?

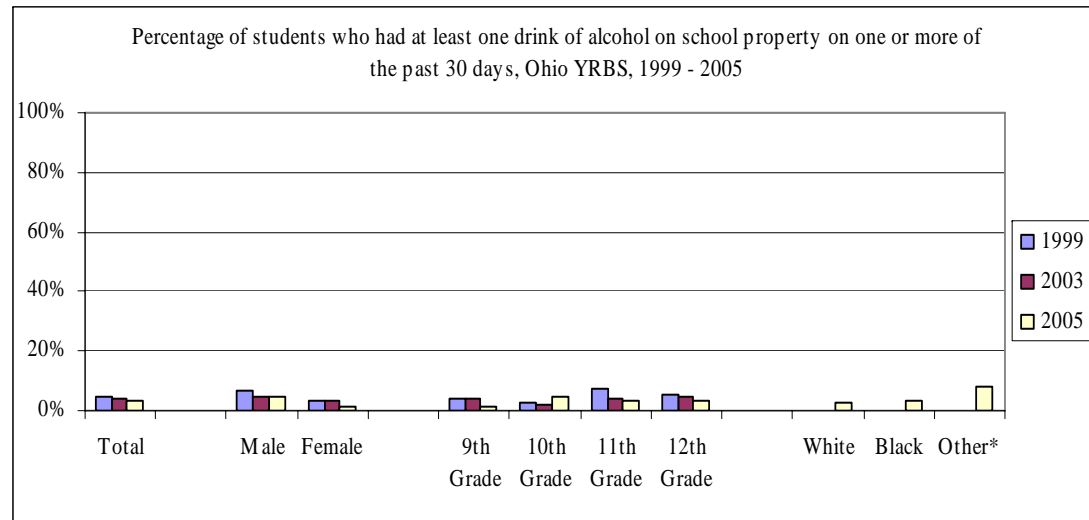
- **In 2005, most students reported that they did not drink alcohol on school property.**

- 3.2 percent of students reported having had at least one drink of alcohol on school property on one or more of the past 30 days.

- Males (4.8 percent) were significantly more likely than females (1.6 percent) to have had at least one drink of alcohol on school property on one or more of the past 30 days.

- There were no significant differences for having at least one drink of alcohol on school property by grade level or race.

- **There were no significant differences in having had at least one drink of alcohol on school property between 1999 and 2005.**

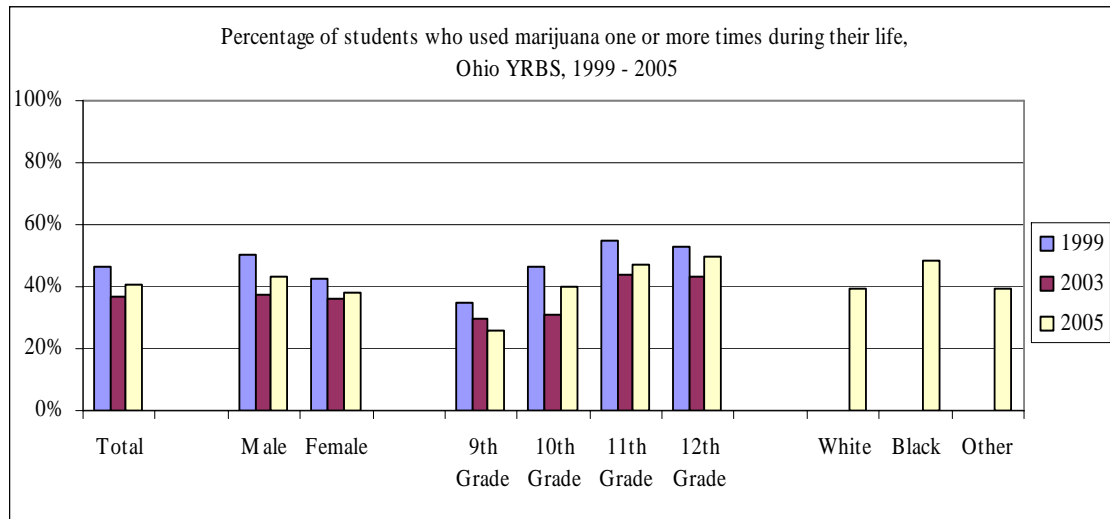


* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

• Drugs: Marijuana

Q49 During your life, how many times have you used marijuana?

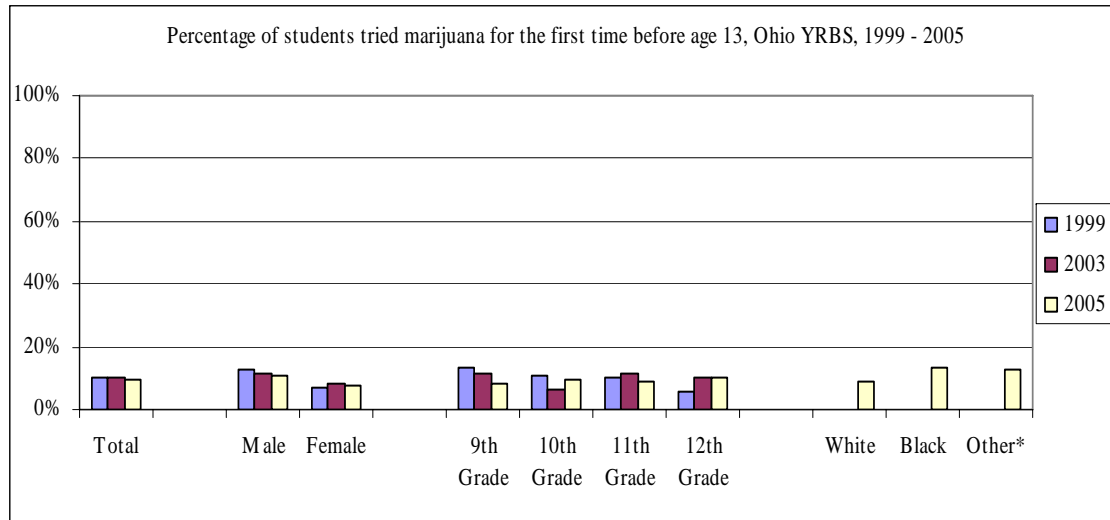
- **In 2005, less than half of all students reported that they have used marijuana in their life.**
 - 40.5 percent of students reported using marijuana one or more times during their life.
 - Students in the ninth grade (25.6 percent) were significantly less likely than students in the 10th (40.3 percent), 11th (46.9 percent), and 12th (50.0 percent) grades to have used marijuana at least once in their life.
 - There were no significant differences in using marijuana by gender or race.
- **There was no significant difference in the percentage of students who have used marijuana between 1999 and 2005.**



● **Drugs: Marijuana--Age at First Use**

Q50 How old were you when you tried marijuana for the first time?

- **In 2005, most students reported that they did not try marijuana before age 13.**
 - In 2005, 9.4 percent of students reported trying marijuana for the first time before age 13.
 - There were no significant differences in having tried marijuana before age 13 by gender, grade level or race.
- **There were no significant differences in having tried marijuana before age 13 between 1999 and 2005.**



* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

• Drugs: Marijuana--Use in Past Month

Q51 During the past 30 days, how many times did you use marijuana?

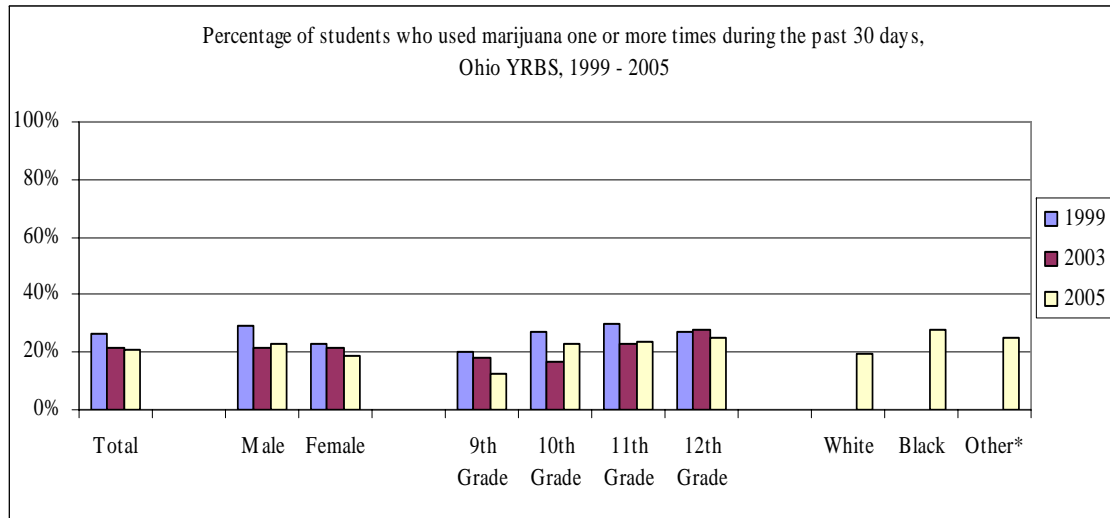
- **In 2005, most students reported that they have not used marijuana in the past 30 days.**

- 20.9 percent of students reported having used marijuana one or more times during the past 30 days.

- Students in the ninth grade (12.8 percent) were significantly less likely than students in 10th (23.1 percent), 11th (23.7 percent) and 12th (25.2 percent) grades to have used marijuana during the past 30 days.

- There was no significant difference in the percent of students who had used marijuana in the past 30 days by gender or race.

- **There was no significant difference in the percentage of students who used marijuana in the past 30 days between 1999 and 2005.**



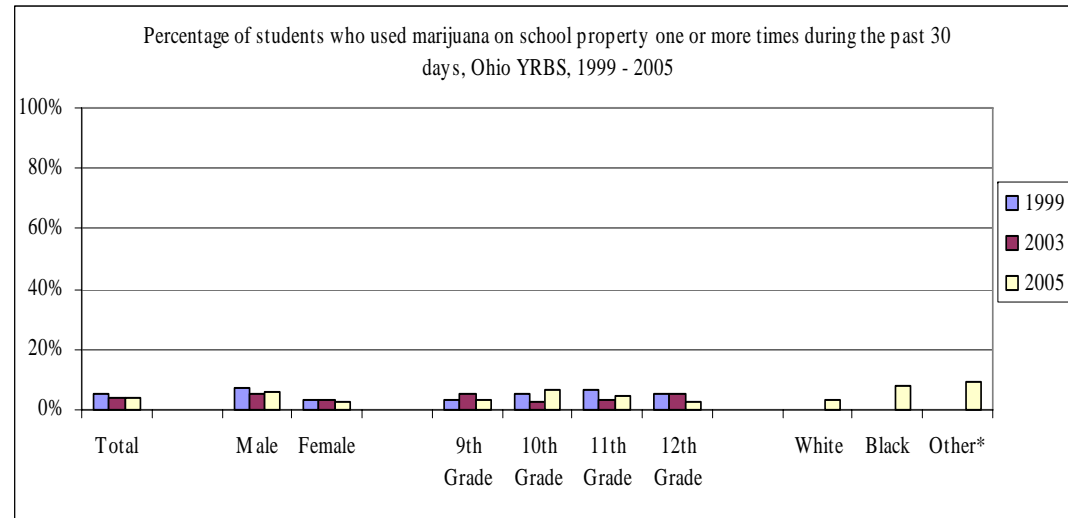
* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

● **Drugs: Marijuana Use on School Property**

Q52 During the past 30 days, how many times did you use marijuana on school property?

- **In 2005, most students reported that they did not use marijuana on school property.**
 - 4.3 percent of students reported using marijuana on school property one or more times during the past 30 days.
 - Males (6.0 percent) were significantly more likely than females (2.5 percent) to have used marijuana on school property.
 - There were no significant differences in having used marijuana on school property by grade level or race.

- **There were no significant differences in having used marijuana on school property between 1999 and 2005.**



* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

• **Drugs: Cocaine Use**

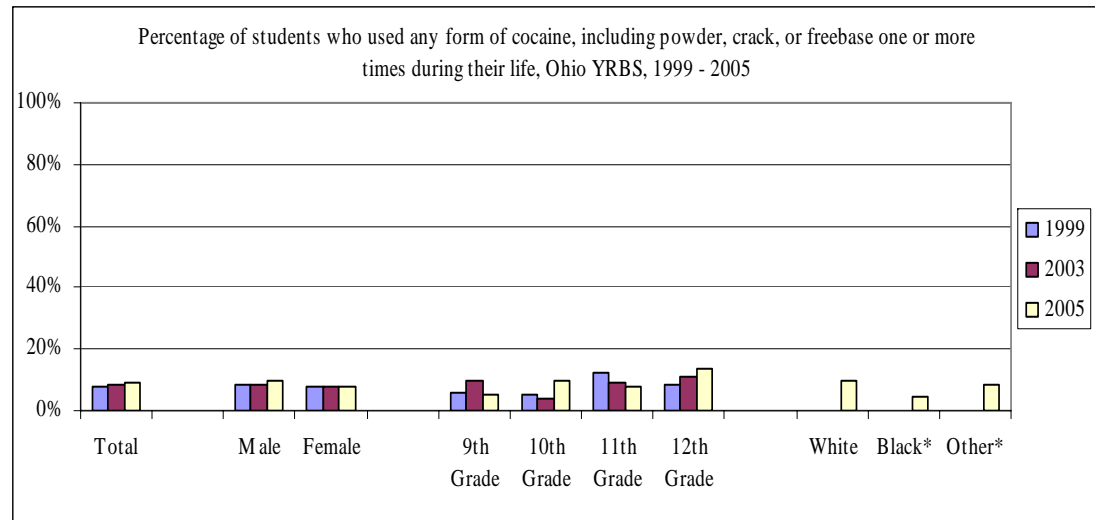
Q53 During your life, how many times have you used any form of cocaine, including powder, crack or freebase?

• **In 2005, most students reported that they have never used cocaine.**

- 8.9 percent of students reported that they used any form of cocaine including powder, crack or freebase one or more times during their life.
- Significantly more 12th (13.4 percent) than ninth (5.4 percent) graders reported ever using cocaine.
- There were no significant differences in cocaine use by gender.

• **There were no significant differences in total cocaine use between 1999 and 2005.**

- A significant increase was observed for students in the 10th grade between 2003 (3.6 percent) and 2005 (9.8 percent).

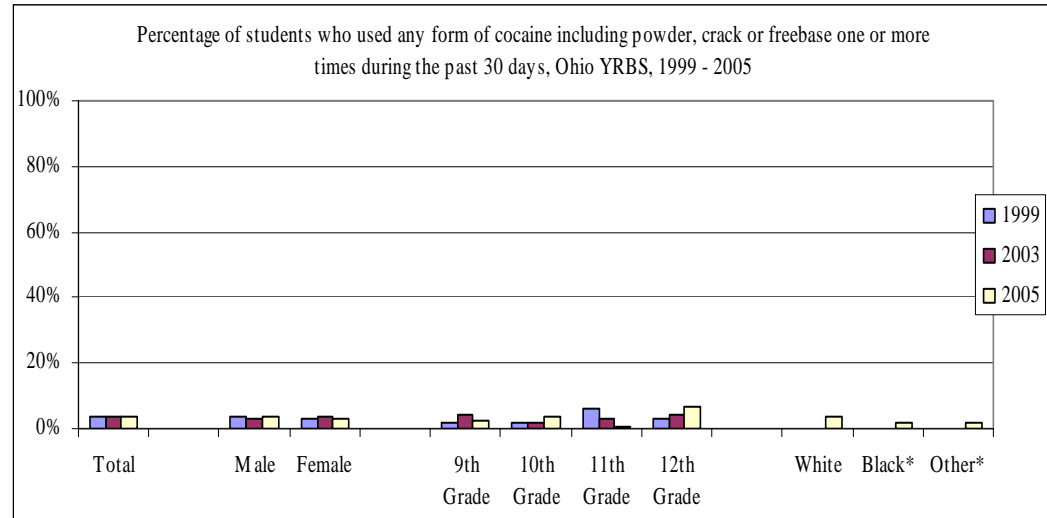


* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

• **Drugs: Cocaine--Use in Past Month**

Q54 During the past 30 days, how many times did you use any form of cocaine, including powder, crack or freebase?

- **In 2005, most students reported that they have not used cocaine in the past 30 days.**
 - 3.4 percent of students reported using any form of cocaine including powder, crack or freebase one or more times during the past 30 days.
 - Students in the ninth (2.4 percent) and 11th (0.9 percent) grades were significantly less likely than students in the 12th grade (6.6 percent) to report having used cocaine in the past 30 days.
 - There were no significant differences in having used cocaine in the past 30 days by gender.
- **There was no significant difference in total cocaine usage in the past 30 days between 1999 and 2005.**
 - A significant decrease was observed in students using cocaine in the 11th grade from 1999 (6 percent) to 2005 (0.9 percent).

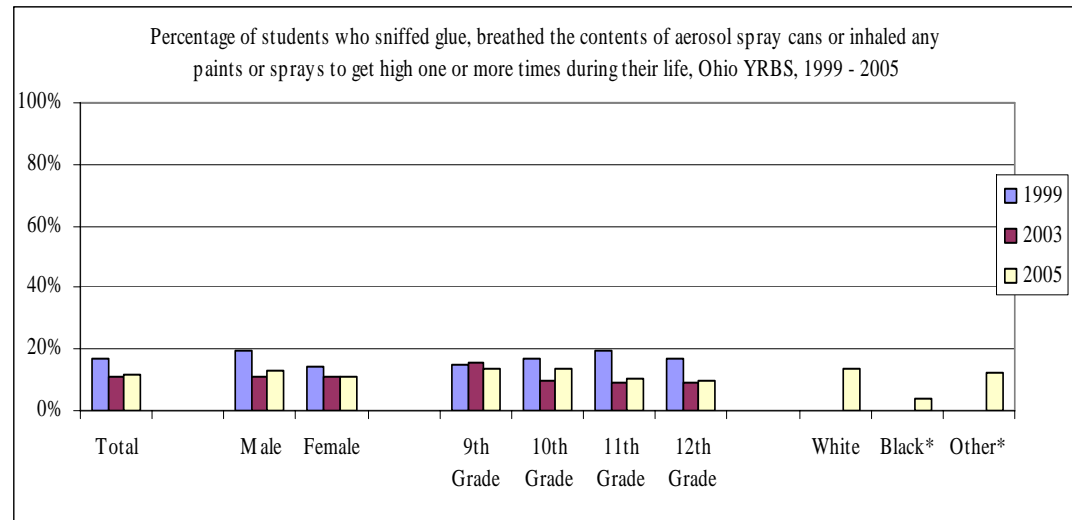


* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

● **Drugs: Inhalant Use**

Q55 During your life, how many times have you sniffed glue, breathed the contents of aerosol spray cans or inhaled any paints or sprays to get high?

- **In 2005, most students reported that they did not use inhalants.**
 - 11.9 percent of students reported sniffing glue, breathing the contents of aerosol spray cans or inhaling any paints or sprays to get high one or more times during their life.
 - There were no significant differences in having ever used inhalants by gender or grade level.
- **Overall, significantly fewer students reported ever using inhalants in 2005 (11.9 percent) than in 1999 (17 percent).**
 - This difference was also significant for males and students in the 11th grade.
 - There was no significant difference between 2003 and 2005.

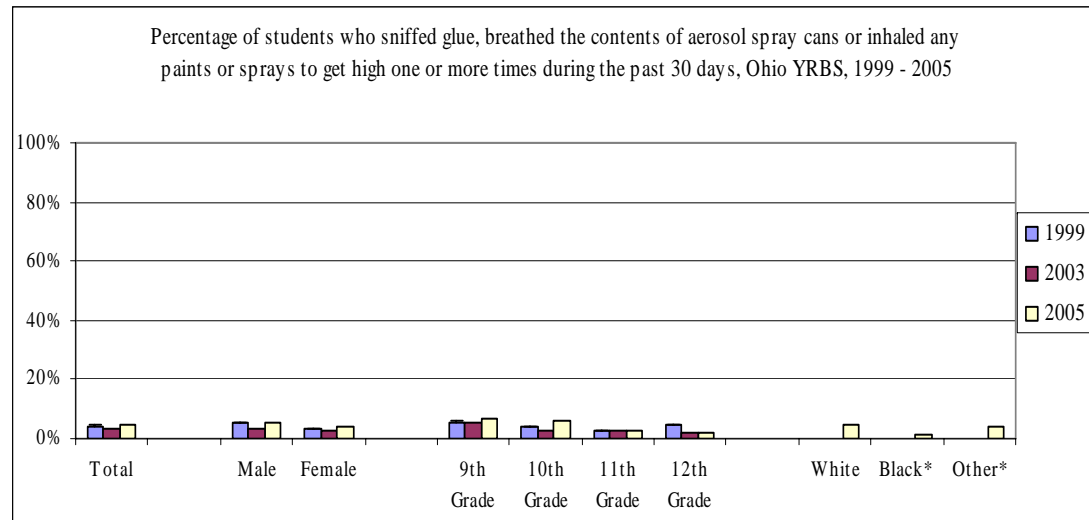


* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

● **Drugs: Inhalants--Use in Past Month**

Q56 During the past 30 days, how many times have you sniffed glue, breathed the contents of aerosol spray cans or inhaled any paints or sprays to get high?

- **In 2005, most students reported that they have not used inhalants in the past 30 days.**
 - 4.6 percent of students reported sniffing glue, breathing the contents of aerosol spray cans or inhaling any paints or sprays to get high one or more times during the past 30 days.
 - There were no significant differences in having used inhalants in the past 30 days by gender or grade level.
- **There were no significant differences in having used inhalants in the past 30 days between 1999 and 2005.**

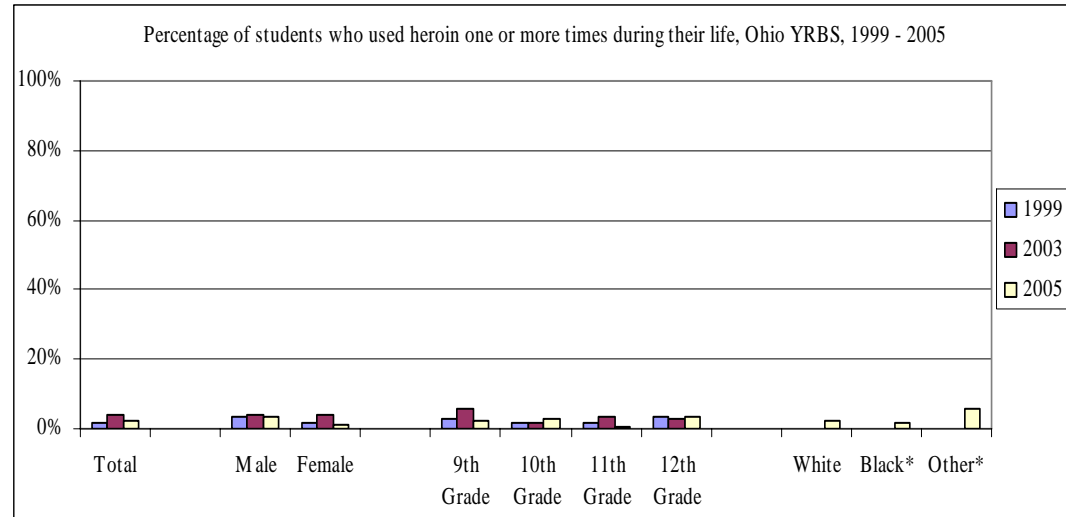


* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

● **Drugs: Heroin Use**

Q57 During your life, how many times have you used heroin (also called smack, junk, or China White)?

- **In 2005, most students reported that they did not use heroin.**
 - 2.3 percent of students reported using heroin one or more times during their life.
 - There were no significant differences in having ever used heroin by gender or grade level.
- **There were no significant differences in the total percentage of students who have ever used heroin between 1999 and 2005.**
 - A significant decrease was observed in the percentage of 11th grade students who have used heroin between 2003 (3.3 percent) and 2005 (0.5 percent).

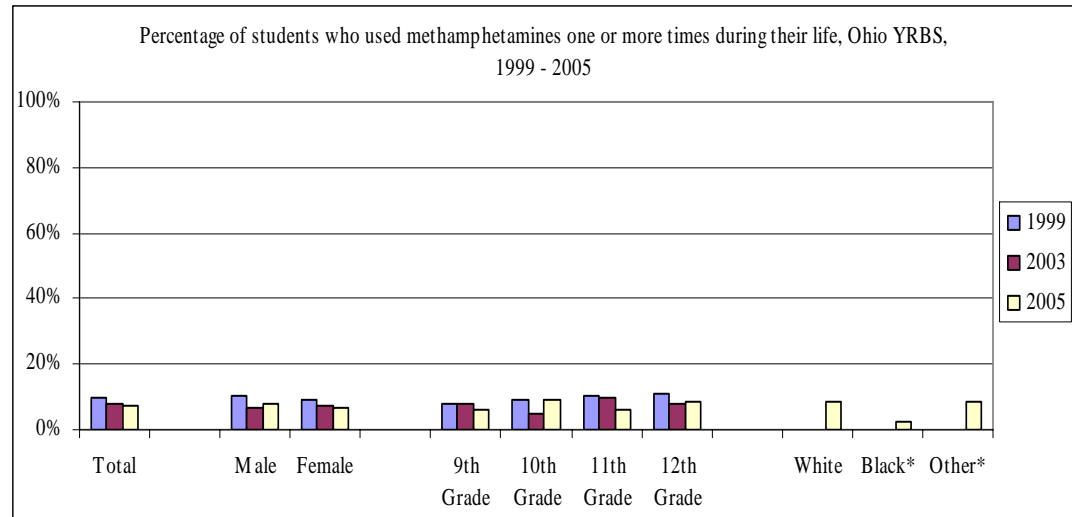


* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

• **Drugs: Methamphetamine Use**

Q58 During your life, how many times have you used methamphetamines (also called speed, crystal, crank or ice)?

- **In 2005, most students reported that they did not use methamphetamines.**
 - 7.5 percent of students reported using methamphetamines one or more times during their life.
 - There were no significant differences in having used methamphetamines by gender or grade level.
- **There were no significant differences in having ever used methamphetamines between 1999 and 2005.**

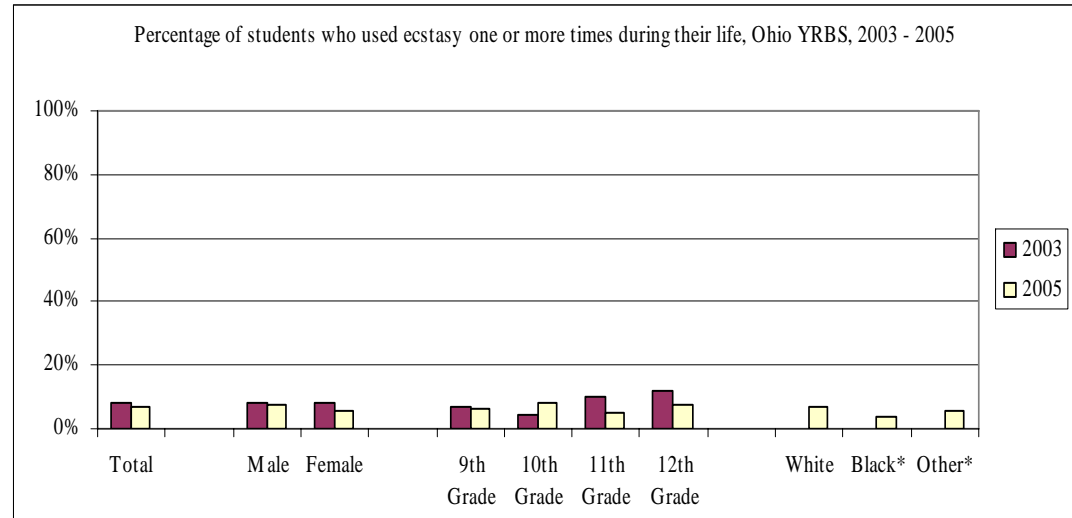


* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

• **Drugs: Ecstasy Use**

Q59 During your life, how many times have you used ecstasy (also called MDMA)?

- **In 2005, most students reported that they did not use ecstasy.**
 - 6.7 percent of students reported using ecstasy one or more times during their life.
 - There were no significant differences in having ever used ecstasy by gender or grade level.
- **There were no significant differences observed in the percentage of students who used ecstasy between 2003 and 2005.**
- **This question was not asked in 1999.**



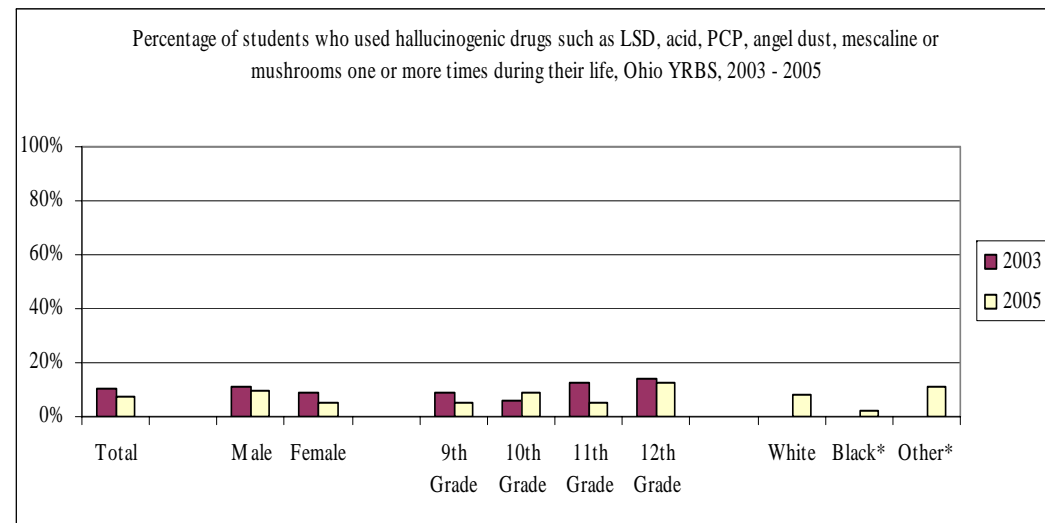
* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

• Drugs: Hallucinogen Use

Q60 During your life, how many times have you used hallucinogenic drugs such as LSD, acid, PCP, angel dust, mescaline or mushrooms?

- **In 2005, most students reported that they never used hallucinogenic drugs.**

- 7.7 percent of students reported using hallucinogenic drugs such as LSD, acid, PCP, angel dust, mescaline or mushrooms one or more times during their life.
- Males (10 percent) were significantly more likely than females (5.4 percent) to report having used hallucinogenic drugs.
- Students in the 12th grade (12.7 percent) were significantly more likely than students in the ninth (5 percent) and the 11th (5 percent) grades to report having used hallucinogenic drugs.



* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

- **There were no significant differences observed in the percentage of students who used hallucinogenic drugs between 2003 and 2005**

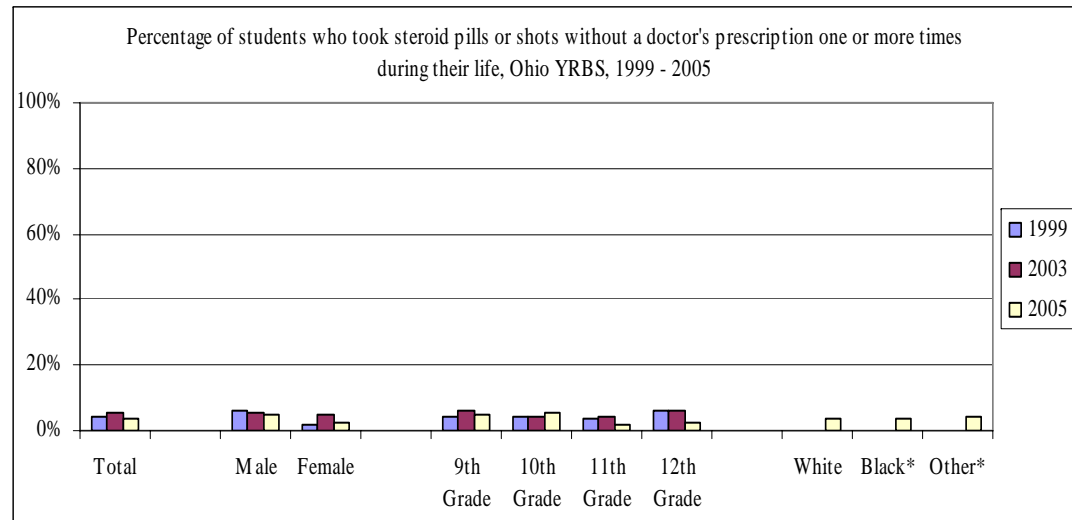
- A significant decrease was observed in the percent of students in the 11th grade who used hallucinogenic drugs in 2003 (12.6 percent) and 2005 (5.0 percent).

- **This question was not asked in 1999.**

• **Drugs: Steroid Use**

Q61 During your life, how many times have you taken steroid pills or shots without a doctor’s prescription?

- **In 2005, most students reported that they have never taken steroids without a doctor’s prescription.**
 - 3.6 percent of students reported taking steroid pills or shots without a doctor’s prescription one or more times during their life.
 - There were no significant differences in steroid use by gender or grade level.
- **There were no significant differences in steroid use between 1999 and 2005.**

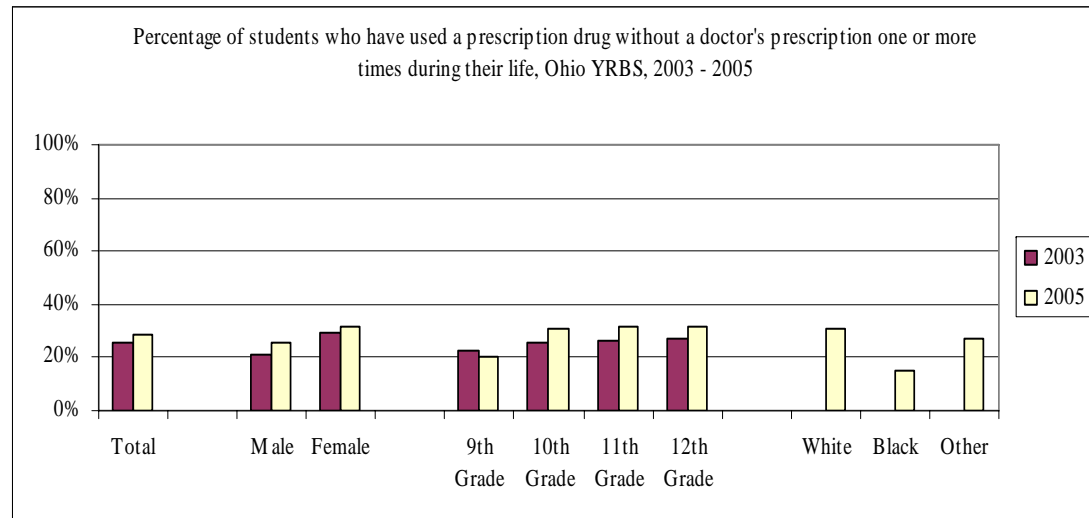


* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

• Drugs: Prescription Drug Use

Q62 During your life, how many times have you used a prescription drug without a doctor's prescription?

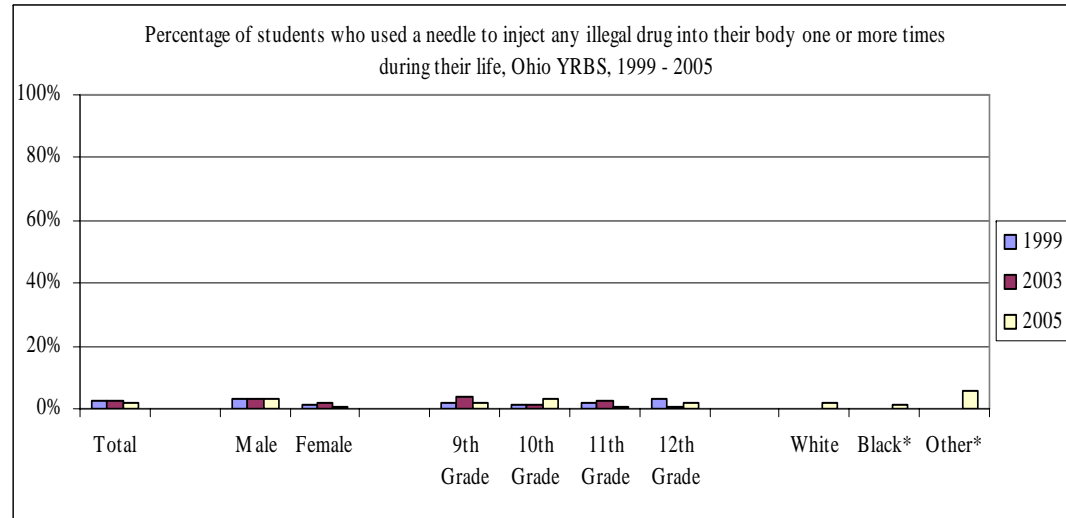
- **In 2005, more than one-fourth of students reported that they have used a prescription drug without a doctor's prescription.**
 - 28.4 percent of students reported using a prescription drug without a doctor's prescription one or more times during their life.
 - Students in the 10th (30.9 percent) and 11th (31.6 percent) grades were significantly more likely than students in the ninth grade (20.4 percent) to have taken prescription drugs without a doctor's prescription.
 - White students (30.5 percent) were significantly more likely than black students (15 percent) to have used a prescription drug without a doctor's prescription.
 - There was no significant difference by gender.
- **There was no significant difference in prescription drug use without a doctor's prescription between 2003 and 2005.**
- **This question was not asked in 1000**



● **Drugs: Injected Drug Use**

Q63 During your life, how many times have you used a needle to inject any illegal drug into your body?

- **In 2005, most students reported that they have never used a needle to inject illegal drugs.**
 - 1.9 percent of students reported using a needle to inject any illegal drug into their body one or more times during their life.
 - There were no significant differences in the use of needles to inject illegal drugs by gender or grade level.
- **There were no significant differences in using a needle to inject illegal drugs between 1999 and 2005.**

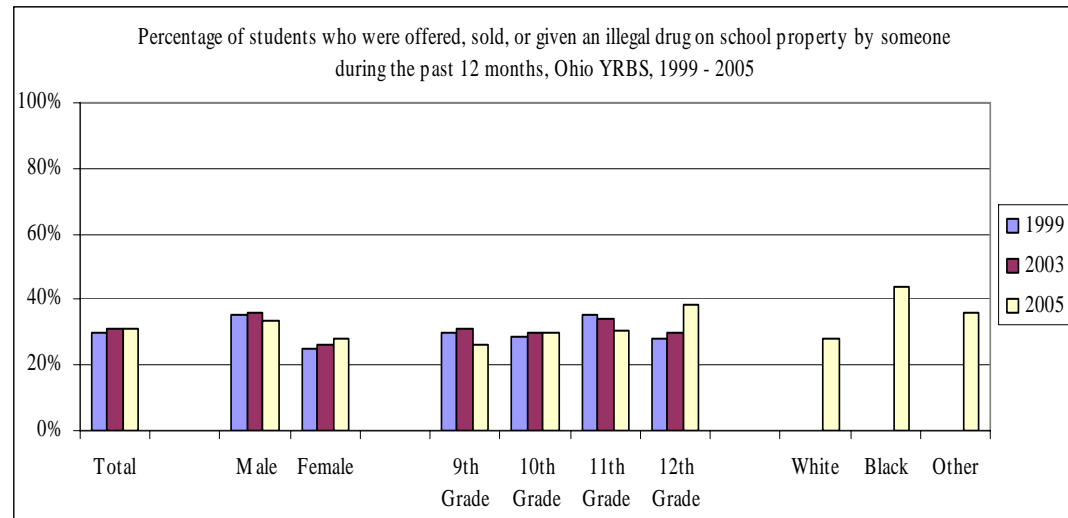


* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

• Drugs: Use On School Property

Q64 During the past 12 months, has anyone offered, sold or given you an illegal drug on school property?

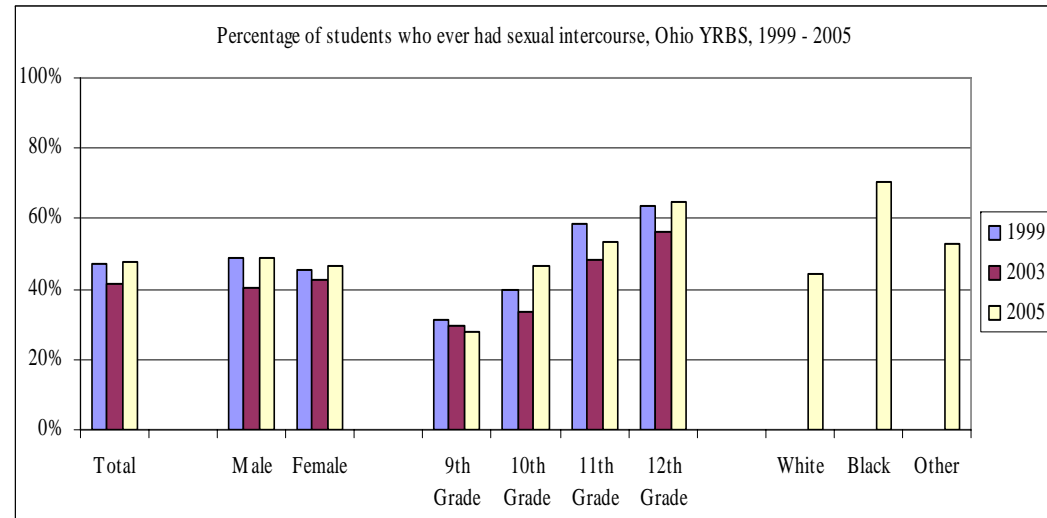
- **In 2005, approximately one-third of students reported being offered, sold or given illegal drugs on school property.**
 - 30.9 percent of students reported being offered, sold or given an illegal drug on school property by someone during the past 12 months.
 - Black students (43.6 percent) were significantly more likely than white students (28.3 percent) to have been offered, sold or given an illegal drug on school property by someone.
 - There was no significant difference in the percentage of students offered, sold or given an illegal drug on school property by gender or grade level.
- **There were no significant differences in having ever been offered, sold or given illegal drugs on school property between 1999 and 2005.**



• Sexual Behaviors: Ever Had Sexual Intercourse

Q65 Have you ever had sexual intercourse?

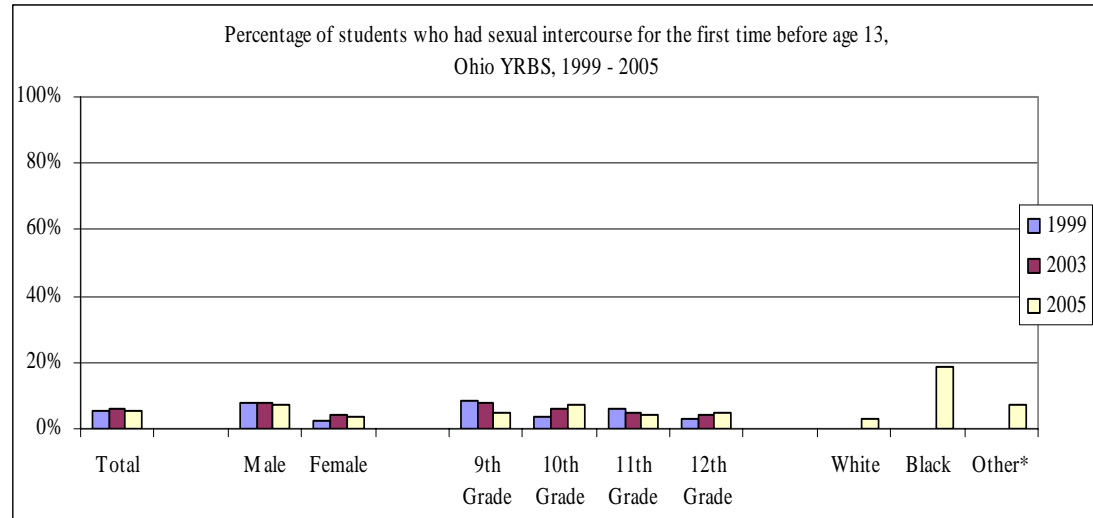
- **In 2005, less than one-half of students reported that they have had sexual intercourse.**
 - 47.8 percent of students reported that they have had sexual intercourse.
 - There were no significant differences in having had sexual intercourse between males and females.
 - Students in the 11th (53.6 percent) and 12th (64.8 percent) grades were significantly more likely than students in the ninth grade (27.9 percent) to report having had sexual intercourse. Students in the 12th grade were also significantly more likely than students in the 10th grade (46.6 percent) to report having had sexual intercourse.
 - Black students (70.3 percent) were significantly more likely than white students (44.1 percent) to report having had sexual intercourse.
- **There were no significant differences in having ever had sexual intercourse between 1999 and 2005.**



● **Sexual Behaviors: Age at First Intercourse**

Q66 How old were you when you had sexual intercourse for the first time?

- **In 2005, most students reported that they did not have sexual intercourse before age 13.**
 - 5.3 percent of students reported having had sexual intercourse before age 13.
 - There were no significant differences in having had sexual intercourse before age 13 by gender or grade level.
 - Black students (18.9 percent) were significantly more likely than white students (3.2 percent) to have had sexual intercourse before age 13.
- **There were no significant differences in having had sexual intercourse before age 13 between 1999 and 2005.**

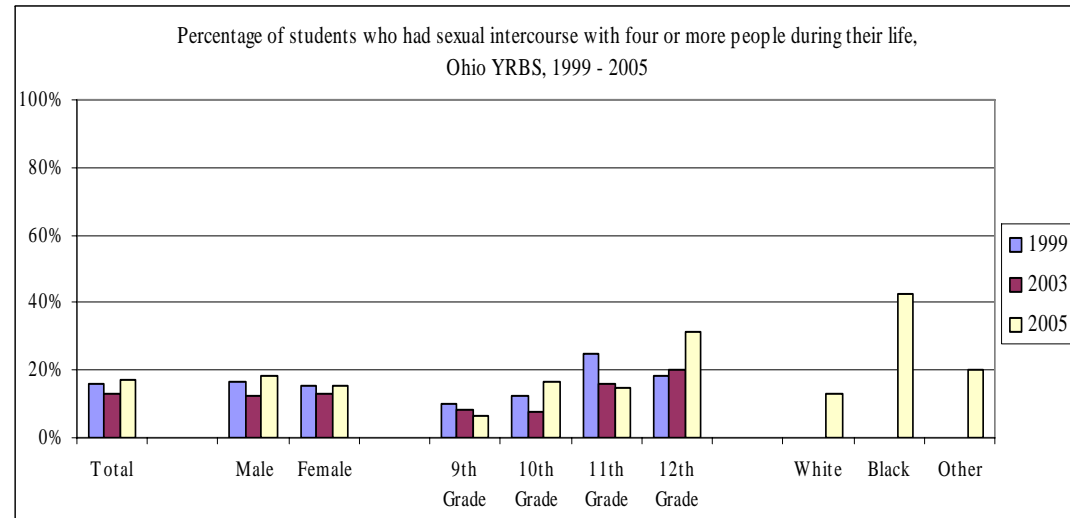


* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

• Sexual Behaviors: Number of Lifetime Partners

Q67 During your life, with how many people have you had sexual intercourse?

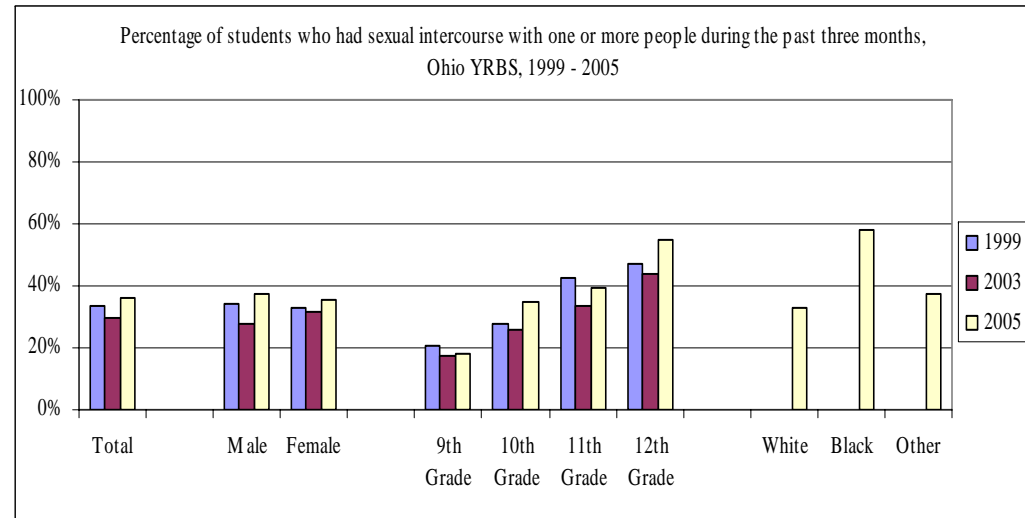
- **In 2005, most students reported that they have not had sexual intercourse with four or more people.**
 - 16.9 percent of students reported having had sexual intercourse with four or more people during their life.
 - There were no significant differences in having had sexual intercourse with four or more people by gender.
 - Students in the 10th (16.6 percent), 11th (14.5 percent) and 12th (31.6 percent) grades were significantly more likely than students in the ninth grade (6.4 percent) to have had sexual intercourse with four or more people.
 - Black students (42.5 percent) were significantly more likely than white students (12.8 percent) and students of other races (20 percent) to have had sex with four or more people.
- **There was no significant difference overall in having had sexual intercourse with four or more people between 1999 and 2005.**
 - A significant increase was observed for students in the 10th grade who have had sexual intercourse with four or more people between 2003 (7.9 percent) and 2005 (16.6 percent).



• Sexual Behaviors: Number of Recent Partners

Q68 During the past three months, with how many people did you have sexual intercourse?

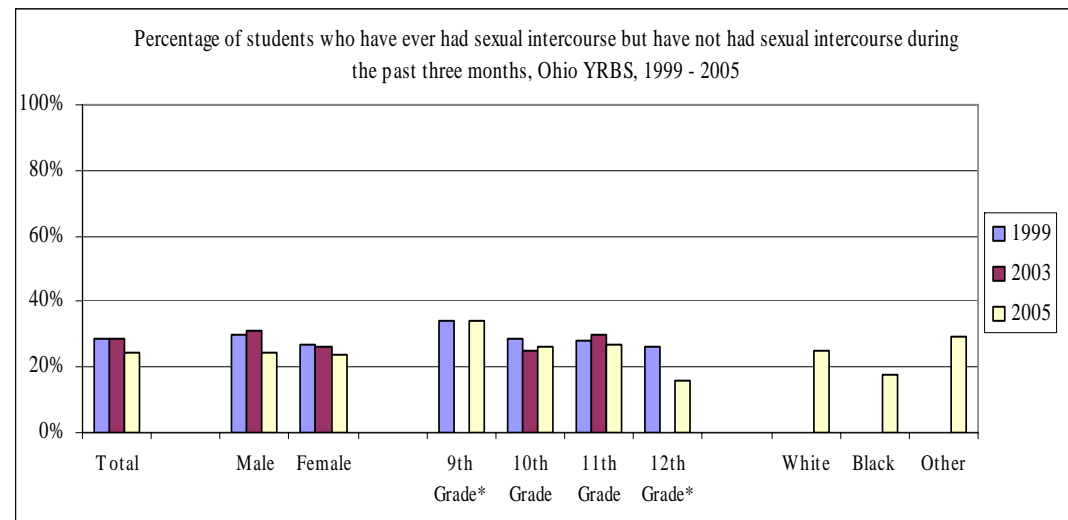
- **In 2005, approximately one-third of students reported that they have had sexual intercourse in the past three months.**
 - 36.4 percent of students reported having had sexual intercourse with one or more people during the past three months.
 - There were no significant differences in having had sexual intercourse in the past three months between males and females.
 - Students in the 10th (34.6 percent), 11th (39.7 percent) and 12th (54.9 percent) grades were significantly more likely than students in the ninth grade (18.3 percent) to have had sexual intercourse with one or more people during the past three months. Students in 12th grade were also significantly more likely than those in 10th grade to have had sexual intercourse with one or more people during the past three months.
 - Black students (57.8 percent) were significantly more likely than white students (33.1 percent) to have had sexual intercourse with one or more people during the past three months.
- **There were no significant differences in having had sexual intercourse in the past three months between 1999 and 2005.**



• Sexual Behaviors: No Recent Sexual Intercourse

Q68 Percentage of students who have ever had sexual intercourse but have not had sexual intercourse during the past three months.

- **In 2005, almost one-quarter of students reported that they have abstained from sexual intercourse during the past three months.**
 - 24.2 percent of students reported having had sexual intercourse but not during the past three months.
 - Among students who have had sexual intercourse, students in the ninth grade (34.4 percent) were significantly more likely than students in the 12th grade (16 percent) to have abstained from intercourse in the past three months.
 - There were no significant differences in having had sexual intercourse but not during the past three months by gender or race.
- **There were no significant differences in having had sexual intercourse but not in the past three months between 1999 and 2005.**



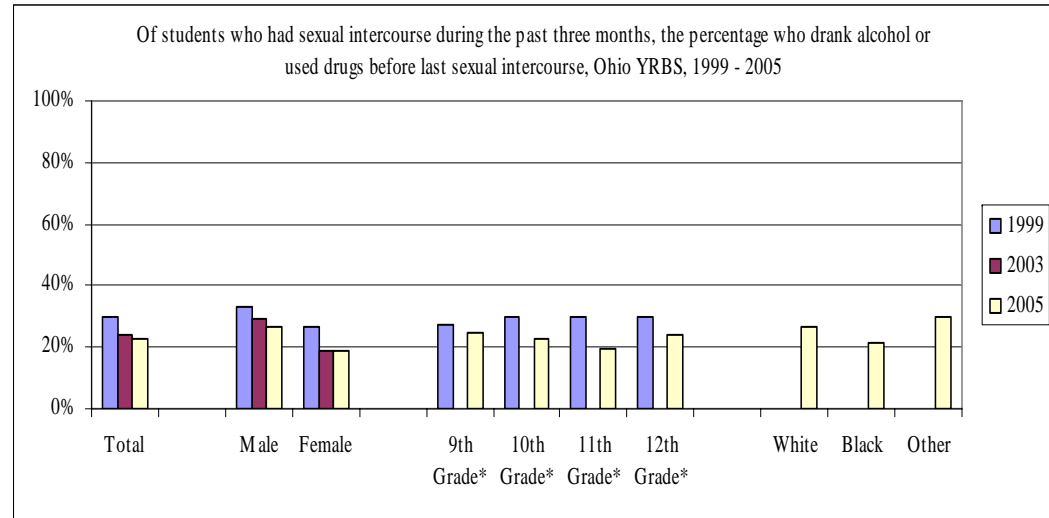
* 2003 data not reported due to small sample size.

● **Sexual Behaviors: Alcohol or Drug Use Before Sexual Intercourse**

Q69 Did you drink alcohol or use drugs before you had sexual intercourse the last time?

- **In 2005, approximately one-fourth of students reported that they drank alcohol or used drugs before the last time they had sexual intercourse.**
 - 22.7 percent of students who reported having had sexual intercourse during the past three months drank alcohol or used drugs before last sexual intercourse.
 - There were no significant differences in drinking alcohol or using drugs before last sexual intercourse by gender, grade level or race.

- **There were no significant differences in drinking alcohol or using drugs before last sexual intercourse between 1999 and 2005.**

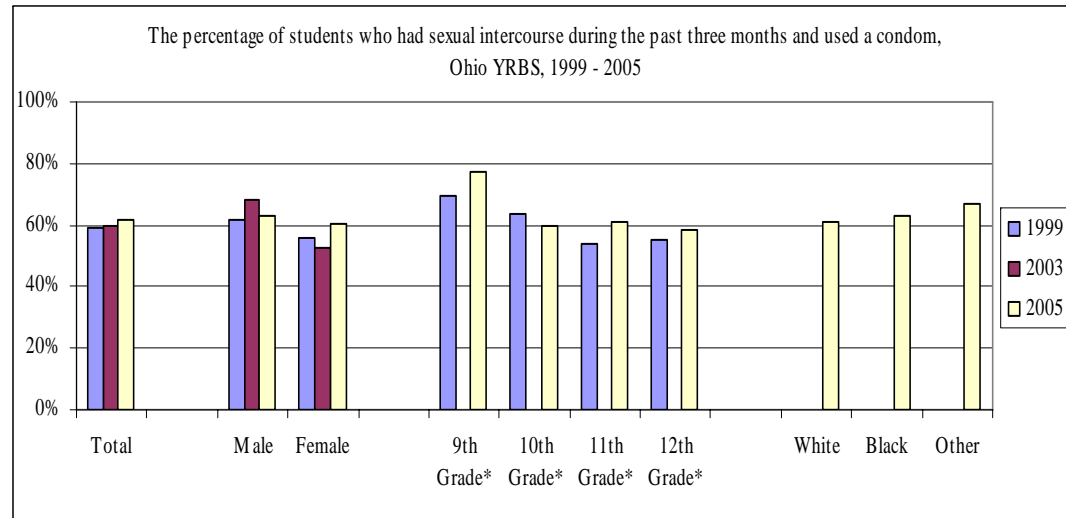


*2003 data not reported due to small sample size.

● **Sexual Behaviors: Condom Use**

Q70 The last time you had sexual intercourse, did you or your partner use a condom?

- **In 2005, most students reported that they used condoms.**
 - 61.7 percent of students who reported having had sexual intercourse during the past three months used a condom during last sexual intercourse.
 - There were no significant differences in condom use by gender, grade level or race.
- **There were no significant differences in using a condom between 1999 and 2005.**

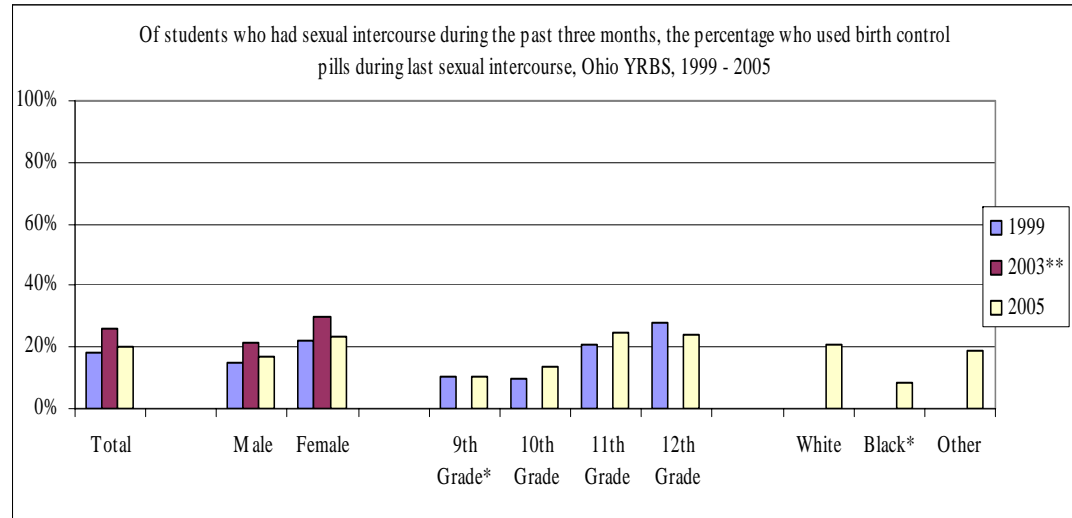


*2003 data not reported due to small sample size.

• **Sexual Behaviors: Use of Birth Control Pills**

Q71 The last time you had sexual intercourse, what one method did you or your partner use to prevent pregnancy?

- **In 2005, approximately one-fourth of students reported using birth control pills to prevent pregnancy.**
 - 20 percent of students who reported having had sexual intercourse during the past three months reported that they/their partner used birth control pills during last sexual intercourse.
 - There were no significant differences in the use of birth control pills by themselves/their partner to prevent pregnancy by gender, grade level or race.
- **There were no significant differences in birth control pill use between 1999 and 2005.**

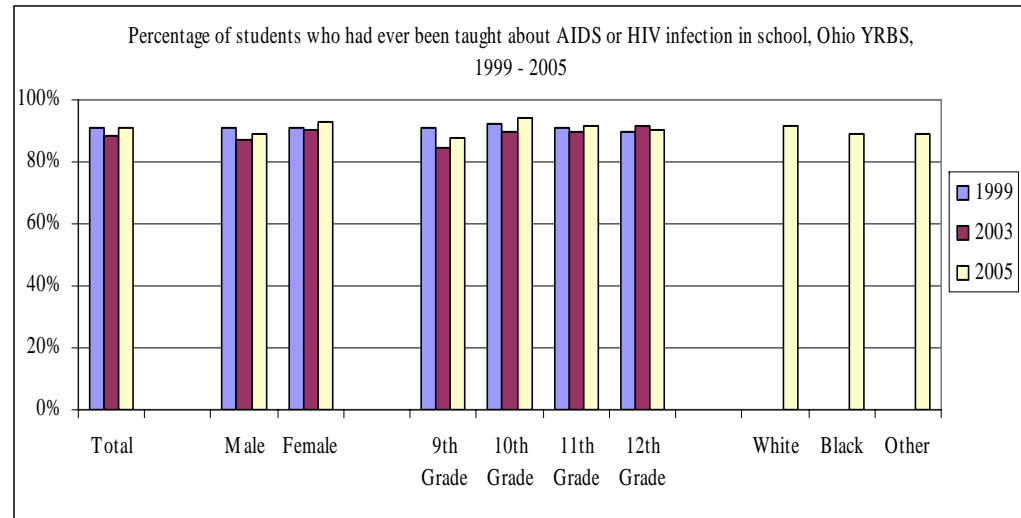


* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.
 ** 2003 not reported due to small sample size.

● Preventive Health Care: HIV/AIDS Prevention Education

Q94 Have you ever been taught about AIDS or HIV infection in school?

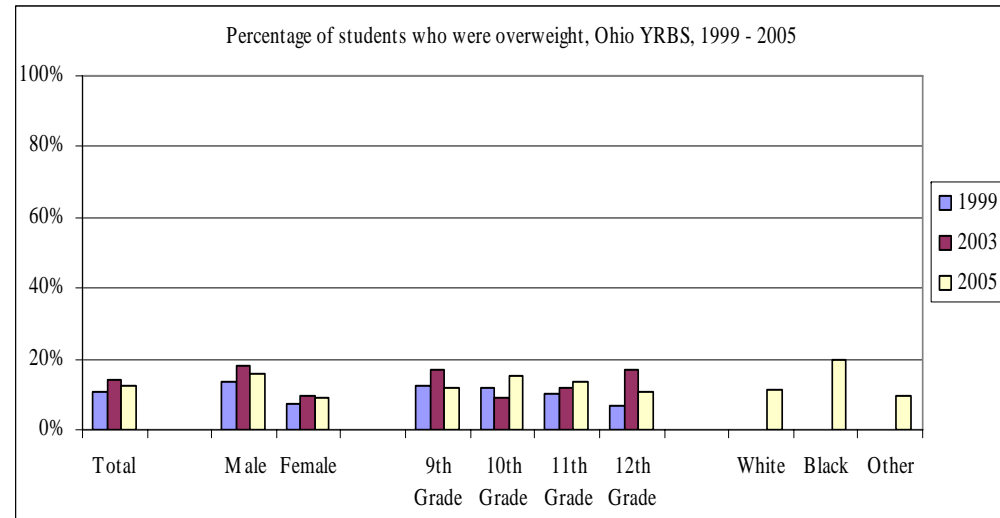
- **In 2005, most students reported that they have been taught about AIDS or HIV infection in school.**
 - 90.9 percent of students reported being taught about HIV/AIDS infection in school.
 - There were no significant differences in being taught about HIV/AIDS infection by gender, grade level or race.
- **There were no significant differences in being taught about HIV/AIDS infection in school between 1999 and 2005.**



• Nutrition: Overweight

How tall are you? How much do you weigh?

- **In 2005, more than 10 percent of students were overweight.***
 - 12.7 percent of students were overweight based on self report of height and weight.
 - Significantly more males (16 percent) than females (9.2 percent) were overweight.
 - There are no significant differences in students who were overweight by grade level or race.
- **There was no significant difference in the total percentage of students who were overweight between 1999 and 2005**
 - A significant increase was observed for students in the 10th grade between 2003 (9.2 percent) and 2005 (15.2 percent).

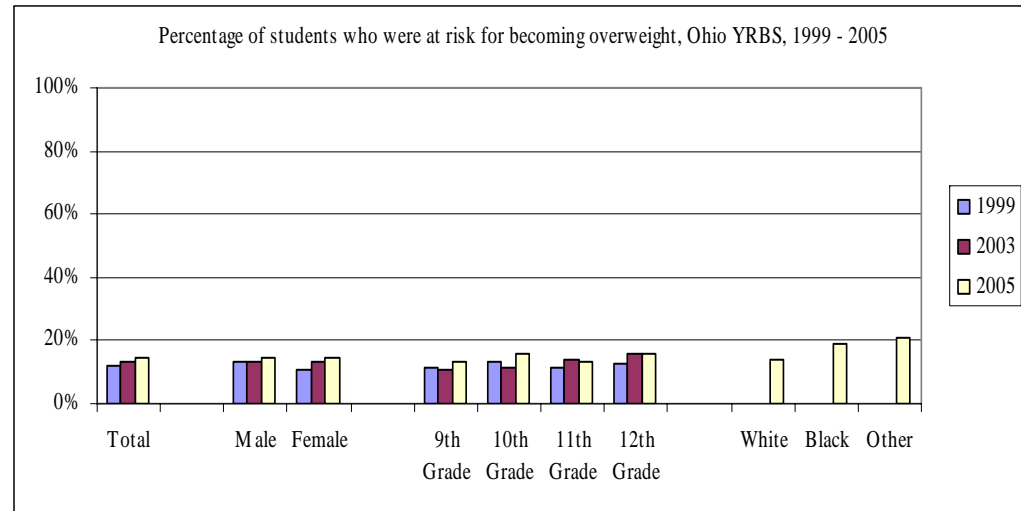


*Students with a Body Mass Index at or above the 95th percentile are considered overweight. Calculations based upon self-reported height and weight.

• Nutrition: Overweight Risk

How tall are you? How much do you weigh?

- **In 2005, less than one-fifth of students were at risk for becoming overweight.***
 - 14.7 percent of students were at risk for becoming overweight based on self-report of height and weight.
 - There were no significant differences in being at risk for becoming overweight by gender, grade level or race.
- **There were no significant differences in being at risk for becoming overweight between 1999 and 2005.**



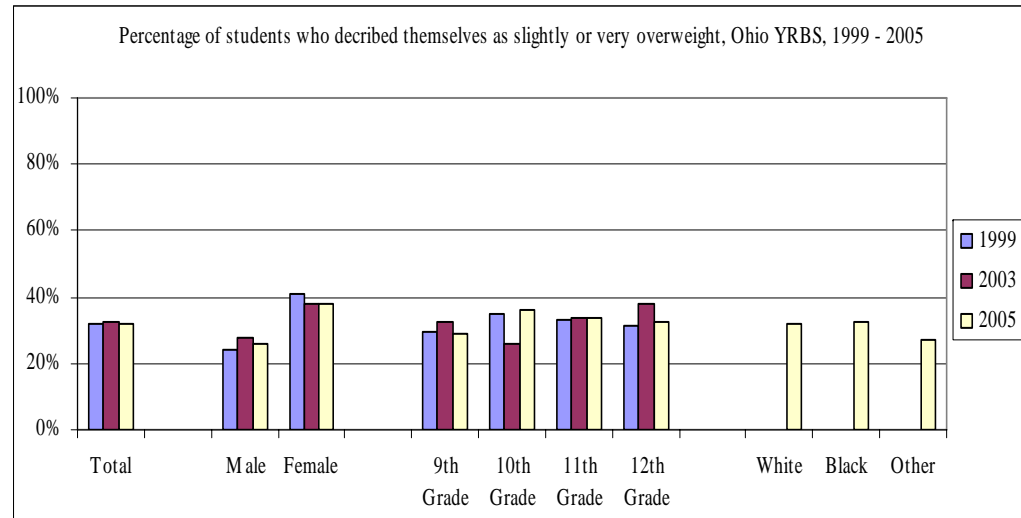
*Students at risk for becoming overweight are those with a Body Mass Index at or above the 85th percentile, but below the 95th percentile. Calculations based upon self-reported height and weight.

• Nutrition: Overweight

Q73 How do you describe your weight?

- **In 2005, approximately one-third of students reported that they describe themselves as slightly or very overweight.**
 - 32 percent of students described themselves as slightly or very overweight.
 - Significantly more females (38.1 percent) than males (26.0 percent) described themselves as overweight.
 - There was no significant difference in students who describe themselves as being overweight by grade level or race.

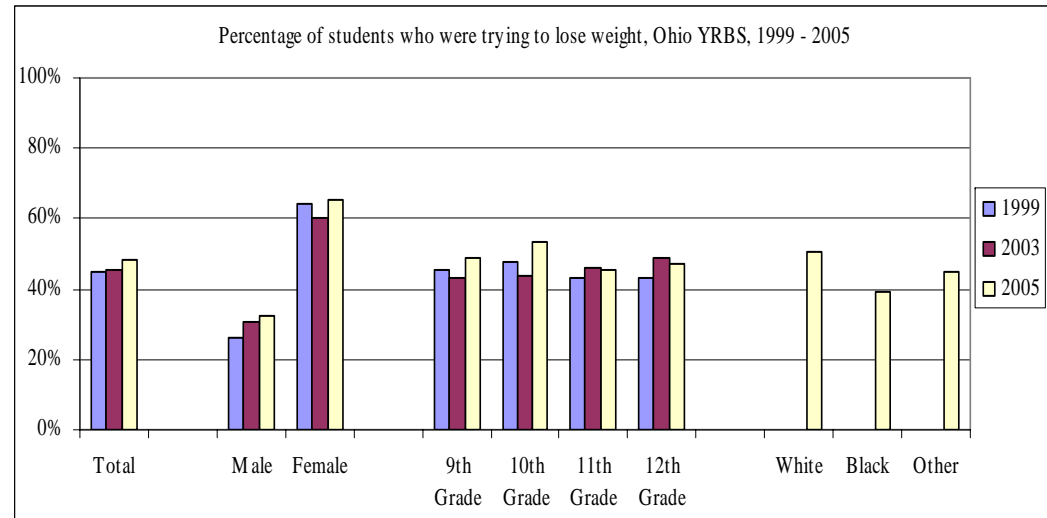
- **There was no significant difference overall in the percentage of students describing themselves as slightly or very overweight between 1999 and 2005.**
 - A significant increase was observed for students in the 10th grade who described themselves as overweight between 2003 (25.9 percent) and 2005 (35.9 percent).



• Nutrition: Weight Control

Q74 Which of the following are you trying to do about your weight?

- **In 2005, approximately one-half of students reported that they were trying to lose weight.**
 - 48.5 percent of students reported that they were trying to lose weight.
 - Significantly more females (65.3 percent) than males (32.5 percent) reported that they were trying to lose weight.
 - There were no significant differences in trying to lose weight by grade level or race.
- **There was no significant difference overall in the percentage of students trying to lose weight between 1999 and 2005.**



• Nutrition: Weight Control

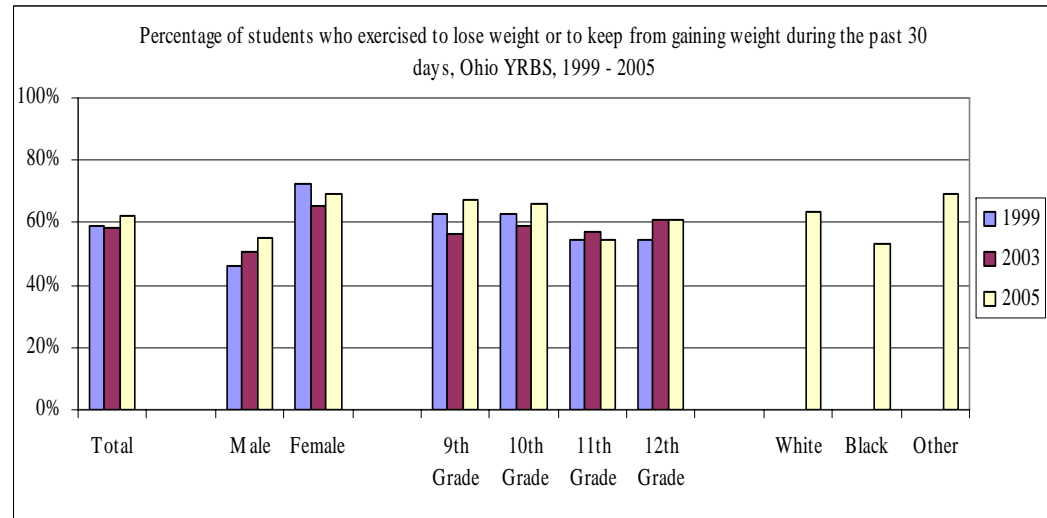
Q75 During the past 30 days, did you exercise to lose weight or to keep from gaining weight?

- **In 2005, more than one-half of students reported that they were exercising for weight control.**

- 62.0 percent of students reported exercising to lose weight or to keep from gaining weight during the past 30 days.
- Significantly more females (69.2 percent) than males (55.1 percent) reported exercising for weight control.
- Students in the ninth (67.1 percent) and 10th (65.8 percent) grades were significantly more likely to exercise to maintain or lose weight than students in 11th grade (54.8 percent).
- There were no significant differences in exercising for weight control by race.

- **There was no significant difference overall in the percentage of students exercising to lose weight or to keep from gaining weight between 1999 and 2005.**

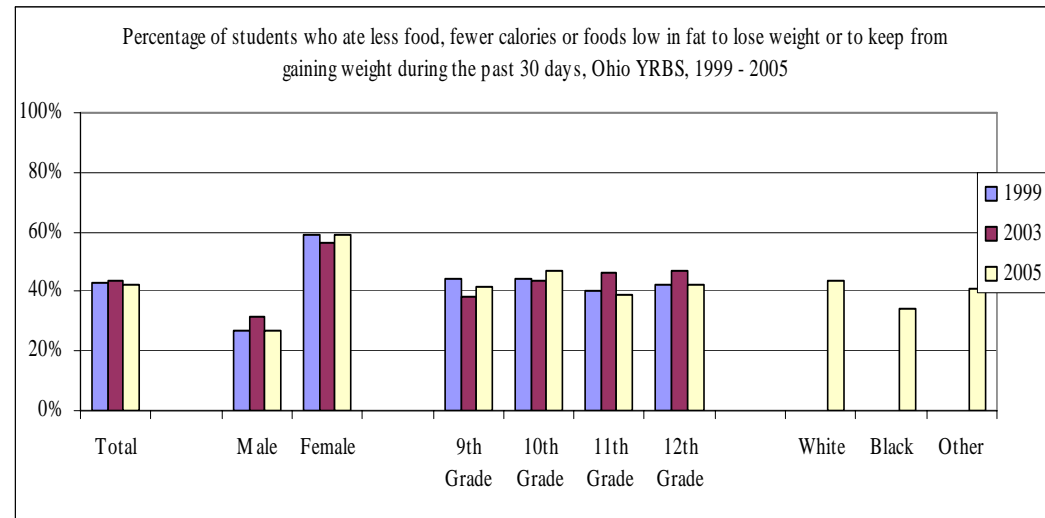
- A significant difference was observed in the percentage of males who exercised for weight control between 1999 (47 percent) and 2005 (55.1 percent).



• Nutrition: Weight Control

Q76 During the past 30 days, did you eat less food, fewer calories or foods low in fat to lose weight or to keep from gaining weight?

- **In 2005, less than one-half of students reported that they eat less food, fewer calories or foods low in fat for weight control.**
 - 42.2 percent of students reported eating less food, fewer calories or foods low in fat to lose weight or to keep from gaining weight during the past 30 days.
 - Significantly more females (58.8 percent) than males (26.6 percent) reported eating less food or fewer calories for weight control.
 - There were no significant differences in the percentage of students eating less for weight control by grade level or race.
- **There was no significant difference overall in the percentage of students eating less to lose weight or to keep from gaining weight between 1999 and 2005.**

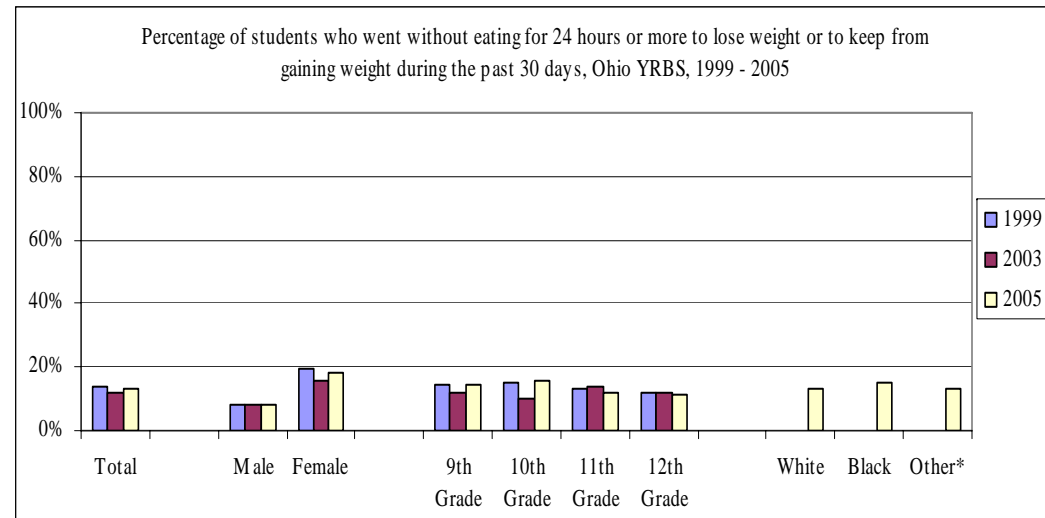


• Nutrition: Weight Control

Q77 During the past 30 days, did you go without eating for 24 hours or more (also called fasting) to lose weight or to keep from gaining weight?

- **In 2005, most students reported that they did not fast for weight control.**
 - 13.2 percent of students reported not eating for 24 hours or more to lose weight or to keep from gaining weight during the past 30 days.
 - Significantly more females (18.4 percent) than males (8.3 percent) reported not eating for at least 24 hours for weight control.
 - There were no significant differences in fasting for weight control by grade level or race.

- **There was no significant difference overall in the percentage of students fasting to lose weight or to keep from gaining weight between 1999 and 2005.**



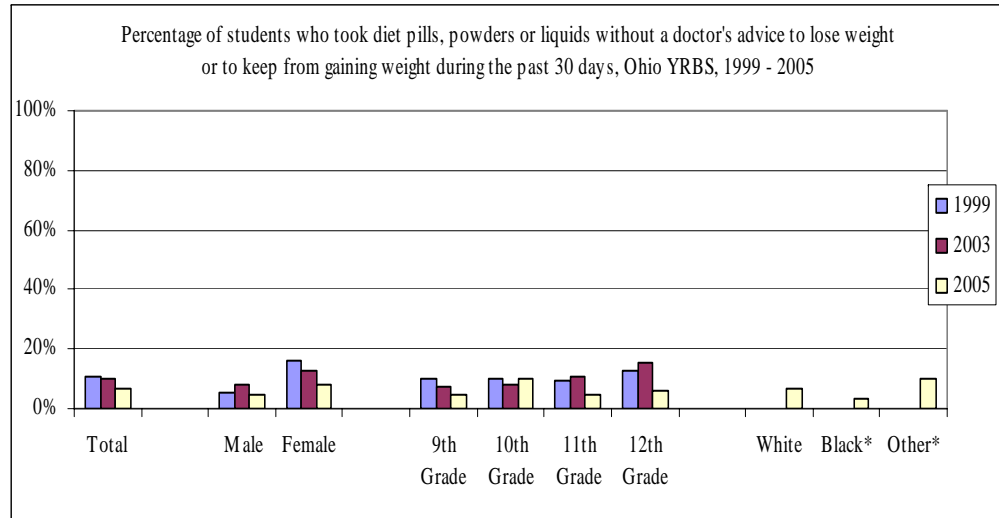
* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

● **Nutrition: Weight Control**

Q78 During the past 30 days, did you take any diet pills, powders or liquids without a doctor’s advice to lose weight or to keep from gaining weight?

● **In 2005, most students reported that they did not take diet pills, powders or liquids for weight control.**

- 6.5 percent of students reported taking diet pills, powders or liquids without a doctor’s advice to lose weight or to keep from gaining weight during the past 30 days.
- Students in the 10th grade (10.3 percent) were significantly more likely than students in the 11th grade (4.9 percent) to report taking diet pills, powders or liquids for weight control
- There were no significant differences in taking diet pills, powders or liquids for weight control by gender.



* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

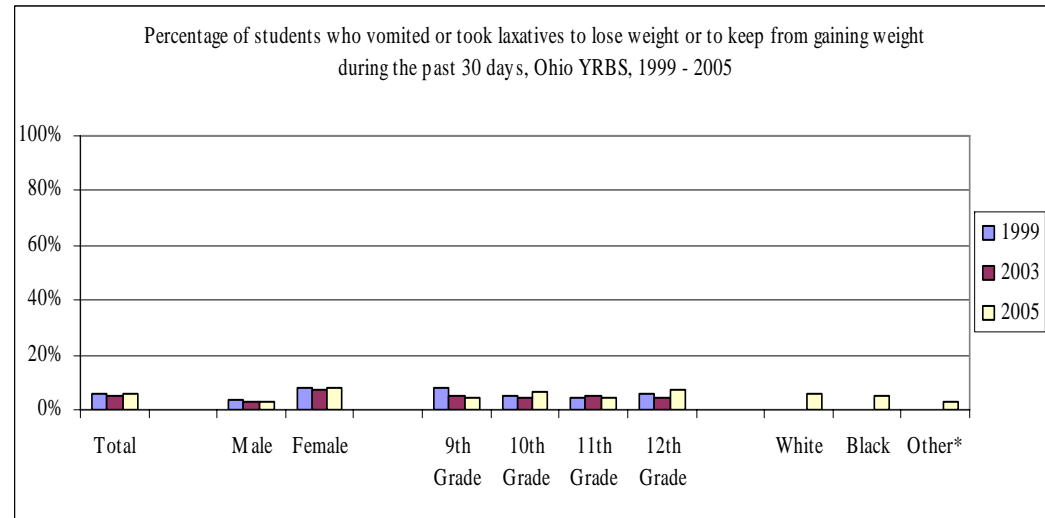
● **A significant decrease was observed in the overall percentage of students who took reported that they use diet pills, powders, or liquids for weight control from 1999 (10.7 percent) and 2003 (10.4 percent) to 2005 (6.5 percent).**

- A significant decrease was observed in females taking diet aids between 1999 (16 percent) and 2005 (8.3 percent).
- A significant decrease was observed in students who took diet aids in the 11th and 12th grades between 2003 (10.5 percent and 15.7 percent, respectively) and 2005 (4.9 percent and 6.2 percent, respectively).

• Nutrition: Weight Control

Q79 During the past 30 days, did you vomit or take laxatives to lose weight or to keep from gaining weight?

- **In 2005, few students reported that they vomit or take laxatives for weight control.**
 - 5.6 percent of students reported vomiting or taking laxatives to lose weight or to keep from gaining weight during the past 30 days.
 - Significantly more females (8.1 percent) than males (3.1 percent) vomited or took laxatives for weight control.
 - There were no significant differences in vomiting or taking laxatives for weight control by grade level or race.
- **There was no significant difference overall in the percentage of students who reported that they vomit or take laxatives to either lose weight or to keep from gaining weight between**

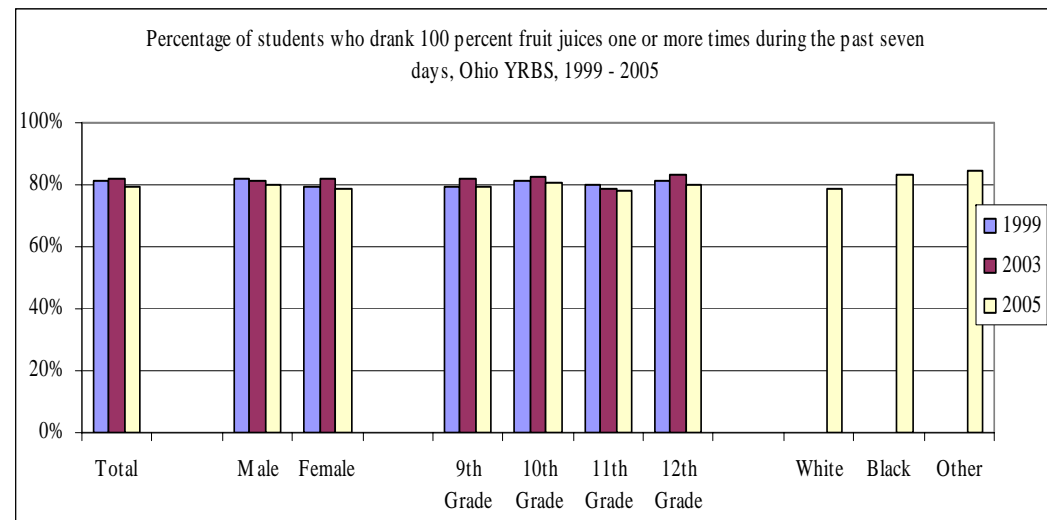


* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

• Nutrition: Fruit Juice

Q80 During the past seven days, how many times did you drink 100 percent fruit juices such as orange juice, apple juice or grape juice?

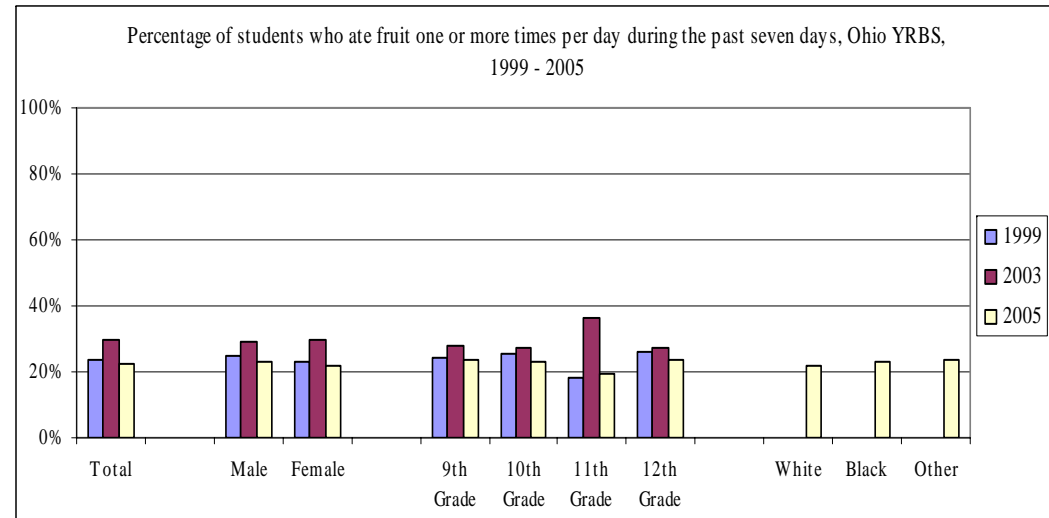
- **In 2005, most students reported drinking 100 percent fruit juice one or more times in the past seven days.**
 - 79.3 percent of students reported drinking 100 percent fruit juices one or more times during the past seven days.
 - There were no significant differences in drinking 100 percent fruit juices by gender, grade level, or race.
- **There was no significant difference overall in the percentage of students who drink fruit juices between 1999 and 2005.**



• Nutrition: Fruit

Q81 During the past seven days, how many times did you eat fruit?

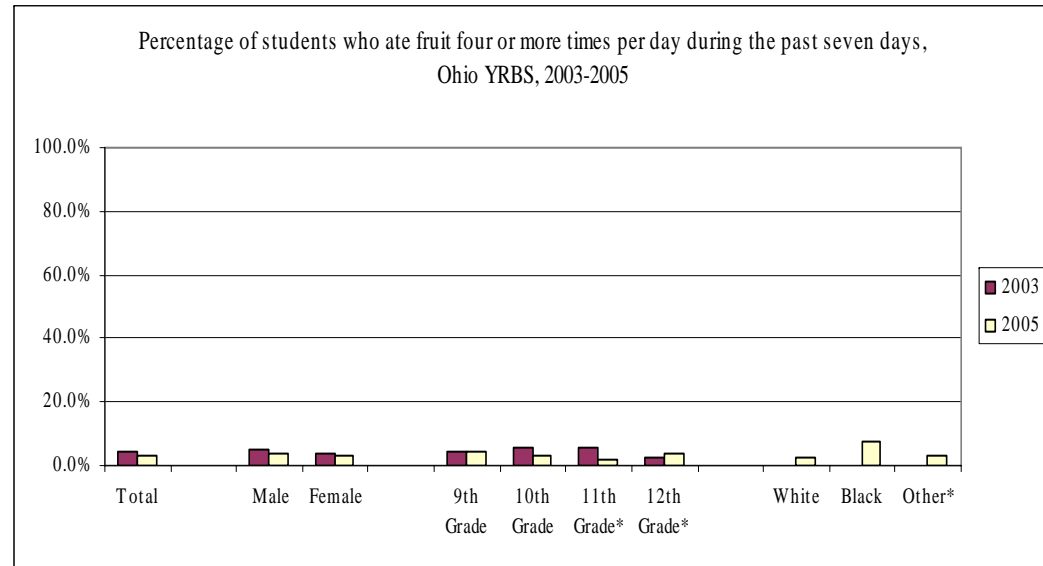
- **In 2005, more than one-fifth of students reported that they eat fruit daily.**
 - 22.3 percent of students reported eating fruit one or more times per day during the past seven days.
 - There were no significant differences in eating fruit by gender, grade level or race.
- **There was no significant difference overall in the percentage of students who ate fruit at least once per day between 1999 and 2005.**
 - A significant decrease was observed in the percentage of students who ate fruit at least once per day between 2003 (30 percent) and 2005 (22.3 percent).
 - A significant decrease was also observed in females (30 percent to 21.6 percent), and students in the 11th grade (36 percent to 19.5 percent).



● **Nutrition: Fruit**

Q81 During the past seven days, how many times did you eat fruit?

- **In 2005, few students reported that they eat fruit four or more times per day.**
 - 3.3 percent of students reported eating fruit four or more times per day during the past seven days.
 - There were no significant differences in eating fruit four or more times per day by gender or grade level.
 - Black students (7.8 percent) were significantly more likely than white students (2.4 percent) to eat fruit four or more times per day
- **There was no significant difference in the percentage of students who ate fruit at four or more times per day between 2003 and 2005.**

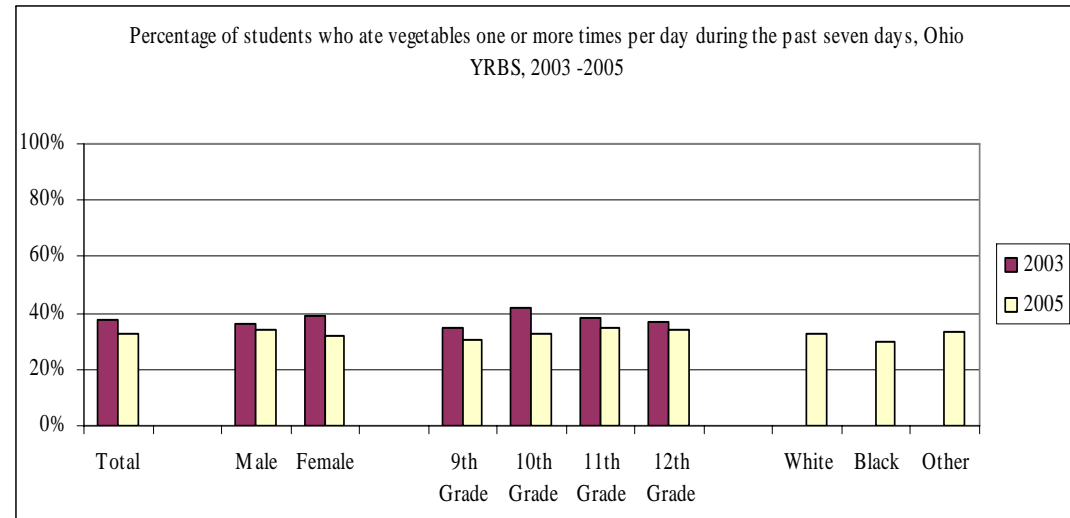


* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

• Nutrition: Vegetables

Q83 During the past seven days, how many times did you eat vegetables?

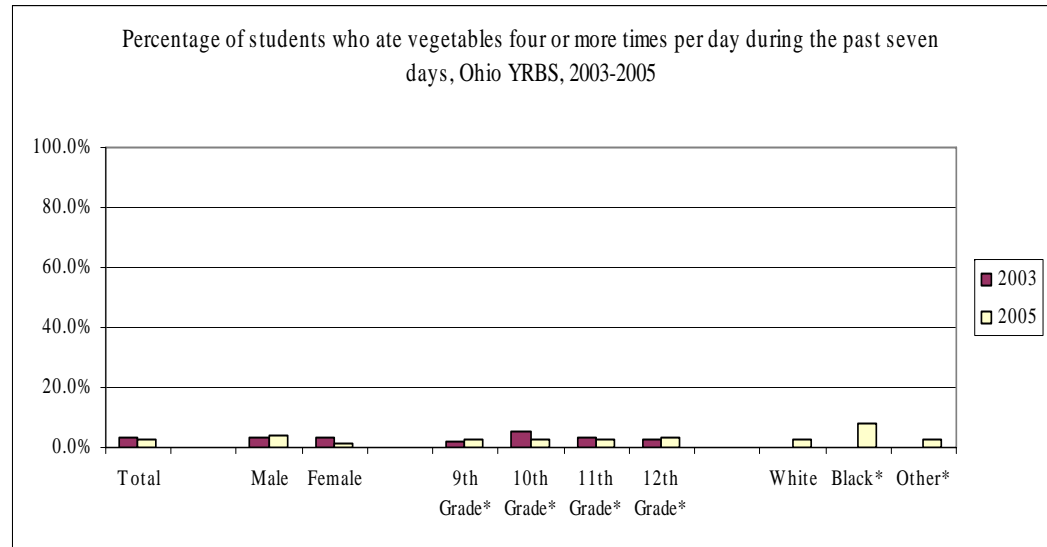
- **In 2005, approximately one-third of students reported that they eat vegetables daily.**
 - 32.9 percent of students reported eating vegetables one or more times per day during the past seven days.
 - There were no significant differences in eating vegetables by gender, grade level or race.
- **There was no significant difference in the percentage of students who ate vegetables one or more times per day between 2003 and 2005.**
- **This question was not asked in 1999.**



• **Nutrition: Vegetables**

Q83 During the past seven days, how many times did you eat vegetables?

- **In 2005, almost 3 percent of students reported that they eat vegetables four or more times per day.**
 - 2.8 percent of students reported eating vegetables four or more times per day during the past seven days.
 - Males (4.3 percent) were significantly more likely than females (1.3 percent) to report eating vegetables four or more times per day.
- **There was no significant difference in the percentage of students who ate vegetables four or more times per day between 2003 and 2005.**
- **This question was not asked in 1999.**

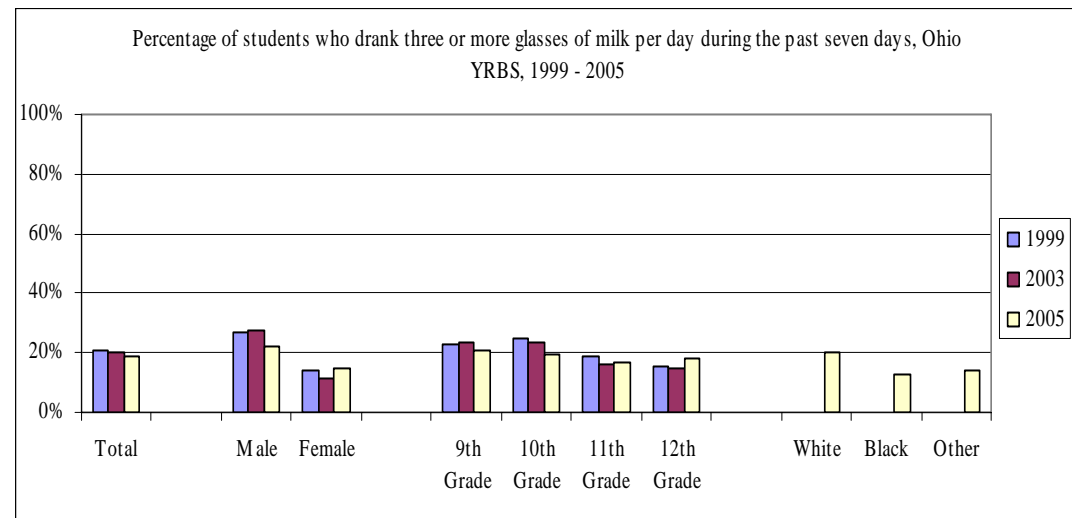


* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

• Nutrition: Milk

Q82 During the past seven days, how many glasses of milk did you drink?

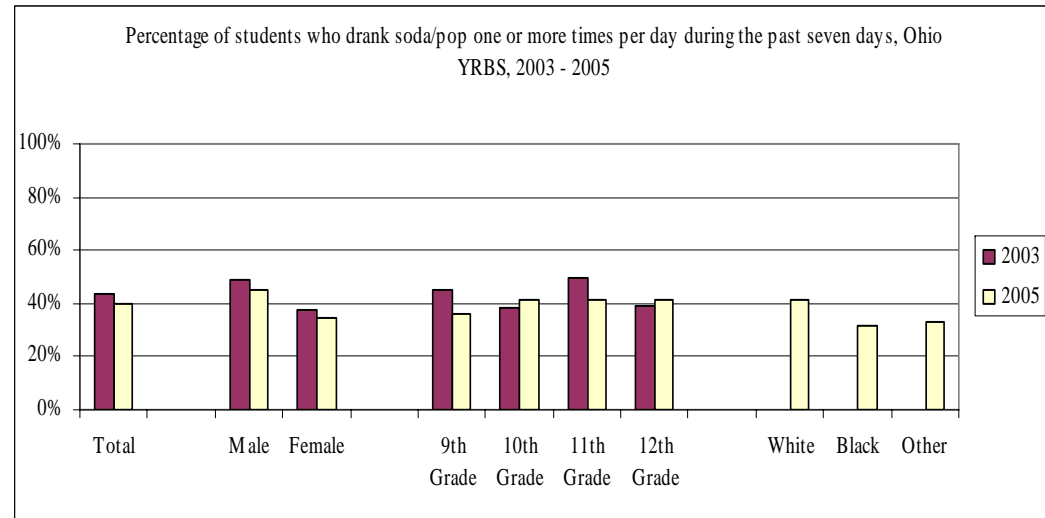
- **In 2005, almost one-fifth of students reported drinking three or more glasses of milk each day.**
 - 18.6 percent of students reported drinking three or more glasses of milk per day during the past seven days.
 - Males (22.3 percent) were significantly more likely to report drinking three or more glasses of milk per day than females (14.8 percent).
 - There were no significant differences in drinking milk by grade level or race.
- **There was no significant difference overall in the percentage of students who drank milk between 1999 and 2005.**



• Nutrition: Soda/Pop

Q84 During the past seven days, how many times did you drink soda/pop?

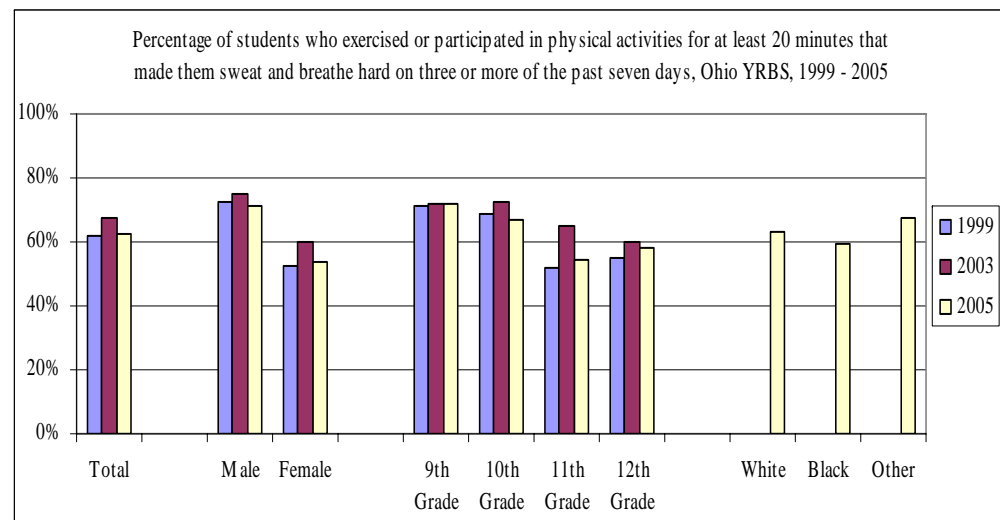
- **In 2005, almost one-half of students reported drinking soda/pop daily.**
 - 40 percent of students reported drinking soda/pop one or more times per day during the past seven days.
 - Significantly more males (45 percent) than females (34.8 percent) reported drinking soda/pop.
 - There were no significant differences in drinking soda/pop by grade level or race.
- **There were no significant differences in drinking soda/pop between 2003 and 2005.**
- **This question was not asked in 1999.**



• Physical Activity: Exercising

Q87 On how many of the past seven days did you exercise or participate in physical activity for at least 20 minutes that made you sweat or breathe hard such as basketball, soccer, running, swimming laps, fast bicycling, fast dancing or similar aerobic activities?

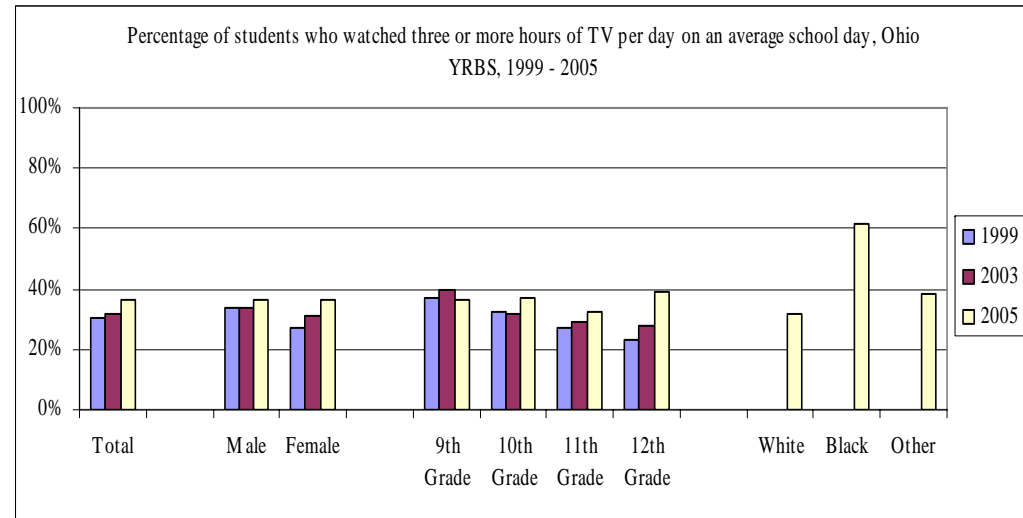
- **In 2005, approximately two-thirds of students reported exercising three or more days each week.**
 - 62.7 percent of students reported exercising or participating in physical activity for at least 20 minutes that made them sweat and breathe hard on three or more of the past seven days.
 - Significantly more males (71.1 percent) than females (53.9 percent) reported exercising.
 - Students in the ninth (72.1 percent) and 10th (66.6 percent) grades were significantly more likely to participate in physical activity for at least 20 minutes that made them sweat and breathe hard on three or more of the past seven days than students in the 11th grade (54.3 percent). Students in the ninth grade were also significantly more likely to participate in such activities when compared to students in the 12th grade (58 percent).
 - There was no significant difference in exercising by race.
- **There were no significant differences in students' exercising between 1999 and 2005.**



• Physical Activity: TV Viewing

Q91 On an average school day, how many hours do you watch TV?

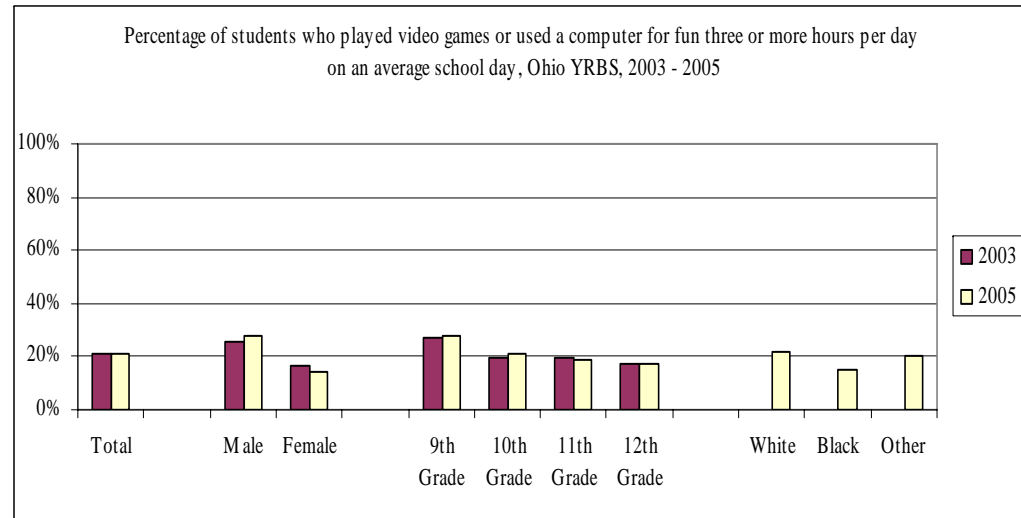
- **In 2005, approximately one-third of students reported watching three or more hours of TV daily.**
 - 36.4 percent of students reported watching three or more hours of TV per day on an average school day.
 - There were no significant differences in watching TV by gender or grade level.
 - Black students (61.6 percent) were significantly more likely than white students (32.1 percent) and students of other races (38.1 percent) to report watching three or more hours of TV daily.
- **There were no significant differences in the percentage of students who reported watching TV for three or more hours per day between 1999 and 2005.**



• Physical Activity: Recreational Computer Use

Q93 On an average school day, how many hours do you play video games or use a computer for fun?

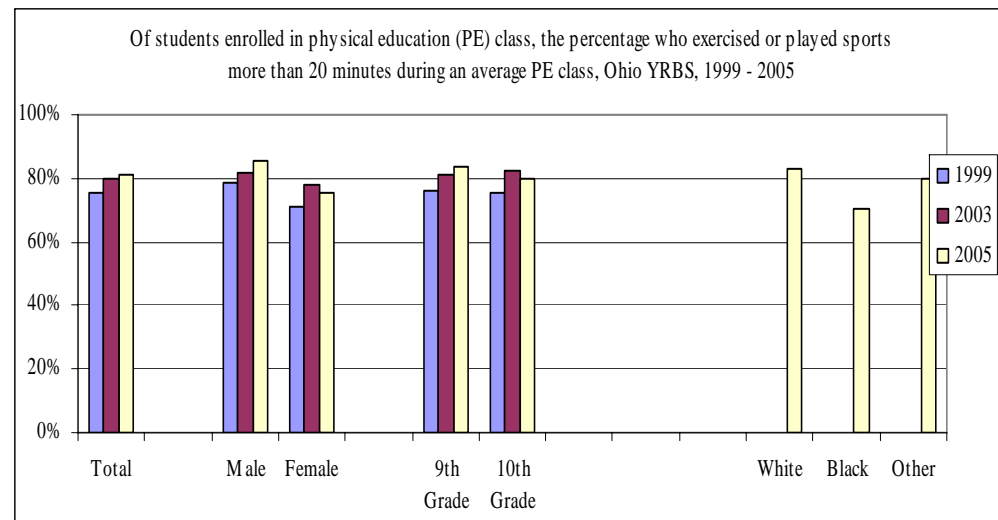
- **In 2005, more than one-fifth of students reported playing video games or using a computer for fun three or more hours daily.**
 - 21.2 percent of students reported playing video games or using a computer for fun three or more hours per day on an average school day.
 - Males (28.1 percent) were significantly more likely than females (13.9 percent) to report playing video games or using a computer for fun three or more hours per day on an average school day.
 - Students in the ninth grade (27.7 percent) were significantly more likely than students in the 12th grade (17.1 percent) to report playing video games or using a computer for fun three or more hours per day on an average school day.
 - There were no significant differences by race.
- **There was no significant difference between 2003 and 2005 in the percentage of students who play video games or use a computer for fun for three or more hours per day.**
- **This question was not asked in 1999.**



• Physical Activity: Physical Education Class

Q89 During an average physical education (PE) class, how many minutes do you spend actually exercising or playing sports?

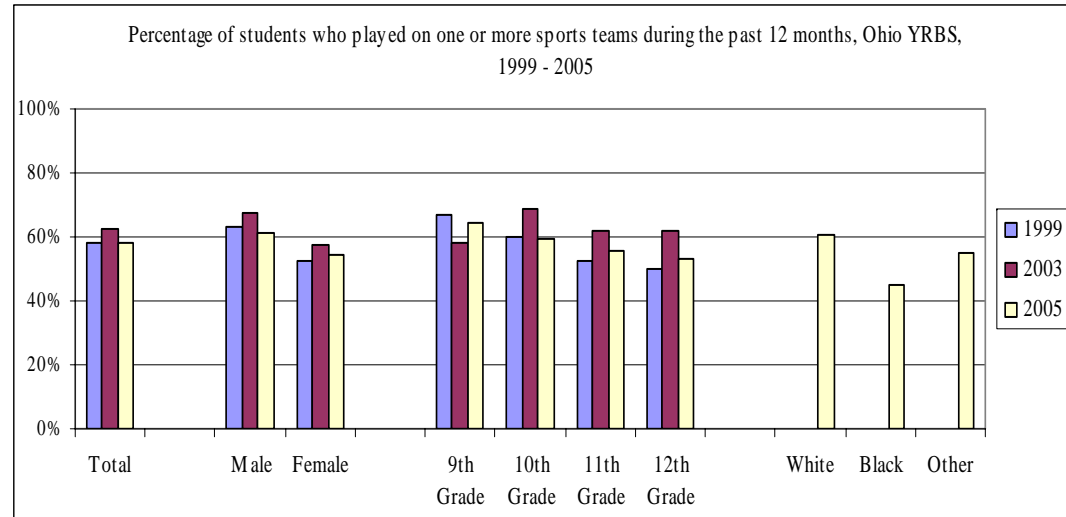
- **In 2005, most students reported exercising or playing sports for more than 20 minutes during an average physical education (PE) class.**
 - 81 percent of students who are enrolled in a PE class reported exercising or playing sports more than 20 minutes during an average PE class.
 - There were no significant differences in exercising or playing sports more than 20 minutes during an average PE class by gender, grade level or race.
- **There were no significant differences in exercising or playing sports more than 20 minutes during an average PE class between 1999 and 2005.**
- Percentages for students in the 11th and 12th grades were not reported due to small sample sizes. Many students in these grades do not take PE class.



● **Physical Activity: Sports Teams**

Q90 During the past 12 months, on how many sports teams did you play?

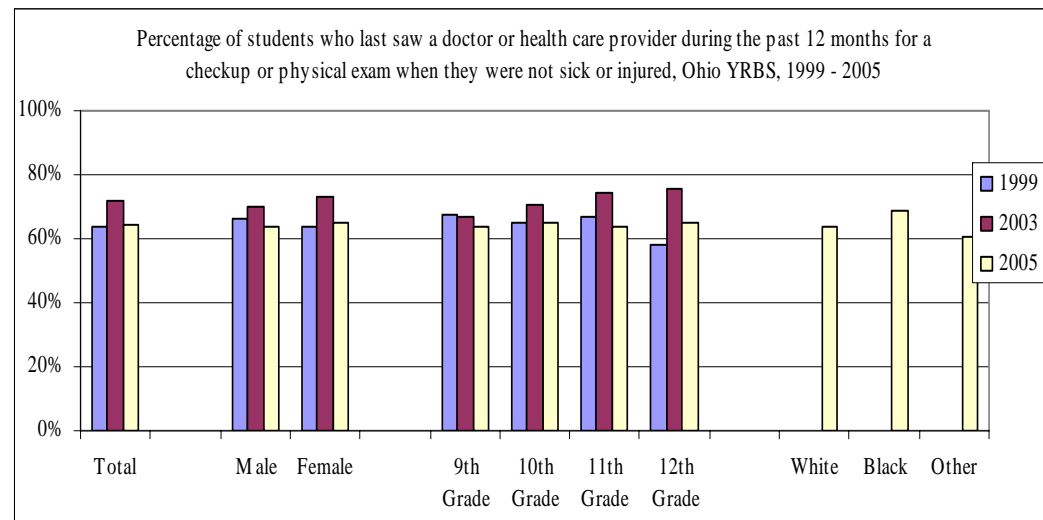
- **In 2005, more than one-half of students reported that they play on sports teams.**
 - 58.1 percent of students reported playing on one or more sports teams during the past 12 months.
 - There were no significant differences in playing on one or more sports teams by gender, grade level or race.
- **There were no significant differences in playing on one or more sports teams between 1999 and 2005.**



• Preventive Health Care: Office Visit

Q97 When was the last time you saw a doctor or health care provider for a checkup or physical exam when you were not sick or injured?

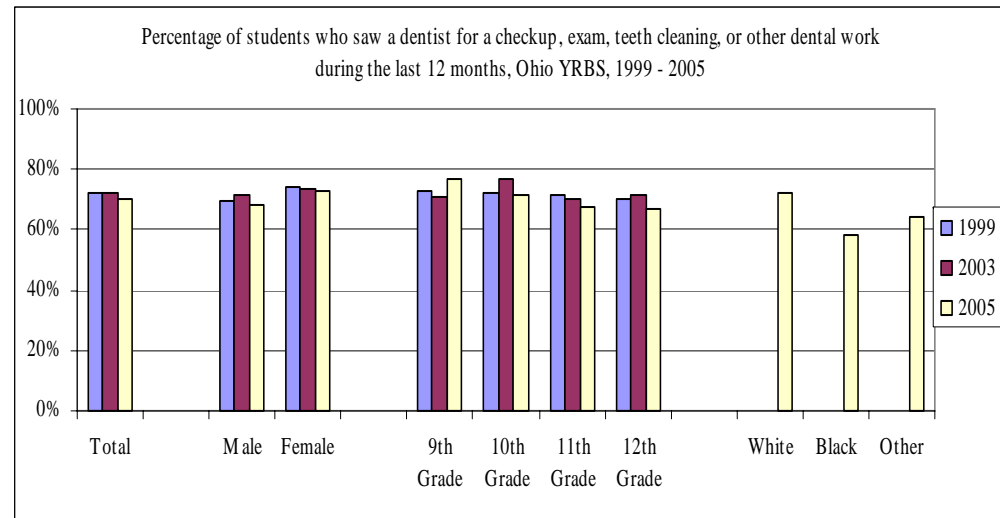
- **In 2005, almost two-thirds of students reported that they got a medical checkup in the past year.**
 - 64.3 percent of students reported seeing a doctor or health care provider during the past 12 months for a checkup or physical exam when they were not sick or injured.
 - There were no significant differences in seeing a doctor or health care provider when they were not sick or injured by gender, grade level or race.
- **There was no significant difference overall in the percentage of students who report getting a routine medical checkup in the past year between 1999 and 2005.**
 - A significant decrease was observed for female students who report getting a routine medical checkup between 2003 (73.4 percent) and 2005 (64.9 percent).



• Preventive Health Care: Dental Care

Q98 When was the last time you saw a dentist for a checkup, exam, teeth cleaning or other dental work?

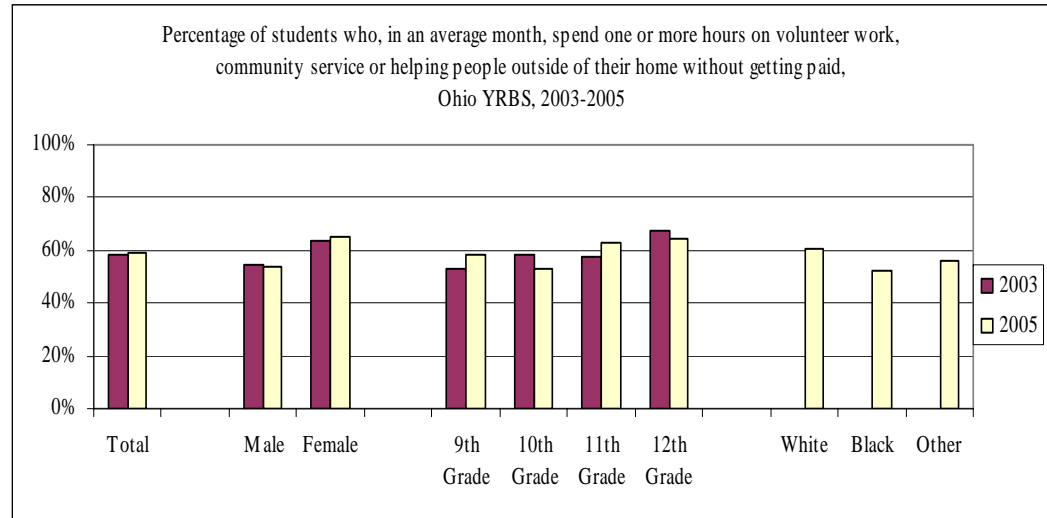
- **In 2005, most students reported that they got a dental checkup in the past year.**
 - 70.4 percent of students reported seeing a dentist for a checkup, exam, teeth cleaning or other dental work during the last 12 months.
 - There were no significant differences in visiting a dentist by gender, grade level or race.
- **There were no significant differences in getting a dental checkup in the past year between 1999 and 2005.**



● **Positive Youth Development: Volunteering**

Q30 In an average month, how many hours do you spend on volunteer work, community service or helping people outside of your home without getting paid?

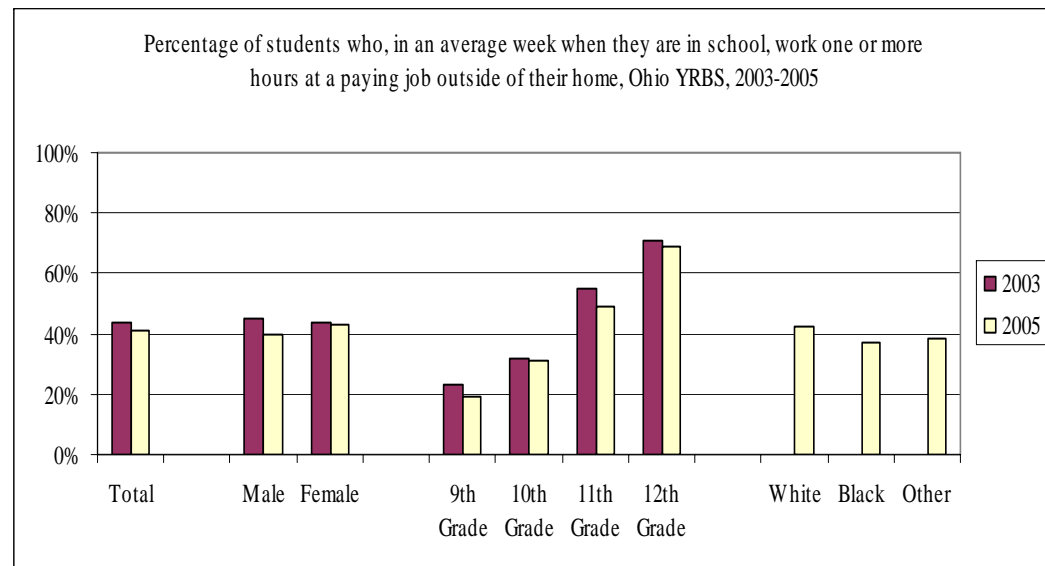
- **In 2005, more than one-half of students reported that they volunteer.**
 - 59.4 percent of students reported spending one or more hours in an average month on volunteer work, community service or helping people outside of their home without getting paid.
 - Females (65.1 percent) were significantly more likely than males (53.8 percent) to report volunteering.
 - There were no significant differences in volunteering by grade level or race.
- **There were no significant differences in volunteering between 2003 and 2005.**
- **This question was not asked in 1999.**



• Positive Youth Development: Paid Job

Q31 In an average week when you are in school, how many hours do you work at a paying job outside of your home?

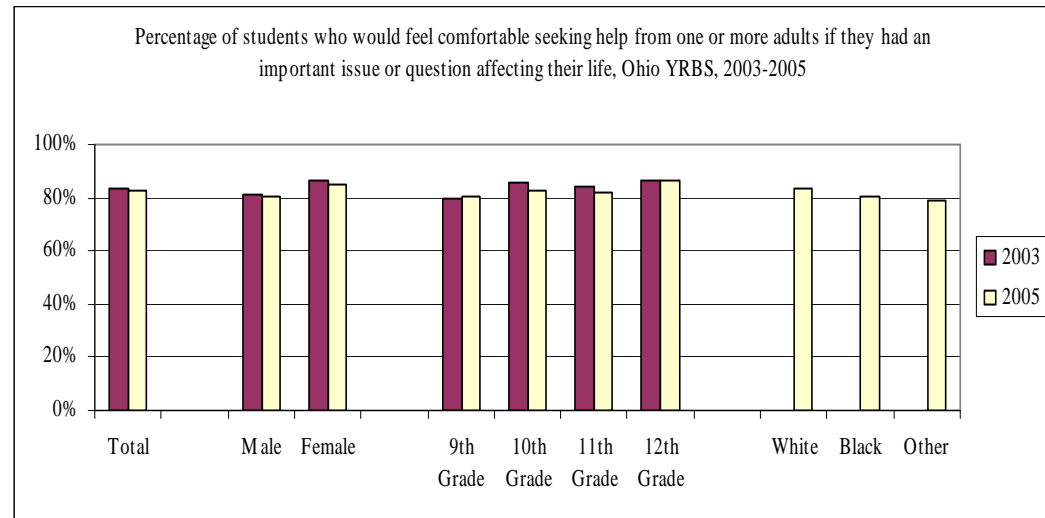
- **In 2005, less than one-half of students reported that they have a paying job.**
 - 41.3 percent of students reported working one or more hours at a paying job outside of their home, during an average week when they are in school.
 - Significant differences were observed between each grade level. With each subsequent grade level, students were significantly more likely to have a paying job than the previous grade level.
 - There were no significant differences in students with paying jobs by gender or race.
- **There were no significant differences in having a paying job between 2003 and 2005.**
- **This question was not asked in 1999.**



• Positive Youth Development: Adult Influence

Q32 How many adults would you feel comfortable seeking help from if you had an important issue or question affecting your life?

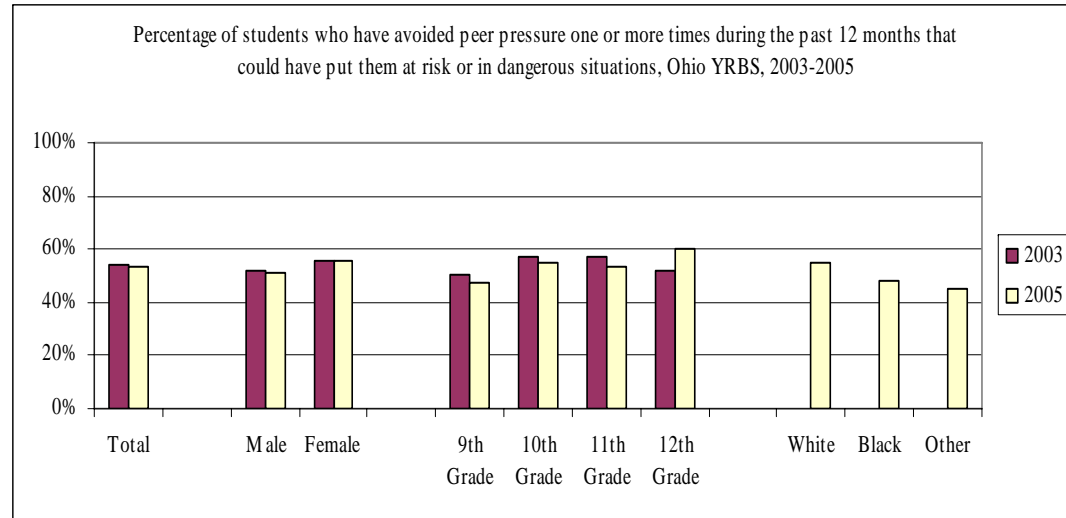
- **In 2005, most students reported that they feel comfortable seeking help from one or more adults.**
 - 82.8 percent of students reported that they would feel comfortable seeking help from one or more adults if they had an important issue or question affecting their life.
 - There were no significant differences in the percentage of students who reported having an influential adult to seek help from by gender, grade level or race.
- **There were no significant differences between 2003 and 2005.**
- **This question was not asked in 1999.**



• **Positive Youth Development: Peer Pressure**

Q33 During the past 12 months, how many times have you avoided peer pressure that could have put you at risk or in dangerous situations?

- **In 2005, approximately one-half of students reported that they avoided peer pressure.**
 - 53.5 percent of students reported that they have avoided peer pressure that would have put them at risk one or more times in the past 12 months.
 - Students in the 12th grade (59.8 percent) were significantly more likely than students in the ninth grade (47.5 percent) to have avoided peer pressure in the past 12 months.
 - There were no significant differences in avoiding negative peer pressure by gender or race.
- **There were no significant differences observed between 2003 and 2005.**
- **This question was not asked in 1999.**



• Positive Youth Development: Extracurricular Activities

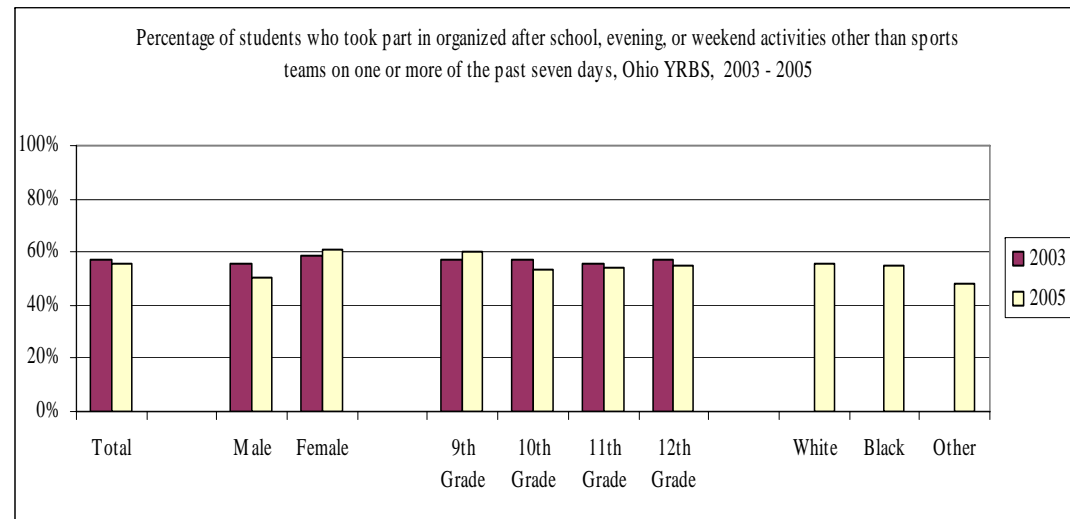
Q92 On how many of the past seven days did you take part in organized afterschool, evening, or weekend activities other than sports teams such as school clubs, community center groups, music/art/dance lessons, drama, church or other supervised activities?

- **In 2005, approximately one-half of students reported that they participate in extracurricular activities other than sports teams.**

- 55.6 percent of students reported that they took part in organized after school, evening or weekend activities (extracurricular activities) other than sports teams on one or more of the past seven days.

- There were no significant differences in participating in extracurricular activities by gender, grade level or race.

- **There were no significant differences between 2003 and 2005.**
- **This question was not asked in 1999.**

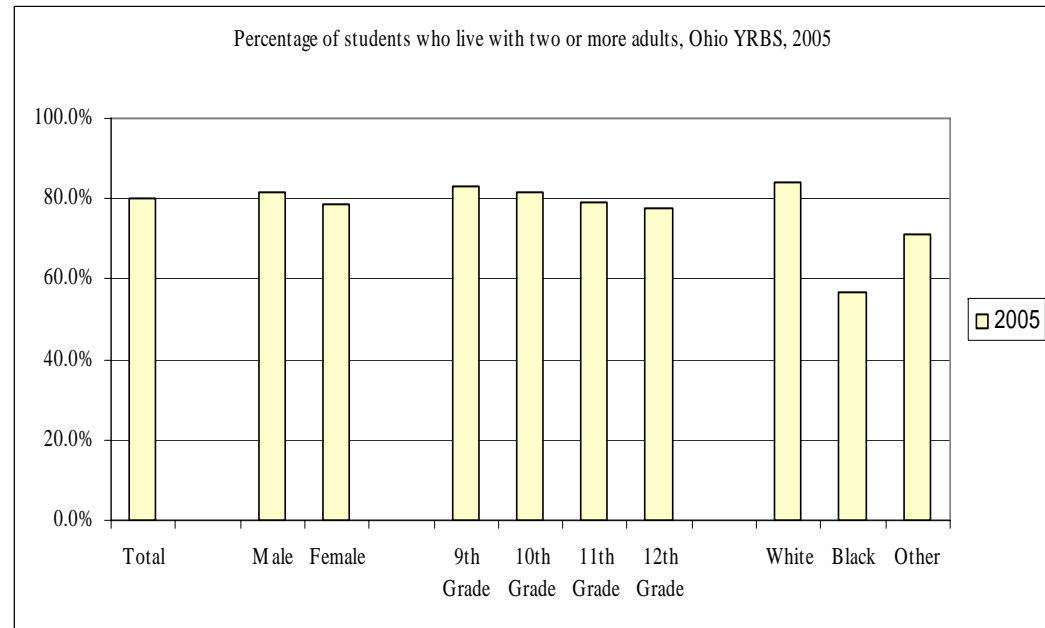


• Positive Youth Development: Family

Q5 How many adults live with you (such as parents, grandparents, uncles or aunts)?

- **In 2005, the majority of students reported that they live with two or more adults**

- 80.2 percent of students reported living with at least two adults.
- There were no significant differences in the number of adults a student lives with by gender or grade level.
- White students (84.1 percent) were significantly more likely to report that they lived with two or more adults than black students (55.6 percent) or students of other races (71.2 percent). There was no significant difference between black students and students of other races.

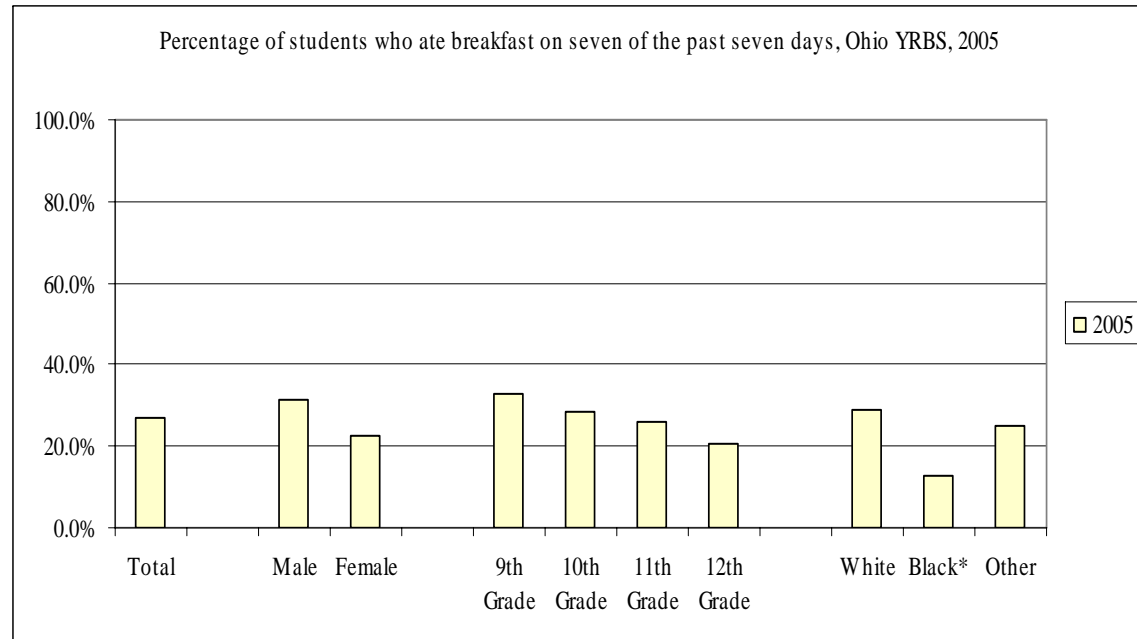


- **This question was not asked in 1999 or 2003.**

• **Nutrition: Breakfast**

Q85 On how many of the past seven days did you eat breakfast?

- **In 2005, more than one-fourth of students reported that they ate breakfast daily.**
 - 26.9 percent of students reported eating breakfast every day.
 - There was no significant difference in the percent of students who ate breakfast daily by gender or grade level.
- **This question was not asked in 1999 or 2003.**

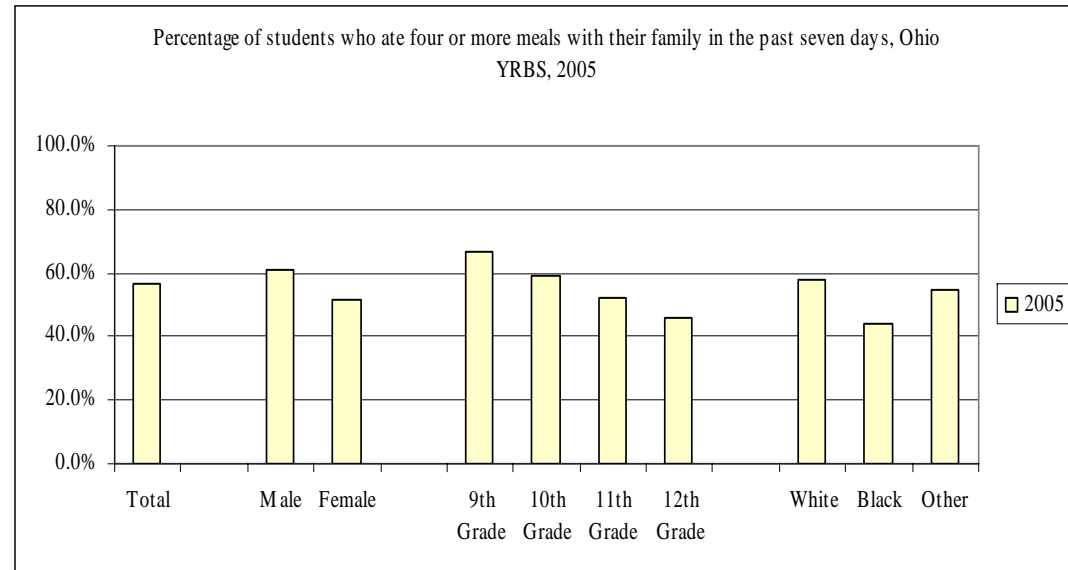


* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

• Positive Youth Development: Family Meals

Q86 During the past 7 days, how many meals did you eat at home with your family?

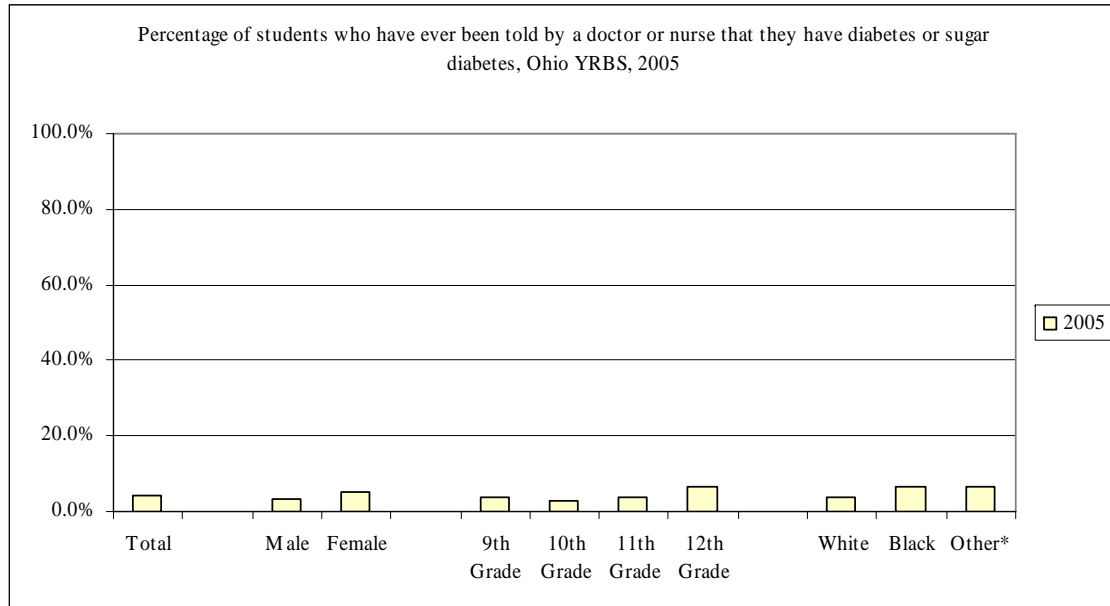
- **In 2005, more than 50 percent of students reported that they ate four or more meals with their family.**
 - 56.3 percent of students reported eating four or more meals with their family in the past seven days.
 - Significantly more students in the ninth grade (66.8 percent) ate four or more meals with their family than students in the 11th (52.3 percent) or 12th (45.9 percent) grades. Significantly more students in the 10th grade (58.9 percent) ate four or more meals with their family than students in the 12th grade.
 - There was no significant difference in the percentage of students who eat four or more meals with their family by gender or race.
- **This question was not asked in 1999 or 2003.**



● **Preventive Health Care: Diabetes**

Q96 Has a doctor or nurse ever told you that you have diabetes or sugar diabetes?

- **In 2005, most students reported that have not been told they have diabetes.**
 - 4.2 percent of students reported they have been told that they have diabetes or sugar diabetes.
 - There were no significant differences in the percentage of students told they have diabetes or sugar diabetes by gender, grade level or race.
- **This question was not asked in 1999 or 2003.**

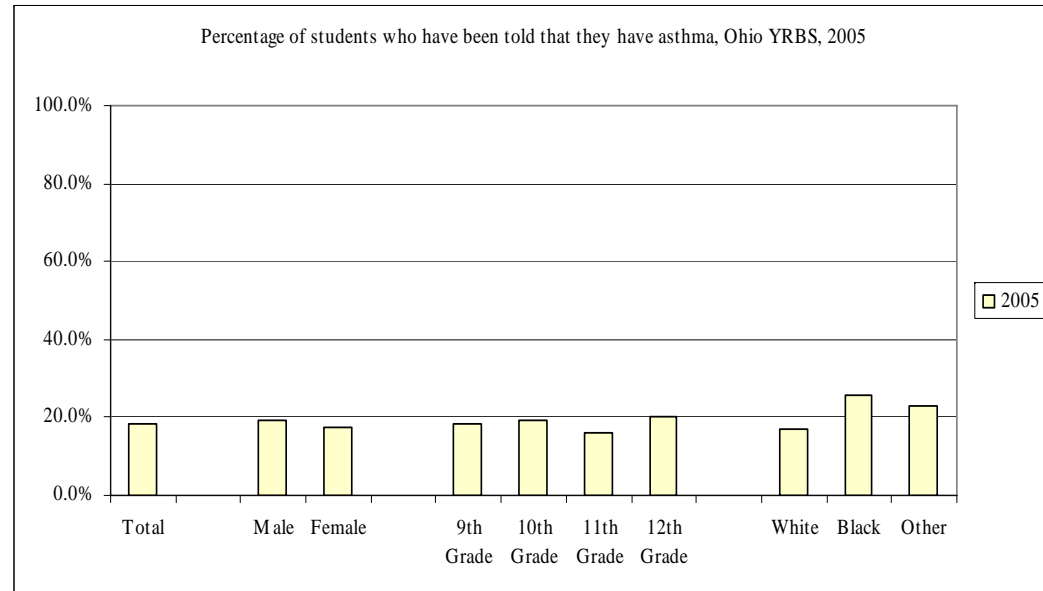


* The estimate may not be reliable. Significance not assessed for this variable.

• Preventive Health Care: Asthma

Q95 Has a doctor or nurse ever told you that you have asthma?

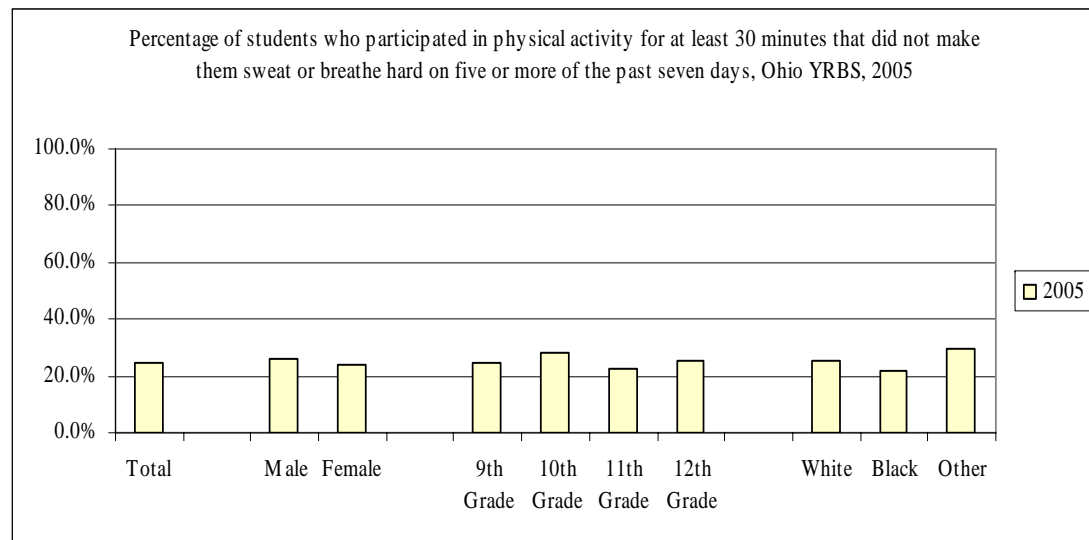
- **In 2005, less than one-fifth of students reported that they have been told that they have asthma.**
 - 18.4 percent of students reported that they had been told by a doctor or nurse that they had asthma.
 - There were no significant differences in the percentage of students with asthma by gender, grade level or race.
- **This question was not asked in 1999 or 2003.**



• Physical Activity: Exercising

Q88 On how many of the past seven days did you participate in physical activity for at least 30 minutes that did not make you sweat or breathe hard, such as fast walking, slow bicycling, skating, pushing a lawn mower or mopping floors?

- **In 2005, approximately one-fourth of students reported participating in a physical activity for at least 30 minutes that did not make them sweat or breathe hard on five or more of the past seven days.**
 - 24.9 percent of students participated in a physical activity for at least 30 minutes that did not make them sweat or breathe hard.
 - There were no significant differences in by gender, grade level or race.
- **This question was not asked in 1999 or 2003.**



• Sexual Behaviors: Abstaining From Sexual Intercourse

Q72 What is the main reason that you have not had sexual intercourse?

- In 2005, more than 40 percent of students reported that they have not had sexual intercourse because of their spiritual/moral values or because they are waiting until marriage.
 - 41.5 percent of students reported that they have not had sex due to moral/spiritual values or because they are waiting until marriage.
 - There were no significant differences by gender, grade level or race.
- This question was not asked in 1999 or 2003.

